OFFICIAL REPORT.

George P. Rowell & Co., the leading authority on newspaper information, says: "The Fort Wayne Sentinel, published at Fort Wayne, has the largest circulation accorded to any daily in Indiana, outside of Indianapolis.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Do not wait until Tomorrow, Read Latest News In the Sentinel Today.

ESTABLISHED 1833. SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1895. —PART FIRST— PRICE FIVE CENTS.

GEO. DeWALD & CO.

See Our Window

—FOR—

A SPECIAL BARGAIN

—IN—

Misses' and Children's Fast Black Stockings.

20 cent goods for 11c a pair.

GEO. DeWALD & CO.

LADIES!

We Have a Neat

$3.00

Lace, Tan or Black Shoe.

M. App

106 CALHOUN ST.

$48.50

ORGAN.

New High Top First Class Organ, warranted five years.

$148.00

PIANO.

New Upright Piano in use seven months at Ladies' Y. W. C. A.; will close it out for $148.00.

NEW PIANO.

$198.50.

Stands 4 ft. 8 in. high and warranted five years.

Arcade Music Store,

I. H. CASE, Mgr.

DRINK

EGG PHOSPHATE,
EGG CALISAGE,
VARARIA CHOCOLATE,
MEAD,
GINGER ALE

—AND—

ICE CREAM SODA

With Pure Fruit Juices at A. J. KELLER'S Popular Soda Fountain, Cor. Broadway and Washington Boulevard.

A. J. KELLER

DRUGGIST.

BRUDI'S NEW BLOCK.

J. G. THIEME & SON,

TAILORS.

The most complete line of Imported and Domestic Woolen for Spring in the city.

SUITS At

$20, $22, $25.

Worth $30.

All Work Guaranteed.

Call and examine our stock before you place your order.

CORNER

COLUMBIA

and CLINTON.

TYPHOID FEVER.

Epidemic Which Threatened Evansville is Checked.

One Hundred and Eight Cases Reported at One Time—Impure Water the Source of the Evil.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., June 15.—The epidemic of typhoid fever that has prevailed here with varying intensity for several weeks, has finally been checked by the efforts of the board of health and the city authorities sided by a citizen's committee of twenty-five appointed to work in conjunction with them in remedying the sanitary conditions of the city. The epidemic reached its highest point about four weeks ago, when for seven days 108 cases were reported to the health authorities. From that time the disease has gradually decreased until within the past three days, there have been no reports of new cases. It is believed the epidemic arose from the water supply which is drawn from an intake in the river several hundred feet below the output of a sewer and slough. The drainage from these has been diverted to a considerable distance below the intake, and since the disease began to disappear as quickly almost as it showed itself, the health officers now say that the disease is under control, that no new cases are being reported and that the city's health at this time is better than it has been during the summer for many years.

DISASTROUS FIRE.

Bridgeport the Scene of the Conflagration.

The Flames Start in the Basement of a Drug Store and Destroy $80,000 Worth of Property.

WHEELING, W. Va., July 15.—One of the most disastrous fires in the history of Bridgeport, Ohio, opposite this city, broke out in the Oglebay block at 8 o'clock this morning and the town being without fire apparatus was compelled to call on the Wheeling fire department. The fire started in the cellar of J. C. Dent & Co., wholesale and retail druggists, and from the inflammable nature of the contents the entire block was gutted and very little of the contents of the building were saved. Loss, $80,000; insurance, $40,000 The block is owned by E. W. Oglebay, of Cleveland, Ohio, and was but recently erected.

BLACK FLAGS OUT.

Threaten Annihilation to the Foreigners in Formosa.

The British Cruiser Spartan Lands a Number of Marines to Protect British Subjects.

HONG KONG, June 15.—News of a disquieting nature has been received here from the island of Formosa. It is stated that the black flags are threatening to cause serious trouble and that the foreigners on the island are in a critical condition. In view of this fact, the commander of the British cruiser Spartan has landed a detachment of marines and the British cruiser Rainbow has left here for the scene of trouble. A Japanese cruiser which was approaching Au Ping was fired upon without effect.

FIRE IN A HOTEL.

Several Inmates Narrowly Escape Cremation.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Fire broke out this morning about 9.30 o'clock in an European hotel on Pennsylvania avenue, next to Willard's hotel. The dames ran up the stairways almost immediately and burst from the windows of the third and fourth floors, cutting off all means of egress by the main stairway. Many of the guests were asleep at the time and four of them, including the daughter of the proprietor, J. E. Moylan, had their escape cut off from the stairs and fire escapes, but were finally rescued without injury by firemen. Most of the guests lost their effects. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss will not be large, being confined chiefly to damage to the hotel furnishings.

Price's Cream Baking Powder makes hot bread or pastry wholesome and enjoyable.

THE DALTON GANG

Infest Texas and Throw the Citizens Into Panic.

VICTORIA, Tex., June 15.—Excitement prevails over three counties, Victoria, Dewitt and Jackson, on account of the presence of supposed members of the Dalton gang who have been committing depredations on the borders of these counties for several weeks. Three sheriffs with posses are now hunting them down. One of Sheriff Steel's posse, from Dewitt county, has been shot by the outlaws.

To manufacturers like the Royal Baking Powder Company, the public is under a large debt of gratitude for the increased purity of articles of food sold at the present day. The reports of the official Government investigations of baking powders show the Royal to be stronger and purer than any other. It is quite evident that neither ingenuity, science nor expense can in any way improve upon the Royal Baking Powder as now before the public.

CARL BROWNE MARRIED.

The Goddess of Peace Becomes His Bride.

MASSILLON, Ohio, June 15.—Carl Browne and Miss Mamie Coxey, erstwhile Goddess of Peace of the commonweal, were secretly married last evening by Justice Folger. The bride and groom separated after the ceremony with the expectation of keeping the fact to themselves until the Fourth of July, when they will have another and a spectacular marriage in Washington. The groom is forty-five years of age and the bride eighteen.

NOT POSING FOR HONORS

Clark Objects to the Use of His Name as Vice President.

Will Not Run on a Ticket With President Cleveland Nor on One Which Has His Endorsement.

BUTTE, Mont., June 15.—In an interview today Hon. W. A. Clark, the wealthy mine owner and politician, states that association of his name with the vice presidency on a democratic ticket was news to him. "I am not posing for presidential honors, nor for any other political honor," said Mr. Clark. "In any event," he added, "I would not, as has been intimated, run on a ticket with President Cleveland or on one that had the indorsement or support of Cleveland." He also said he would not support the democratic ticket unless the party declared for free silver. Mr. Clark has always been declared as one of the administration democrats in this state, and his utterances create some surprise.

WHEAT SLUMPED.

July Options Drop Down Two and One-eighth Cents.

News From the Wheat Growing Counties is More Encouraging, Hence the Decline in Price.

CHICAGO, June 15.—Wheat slumped today, the July option closing at 74⅞c, or 2⅛c lower than last night. The immediate cause for the decline was the more favorable weather and better crop reports. The crop reports, particularly those from west of the Mississippi river, have improved steadily in that line during the last week and were responsible for much of the liberal selling of the last few days. The decline in July wheat for the last week has been six cents.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, June 15.—Wheat, June, 74⅞c; July, 74⅞c; Sept., 76@76⅛c; Dec., 77⅞c.

Corn, June, 48c; July, 48⅛c; Sept., 49⅞c; May, 42c bid.

Oats, June, 28⅛c; July, 29c; Sept., 28⅞c; May, 32½c.

Pork, June, $12.35; July, $12.45; Sept., $12.75 asked.

Lard, June, $6.50; July, $6.60@6.62; Sept. $6.70@5.82

Ribs, June, $6.25; July, $6.35; Sept., $6.55 bid.

NOTED SURGEON DEAD.

Dr. Henry Palmer's Lifeless Body Found in Bed.

JANESVILLE, Wis., June 15.—Dr. Henry Palmer was found dead in his bed today. The deceased was surgeon of the Iron Brigade during the civil war and at one time held the position of surgeon general of the National guards of Wisconsin. He was professor of surgery at the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Chicago and was surgeon of the Chicago and Northwestern road. The deceased served as surgeon in the Crimean war, he being in Europe at the time on a pleasure trip.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.

Henry S. Watson Fired Upon By Unknown Parties.

MOUNT STERLING, Ky., June 15.—An attempt was made here last night to assassinate Henry S. Watson, city councilman and owner of the city telephone. Mr. Watson says he started home about 11 o'clock, when someone stepped out of an alley and emptied a double barreled shot gun at him. He heard the clicks of the trigger in time to jump aside, and by this probably saved his life.

HIBBARD PROMOTED.

Made General Passenger Agent of the D. S. S. and A.

MARQUETTE, Mich., June 15.—George W. Hibbard, heretofore northern passenger agent of the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic road, has been promoted to the position of acting general passenger agent, vice B. H. Hibbard, who resigned to take the position of president of the Northern Adirondack road in New York. Mr. Hibbard's headquarters will be removed from Minneapolis to Marquette.

A HORRIBLE FALL.

An Arc Light Trimmer Instantly Killed.

AUSTIN, Tex., June 15.—Bert Searnight, an arc light trimmer, employed by the city, today fell from the top of a tower to the ground, a distance of one hundred and fifty feet. He was horribly mangled, dying instantly.

Health and economy demand the use of Dr. Price's Baking Powder, the purest and most wholesome made.

Dropped Dead in Office.

BALTIMORE, June 15.—H. H. Dalziles, collector of the port at Crisfield, Md., dropped dead in his office this morning.

The true test of a baking powder is well known to every housekeeper. It is to try it in making bread, cake, etc., and we are of the opinion that it will be impossible to remove from the minds of our housewives the conviction long ago formed from the application of this practical test, that the Royal does make the best, the most, and the most wholesome.

John Granger, an inmate of the Indiana School for Feeble Minded Youth, died yesterday of spinal meningitis and will be buried tomorrow.

SUNDAY CYCLING.

It Trends Towards Church Going, is Approved.

Synod of the Reformed Church of America Favors That Method of Attending Divine Services.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., June 15.—During the recent synod of the Reformed Church of America, at Grand Rapids, Mich., a dispatch was sent out saying that "a resolution was submitted condemning Sunday bicycle riding, especially the practice of church members riding to church." Rev. N. D. Williamson, pastor of the Reformed church of this city, who presented the resolution, says the dispatch is not true. He says. "There was nothing in the resolution to give even the color of truth to the statement. The resolution was really in the opposite direction."

ROBERT J'S FAST MILE.

Makes the Circuit of the Denver Track in 2:06.

DENVER, June 15.—Fully 7,000 persons journeyed to Overland park yesterday afternoon and were well entertained. The day was perfect. Ed Geers was the most popular reinsman at the course. He won two of the three harness races and drove the pacing champion, Robert J., 2:01½, a mile in 2.06, each half alike.

First race, 2:17 trot, purse, $800—Anthanio, first; Troublesome, second; Lizzie S., third. Time—2:18, 2.16, 2:15¾.

Second race, 2.28 pace; purse, $800—Keen Cutter, first; Athal Wilkes, second; Tom Johnson, third. Time—2.23, 2:21¾, 2:20, 2:20¾.

Third race, free-for-all pace; purse, $800—Hal Pointer, first; Flying Jib, second; W. W. P., third. Time—2:14½, 2.10½.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, June 15.—Yesterday was the closing day at Nutwood Park. The summaries:

2:20 pace—Purse $500. Afrute, first; Carriebe, second, Frank Potts, third; Davy B. and Clear Grit distanced. Time—2:15½, 2:18½, 2:20½.

2.35 trot—Purse $500. Purdell, first, Pattie Clark, second, Tilver Tip, third. Time—2:24, 2:22 2:22, 2:21.

Free-for-all trot—Purse $500. Phoebe Wilkes, first, Maud C., second; Kentucky Union, third, Senator A., fourth. Time—2:10½, 2:14½, 2:12¾, 2.17¾.

PORT HURON, Mich., June 15.—The track and weather was in the best of condition yesterday for the last day of the races. The track record of 2:19 was cut to 2:16½ by Bullmont in the 2.10 pacing race. The results:

2:24 pacing—Purse $300. Dixie Van won in three straight heats. Time—2:23½, 2:24½, 2.23½ Billy Broncho, Clyto, Belle Chapman, Flora A., Lelah W., Tartar Chief and Fred W. also started.

2 10 trot or pace—Purse $300. Bullmont took three straight heats and the race. Time—2:18½, 2 17¾, 2.16½ Cleveland S., Proctor, Great Heart, Maggie J., Sallie Bronson and Watch Eye also started

2:20 trotting—Purse $300 Loretta B. took first, second and fourth heats and race. Time—2·26¼, 2 24½, 2:23½, 2 21½ Dick French took third heat in 2:21½ King Forest also started.

FIVE BRUTES ARRESTED.

They Are Guilty of a Heinous Crime and Must Suffer.

CHADRON, Neb., June 15.—Deputy United States Marshal Robinson has arrested five Indians, charged with abducting a fourteen year-old girl on her way from the mission school and keeping her in the brush all night. The Indian police court, recognized by the interior department, had tried them and fined them one horse apiece for the offense. This did not satisfy Robinson and he at once arrested them and will endeavor to have them punished. These occurrences are very common.

Price's Cream Baking Powder is the guide of young matrons. One teaspoonful equal in value to three of cheap stuff.

DEAD BODIES FOUND.

Three Negroes Lose Their Lives in the Cacti Desert.

MAPIAMI, Mex., June 15.—The bodies of three negroes have been found on the barren plains north of here. The remains are those of colonists who were brought here from Alabama several months ago. They escaped from the colony, and in their attempt to reach the United States became lost in the cacti desert and are supposed to have perished for lack of food and water.

As a matter of useful information it may be stated that whenever a cooking receipt calls for a baking powder the "Royal" should be used. The receipt will be found to work better and surer, and the bread, biscuit, rolls, cakes, dumplings, crusts, puddings, crullers or whatever made, will be sweeter, lighter, finer-flavored, more dainty, palatable and wholesome.

HELD FOR RANSOM.

Wealthy Miss Crichfield in the Hands of Unscrupulous Parties.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 15.—May Belle Crichfield, the fifteen year old daughter of Mrs Mary J. Crichfield, of this city, and heiress to considerable property, has been missing from her home since Wednesday afternoon. Fears are entertained that she is being held for ransom or to secure some of her property.

FATAL EXPLOSION.

Six Men Killed and a Building Badly Wrecked.

BOSTON, June 15.—A boiler explosion at the Red Car Iron works, near Guisborough, Yorkshire, today, resulted in the death of six persons and serious injuries to eighteen others. Three of the injured persons died later in the day making a total of nine killed.

THE BRIDGE FELL

And Fifteen People Went Down With It.

Seven of Them More or Less Seriously Injured—List of the Unfortunates.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., June 15.—To-day while a crowd of people and a number of railway employes were on the east end of the old Chicago and West Michigan railway bridge, which is now no longer used for regular railway traffic, the foot passenger part gave way, and fifteen or twenty people were precipitated to the rocks below, a distance of fifteen feet. No one was killed, but a number were injured, as follows:

Michael Devos, sixty-two years, cut over the right eye and injured internally.

John Devos, his son, right ankle sprained.

Frank White, right knee cap broken.

Henry Wylie, brakeman, right wrist broken and right hip sprained.

Henry Hunder, sixty seven years, chest injured.

Jacob Quint, seven years, right foot broken.

E. L. Beekman, conductor, left wrist and right arm sprained and bruised.

The railway men were at work with pile driver which stood on the bridge, and the other people were watching the job. Ambulances took the injured to the hospitals or to their homes.

Price's Cream Baking Powder was fitly honored by highest awards at the World's and Midwinter Fairs.

LOCAL LINES.

Gus S. Jones, of Cleveland, is at the Randall.

Mrs. P. C. Sneed, of Garrett, and Miss Zollars, of Huntington were in the city yesterday.

James Hamilton entertained a number of his friends with a tennis party yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Dr. Brock, of Columbus, Ohio, is the guest of her of her niece, Mrs. Rev. R. D. Spellman, of East Berry street.

Dr. and Mrs. J. D. Coyle will leave Monday for Detroit to attend the dental convention, and will remain until Friday.

The Young Men's society of the Zion Lutheran church will give an ice cream social in their school ground next Friday evening.

Mrs. G. W. Mudd and sons left for Springfield, Ill., this morning, after a few days sojourn, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. V. Shaver, 173 Superior street.

This morning Louis Schmidt, of No. 169 Eliza street, badly mashed his finger. The pain caused him to faint and he fell into a pile of scrap iron and badly cut his face.

The health authorities of a number of states have recently made exhaustive examinations of the baking powders with the uniform result of finding the Royal superior to all others.

Tomorrow afternoon the City band will give a grand free concert at Centlivre park on account of the arrival of an excursion party over the Findlay road, which will reach this city tomorrow morning.

Because of the failing health of his wife Architect Ordway has made arrangements to return to Battle Creek, Mich., but will be in the city as occasion may require to attend to the completion of work in hand.

By sheer force of pluck and shrewdness the Japanese are driving the Chinese merchants out of the Hawaiian Islands and taking their places. These Japanese are not barbarians. They are more civilized than we are in some respects. If Japan secures that supremacy in the Hawaiian Islands which the United States so far does not seem to care to assume, it will mean, first, the transfer of a great trade from the United States to Japan. Next, with Japan looming up larger and larger among the world's great nations, nothing is more certain than that, when she thinks the time is ripe, she will reach out and take possession of Hawaii. At least she will try to.

When Chicago wanted to spread out, she spread out, and that was all there was to it. When she wanted the World's fair, she reached out and took it, and that was the end of it. When New York wanted the World's fair, she fussed around and lost her chance, perhaps because she didn't really know whether she wanted it or not. Now she has been trying for several years to spread out, but somehow little has been done except a lot of talking. Chicago is smokier than New York, but that is not all the difference between the two cities.

Some persons are occasionally puzzled to know the difference between gymnastics and athletics. Gymnastics consist of systematic physical exercise undertaken indoors or in a gymnasium, while athletics is a term applied only to such physical exercise as is taken out of doors, such as rowing, various games of physical skill, climbing, walking, running, etc.

Some years ago the manufacturing firm of Proctor & Gamble at Ivorydale, near Cincinnati, established the system of dividing with their employees a certain share of the profits of the business. During six months recently, in the midst of the depression all around them, the workmen received 6 per cent of their wages in dividends.

MISS GERTRUDE GREENE

Gives the Reasons Why She Was Not Graduated

With the '95 Class of the Fort Wayne High School—Claims She Was Entitled So to Do.

EDITOR SENTINEL:

In last night's issue I read there were thirty-four graduated from the High school at the Masonic Temple. Had there been justice done, it should have read thirty five, for I have well earned the reward of graduation.

I was a member of the senior class all year and always prepared all lessons assigned the various classes to which I belonged, never missed an examination, and up to Christmas I had not been absent a day. Since then I have involuntarily broken my record of punctuality by a few short absences, but I have always made up the lessons missed by such absences.

I have never been given just credit in recitations, and had I not known all year that teachers are as apt to make mistakes as scholars and that there was nothing to hinder them from putting down against my name any per cent. from 1 up to 100, long ago would I have given up the work and counted myself and my work a failure.

I do not think there is a scholar in that graduating class who can truthfully say: "We all earned the right to have our names on the program, to occupy a seat on the stage at the Temple and to receive our diplomas, but she did not."

If there is any such scholar in the class I would like to hear from that scholar, but as far as I know all members of the class and everybody else were surprised not to see my name among the graduates.

My per cents. in the ward schools will show that I had always been at or near the head of my class, so why should I not now receive even an almost just per cent.?

I have received a letter saying that I have not successfully passed and could not graduate, even if I stood 100 per cent. in this year's work, on account of deficiencies in the junior grade. Now, anybody knows that I could not have been put in the senior class last fall if not qualified.

It is evident that it has all been prearranged that I should not be acknowledged before the public as a graduate and the contrivers of this plan have been successful so far, but I now wish the public to understand that I have successfully finished the four grades of the Fort Wayne high school and that my name justly belongs among the graduates of the Latin course.

Yours Respectfully,
ELLEN GERTRUDE GREENE,
32 Home avenue.

Perfection and precision in work are characteristics of Dr. Price's Baking Powder. Also best results

BUY A TICKET.

Send a Newsboy to Rome City for a Day's Outing.

The Newsboys' union held a big meeting last evening and each lad was given a ticket to sell for 50 cents. The trip proposed for the boys would ordinarily cost each one of them about $2 but through the courtesy of Mr. Hunter, of the Grand Rapids and Indiana, and the reduced rates obtained at the hotel in Rome City, the boys are enabled to get through on 50 cents each for the trip, including dinner, lunch and a steam boat ride.

The Gazette this morning says: "The citizens who remember the screaming, scrambling, wildly excited procession of barefooted, towseled headed little fellows that marched to the Grand Rapids train last spring, will smile good naturedly when they hear that the newsboys are going to Rome City again, probably Thursday of next week. The newspapers of the city have agreed to pay half the expense. Tickets will be sold to defray the rest. These tickets, costing 50 cents, are of a peculiar kind. They entitle the purchaser to stay at home and feel good for a week, because he has done somebody else a great deal of good, and entitles the newsboys who sell them to a trip to Rome City, a dinner, a boat ride and one whole, glorious day of unmolested fun. When these peculiar tickets are offered for sale no one should refuse a purchase."

These tickets can also be obtained at any of the daily newspaper offices.

The Royal Baking Powder maintains its vigorous hold on the public, and is active and aggressive against the impure and injurious baking powders palmed off on the people. In this task it is performing a good work for honest and unadulterated food products.

WAS FLAG DAY.

Sion S. Bass Post, No. 40, G. A. R. Observes the Occasion.

Sion S. Bass post, No 40, G. A. R. celebrated the anniversary of the adoption of the American flag, at their hall last evening and were visited by Anthony Wayne post, No. 271, in a body. After the regular business of the evening, the ladies of the W. R. C. were invited to join them.

Short speeches were made by Comrades John Soliday, Medsker, McClellan, Ligget, Beaber, Newcomer, Peter Johnson, Crull and Moore, of Sion S. Bass post, Dougal, Lumbard, Ogle, Dodge and McCurdy, of Anthony Wayne post, while the W. R. C. was well represented by Mrs. Kintz, Sawtell, Briggs and Hilton.

A beautiful twenty five foot flag was dropped from the center of the east end of the hall, where hung a large picture of Col. Sion S. Bass, of the 30th Indiana Infantry, and two strands of colors, one on each side of the altar, represented "Old Glory," and no one was allowed to speak unless they stood between the flags. It was an evening pleasantly passed and enjoyed by all present.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS.

Those Who Have Been Called to Their Reward.

The Funeral of the Late Capt. J. C. Whiting Postponed Until Monday Afternoon—Others.

Herman Smith died at 1 o'clock this morning at the home of this aunt, 88 West Washington street. He has made his home in Denver, Col., for some time past, but, his health failing, he returned here to be with his relatives. The funeral announcement will be made later.

MARTIN.

Miss Nina Martin, daughter of Diedrick Martin, janitor of the Emanuel Lutheran church, died at her home, 57 Wall street last night of consumption. She was twenty-eight years of age. The funeral will be held Tuesday afternoon, Rev. Gross officiating.

WOEBKE.

Florence, the five months'-old daughter of Henry Woebke, died of spasms at the residence, 84 West Lewis street, last night. The funeral will be held Monday afternoon, at 1.30, from the residence.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of the late Capt. J. C. Whiting will be held Monday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of Mrs. Rose Whiting, 544 East Wayne street, Rev. Dannecker conducting the services.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Bridget Quinn took place this morning at 9 o'clock, from the residence, 13 East Williams street, and at 9.30 from St. Patrick's Catholic church.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Julia A. Gridley occurred this afternoon from the Washington township home of Thomas Fleming. The interment will be at Lindenwood.

The funeral of the late Ida Nieman will be held at the home of her father, No. 23 Maumee avenue, at 1 o'clock tomorrow and 1:30 o'clock from the St. Mary's Catholic church.

THE WEEK'S DEATHS.

The following are the deaths for the week ending June 15, as reported by the city undertakers:

Lizzie Dondero, 1 day, exhaustion.
Ida Nieman, 16 years, consumption.
Edith Kruger, 1 year, convulsions.
B. W. Sharp, 6 years, drowning.
Florence Wiebke, 5 months, spasms.
Minnie Martin, 28 years, consumption.
William Carpenter, 4 years, diphtheria.
Child of Frank X. Brucker, 8 days, spasms.
Joseph B. Miller, 81 years, old age.
Charlotte M. Roger, 9 days, liver complaint.
Irene M. Ryan, 16 days, spasms.
Bridget Quinn, 80 years, old age.
Julia Gridley, 85 years, old age.
Herman Smith, 35 years, blood poison.

Higher than all others at the great Fairs ranked Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. First award at Chicago and San Francisco.

EPWORTH LEAGUES.

Large Numbers of Them Will Go to Angola.

The district convention of the Epworth League will be held at Angola on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week and a large dumber of leaguers from this city will attend, each of the societies of the five Methodist churches sending delegates, and many others going to hear and participate in the proceedings. To accommodate those who attend Rev. Stewart, the pastor of the St. Paul church, has chartered a special train, under the auspices of the Epworth League of his church, and the delegates from all the other societies have signified their intention of going in this train. It will leave over the Lake Shore railroad at 3 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, reaching Angola at 4.30, and the fare for the round trip will be $1.25. The ticket will be good on any regular train returning until and including the 20th.

The action of the San Francisco Board of Health is an unusual tribute to be paid even to an article of so high a character as the Royal Baking Powder. They say, in their judgment, "it is impossible to make a purer or stronger baking powder than the Royal."

DO NOT BE DECEIVED.

Ask For What You Want and Insist on Getting it.

There are a few dealers in this city who do not handle those popular favorites, "F. G." and "Frank's Choice," who, when their patrons call for these brands insist on giving them some other cigar, saying "it is just as good." Do not be deceived. This is done because "F. G." and "Frank's Choice" are high priced 5c goods, and by giving you some other brand a much larger profit goes into the pocket of the dealer. If you are merely smoking to enrich the merchant, take the other brand, if you are not, go to some first-class dealer, where you are always sure to find the favorites, "F. G." and "Frank's Choice."

Wash bowls and pitchers for 37c each, worth 60c, on sale at Lathrop & Co's, Wednesday morning, June 19, '95. 15 18

CAPTURE MORE HOBOS.

Sheriff and Police Officers Bring in Another Gang.

Jennie Boyles Sent to Jail for the Fourth Time This Spring—A Serious Charge.

There was a motely crew of hobos up before the mayor this morning. Yesterday afternoon Sheriff Clausmeier, Officers Phipps and Hines went out west of the city along the Pennsylvania railway and captured a gang of tramps who were annoying the residents of that locality. This morning they gave their names as Fred Thompson, James Wesley, Charles Goetz, Martin Frier, Thomas Hayes, Jos. Hun and Ed Jackson. The two latter were gentlemen from Boston, so they claimed, and had money to pay their way to Chicago. They were let go, as were three others of the gang, who told straightforward stories.

Jennie Boyles, a young girl who has already served three terms in the county jail this spring for prostitution, was up on trial again, having been arrested near the Lindenwood cemetery yesterday. The girl's parents live at Woodburn, Ind., and are said to be very respectable people. The girl, if cleaned up and dressed in stylish clothes, would be a handsome woman. The officers will endeavor to have her sent to her parents.

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

Frank Craig, of Allen county, was arrest at Roanoke yesterday and lodged in the Huntington county jail on a charge of criminally assaulting Melissa P. Hyser, the eleven-year old daughter of Mrs. Phoebe Walters, of Huntington. Dora Ploughman, arrested in Fort Wayne a few days ago, testified against Craig.

BOARD OF WORKS.

They Met Last Night and Awarded a Number of Contracts.

The board of public works transacted considerable business last evening at their regular meeting.

Fred Oetting was awarded the contract for building a sidewalk on Fourth street, in Bloomingdale. The contract for a sidewalk on Herman street and for the grading of the street were let to George Wilhelm. The contract for the sewer on Pontiac street went to W. H. Oetting. Julius Remus was the lowest bidder for the sewer in Eckart's addition and was awarded the contract.

The following resolutions were approved: For a sidewalk on the south side of Allen street, from Calhoun to Clinton. For grading Allen street from Calhoun to Lafayette. For a sidewalk on the west side of Cass street, from First street to the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway tracks.

The question of the opening of Fifth street through the Lake Shore yards was laid over until the meeting on July 12.

The assessment roll for the sewer in the alley between Erie and Liberty streets was approved.

The board instructed the clerk to notify Joseph Fox to fulfill his contract for the building of a sidewalk on Fox street, under penalty of forfeiture of the contract.

The engineer was instructed to prepare plans and specifications for grading the alley between Butler and Williams streets, west of Calhoun.

WILL COME HERE.

Northern Indiana Editorial Association Chooses Fort Wayne.

Yesterday afternoon at its meeting, at Logansport, the Northern Indiana Editorial association decided to meet next year in Fort Wayne. W. D. Page and C. D. Tillo attended the meeting and extended an invitation on behalf of the Commercial club. The decision to come here was unanimous. The following officers were elected:

President—J. B. Stoll, South Bend.

Vice-President—F. H. Willis, of Waterloo.

Second Vice-President—Mrs. Daniel McDonald, of Plymouth.

Recording Secretary—Mrs. J. E. Sutton, of Logansport.

Corresponding Secretary—Miss Josie Page, of Fort Wayne.

Purity, strength, economy, are the provinces over which Price's Cream Baking Powder is regnant.

TO PATROL THE COAST.

Spain Will Purchase More Vessels for Cuban Service.

MADRID, June 15.—The royal assent was given today to the bill adopted by the senate on Wednesday last, authorizing the government to raise in case of need a loan of 600,000,000 pesos on account of Cuba. It is believed that vessels will be purchased abroad and sent to Cuba in order to more thoroughly patrol the coast of that island. A law has been gazetted suspending the redemption of the Cuban notes of 1890, in order to defray the expenses of the war.

The Royal Baking Powder is the greatest of the modern time helps to perfect cooking and every receipt requiring a raising ingredient should embody it.

NO SLUGGING ALLOWED.

Otherwise the Seaside Athletic Sports Will Go On.

BROOKLYN, June 15.—After a conference with John O'Rourke, president of the Seaside Athletic club, Corporation Counsel McDonald said today that if no decision was given today by Judge Gaynor on the application for a mandamus to compel the granting of a license to the Seaside Athletic club, the exhibition set down for tonight would go on, but that the police would be notified to take action and promptly arrest any one violating the law by slugging. Otherwise there will be no interference with the exhibition.

A NEW TRIAL

Given "The Sentinel" in Its Case With Harvey Tracey.

The Verdict of the Jury is Set Aside—New Indictments Returned by the Grand Jury.

In the superior court this morning, in the case in which Harvey Tracey received a judgment against THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL for $500 on account of an alleged libelous publication, Acting Judge T. E. Ellison, before whom the case was tried, set the verdict of the jury aside and granted the defendant a new trial. Henry Colerick, the attorney for THE SENTINEL, offered sixteen reasons why a new trial should be granted.

The most important ones were that the court had erred in giving instructions to the jury and that the court had erred in refusing to permit the defendant to prove that a retraction had been made, within a few days after, of the alleged libelous publication. The other grounds were merely technical.

The motion was not argued at length, although both counsel were present, Judge Ellison cutting the argument short by saying that he felt that under all the circumstances the case had not been properly tried and the verdict of the jury ought not to stand.

Thereupon he granted the motion for a new trial and set the verdict of the jury aside.

If the case is ever tried again, it will not be until late next fall.

GRAND JURY INDICTMENTS.

The grand jury this morning were discharged, after having returned the following indictments:

John Stone and John Duffy, assault and battery with intent to murder H. S. Harrod. These are the two tramps who were implicated in the shooting affair at the east yards, in which both Officer Harrod and the tramp, Walrath, were shot.

Harry White and Thomas Shreldo, assault and battery with intent to kill. These were the two tramps engaged in the shooting affair on the Pittsburg railroad some time ago.

Ned McKinnor, petit larceny, for stealing from Charles Evans.

Geo. W. Holmes and John Dunlap, for forgery.

The jury reported the county jail in a miserable sanitary condition and recommended better sewerage and improvement of the condition of the cells.

DAVIS STILL IN JAIL

Waiting for the Help Which Never Came.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15.—There are no new developments in regard to J. C. Davis, of Rochester, N. Y., who was arrested here for forgery two days ago. Davis is still in jail, expecting that his father-in-law will come to his relief and make good the amounts he collected on forged drafts, but so far as known no such assistance has reached him yet.

LAZZARONE WINS

In the Great Race at Sheepsheads Bay.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY, June 15.—A better day for the suburban could not have been desired. Lazzarone won the race by one length.

KILLED IN A WRECK.

Mrs. Nelson Byers and Her Grandson, Nelson Allen.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., June 15.—Mrs. Nelson Byers, aged fifty-six years, wife of a well known lumberman, and her grandson, Nelson Allen, aged four years, the latter of Buffalo, were killed today in an accident on the Williamsport passenger railroad.

The Trades and Labor council met in regular session last night and commenced active preparations for the entertainment of the State Federation of Labor which convenes here next fall. The recent fair has provided a fund for this purpose. John L. Sessler, John Brunskill and Levi Bender were appointed committee for arrangements and given full charge of the preparations. The committee will meet next Sunday.

Samuel Hersey, who has been running an engine on the Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City for sixteen years, has been relieved on account of color blindness. In recognition of his long and faithful service he will be given a position in the shops. Several other engineers and firemen have been dropped as one of the results of the Toledo oculist's trip over the line.

Palatial homes and cozy cottages insist upon the purest and best—Price's Cream Baking Powder.

The city board of health is coming in for a good share of censure these days for general inactivity. The board has not had a meeting for so long they have almost forgotten each others faces. The bacteriological department, however, goes merrily on and Dr. Drayer, within the past few weeks, has analyzed nearly 200 specimens of milk, to say nothing of well water.

Whenever the government wants the most trustworthy article and the best in quality it prefers the Royal, as this brand was found to be superior to all others in leavening power by the official chemical tests made at the instance of the government, in the agricultural department, at Washington.

Try a package of Jamocha Blend Coffee. It is simply excellent. 15 66

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

Do you DESIRE to make

MONEY?

Our Plans of Operation
ASSURE
ABSOLUTE SAFETY OF INVESTMENT.

Dividends Payable Monthly.

Principles of LIFE INSURANCE and BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS Superseded.

$10 to $5,000 — Can be invested with safety. Will convince any reasonable person that this is a truthful statment.

Business Boom. — The long looked for business revival is at hand Every indication in the financial world signifies an advance in values Prior to May 1 prices of everything were at or below the cost of production. Will you join the procession and reap the benefits of this boom.

Responsible. Safe. Conservative — Will establish these facts by refering to some of the leading banks and Trust Companies of our city.

25 per cent per Month. — Our past success justifies us in stating that we feel assured of our ability to pay a monthly dividend of 25 per cent or more on all investments

INVESTIGATE. — If you want to make money, all we ask is for you to investigate our new and original methods Will guarantee to convince the most skeptical.

Full particulars sent free on application. Representatives Wanted

Co-operative Trading Ass'n,
215 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.

All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children will greatly favor and assist the Fort Wayne Humane Society by telephoning or writing such information to Officer Schlaudroff, 89 Clinton street Telephone F 79.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

SATURDAY, JUNE 15 1895

The cool wave of last night and today was most welcome May it continue for awhile.

Hon. John B. Stoll says he will not be a candidate for lieutenant governor. His name has been frequently mentioned in connection with the nomination.

The Brookville Democrat flaunts a double-leaded editorial this week, booming Governor Matthews for the democratic nomination for president in 1896

The next meeting of the Northern Indiana Editorial association will be held in this city, and our newspaper men will entertain the members of the association royally. They know how to do it.

No man or woman, by the humblest thought, can really be strong, gentle, pure and good without the world being better for it, without somebody being helped and comforted by the very existence of that goodness

John Rekel, of Richmond, indicted for shooting Jacob Ninner with intent to kill, was acquitted upon the ground that he was insane. A commission was then called to pass upon his mental condition, and he was found to be sane. And now Rekel is probably trying to determine what his mental condition really is

Real friendship should not be glass threads or frostwork, but the most solid thing we know. The friend the heart longs for is an honest, loyal, helpful soul that lives and feels and suffers, dares, yet does not change, steadfast amid good report and evil report, true in word, in deed, tender in weakness, generous in pain

The Local Newspaper.

In his address before the Northern Indiana Editorial association, held at Logansport this week, Hon. John B. Stoll, editor of the South Bend Times, and president of the association, had the following to say about the local newspaper:

"Twenty five years ago the newspaper was supposed to be published for the sole purpose of furthering the political ambitions of a certain class, and to abuse those opposed to them. Now such things are not tolerated. There should be a closer relationship between the press and the people. The local paper, which daily visits the household of citizens, should be pure in tone and intent. This end can only be accomplished by the encouragement of journalists of high character. Fathers and mothers should treat an unclean paper as they would a vicious person, seeking admission to their home to contaminate it The metropolitan journals are degenerating from the standard to which they were elevated by such men as Greeley, Raymond and Forney. Now, instead of the policy of the paper being moulded in the sanctum and enthused with patriotic sentiment, the editor writes not as he thinks, but as a machine operated solely in the interest of the counting room. Not so with the editor of the local paper of whom the people know personally, and of whose integrity they may judge 'We live under the best government ever formed,' declared Mr Stoll, 'every educational interest, including the press, should be in the right hands so as to secure safety if danger arises. I have faith in the honesty and integrity of the American people, and believe they will prove equal to any emergency that may arise.'"

The Month of Roses.

June is the month of roses, the month of the sweet girl graduate, the month of weddings, the month so peculiarly asked about by Lowell

And what is so rare as a day in June?

June, the first month of the summer season, was called by the Anglo-Saxons Weyde month, from weyde, a meadow, for toward its close the hay harvest began and the weyder or herdsman led the cattle into the fields after the new mown grass was gathered up.

The precious stone assigned to June is the agate—health and long life. Its cluster of flowers and fruit is a wreath of flowering grape twigs encompassing a bunch of ripe strawberries.

Of all the months of the year June is the most delightful. It is queen of the summer, because during its days the earth gives to us the sweetest and the best.

Longfellow, the poet, understood what he was about when he wrote.

"June is the month of roses! Yes and it is
The month of marriages! All pleasant sights
And scents, the fragrance of the blossoming vine,
The foliage of the valleys and the heights.
June has the longest days, the loveliest nights,
The mower's scythe makes music to the ear
She is the mother of all dear delights.
She is the fairest daughter of the year"

Robert Burns Wilson sang of the lovely June days as follows:

"No other days are like the days in June
They stand upon the summit of the year,
Filled up with sweet remembrance of the rune
That wooed the fresh green fields
Each perfect noon sustains the endless feast,
In which the wedded charms of life combine
Sweet evening waits till golden day, released,
Shall lead her blushing down the world's decline.'

Some beautiful things have been written of June in prose as well as in poetry. Miss Younge in "An Old Homestead Outlook," says: "The leafy month of June! Well, it is the crown of the year, and all the leaves are fully out, but they have lost their tender light color of growth, and the white petals of the blossoming trees come down like snow."

G. W. Curtis poetically writes in prose of the loveliness of June. Hear him. "There is no sweeter word than June It is the type of ripe youth, of bloom and beauty. June is full of roses, and the mention of its name throws roses into the conversation. June is perfect summer. In July the dog days have bitten the trees and left them dry and sere. The freshness as of early morning, as of a washing in sweet dew disappears when June goes, and the woods in sultry August foreshow their own doom and rehearse their decay. But a June morning is the most beautiful moment of the year to the eye and the most exquisite image of life to the mind."

A vital question—what baking powder do you use? Dr. Price's is immeasurably the best.

History of the Income Tax.

It was first proposed to levy a tax on incomes derived from investments and to exempt those incomes that were derived from industry. But by a majority of one this proposition was lost in the house committee, and it was voted to levy the tax on all incomes. Then the supreme court held by a vote of 6 to 2 that the tax on investments was unconstitutional. The court was, however, evenly divided on the question of the constitutionality of the tax on industry. So for a time the tax remained on industry, but it was removed from wealth.

But later the court held that the entire tax was unconstitutional Thus those who have not paid their income tax need not, those who paid under protest have a claim for their money, and those who paid without protest must wait for congress to take action for the refunding of the tax

Concerning the justice or injustice of the income tax, this is neither the time nor place to speak But one word as to taxes in general—namely, if there is to be any discrimination in the imposition of taxes, it should be in the direction of correcting inequalities, not in increasing them

Wanting and Getting.

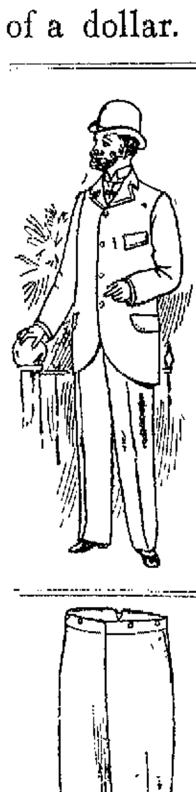
Is that feeling of independence for which we all aspire so productive of content and happiness, after all?

John Williams was a soldier and comparatively happy, except for the single fact that he was obliged to get up early in the morning But, oh, how he did hate the sound of the morning drum call! By and by he married a rich widow, so he left the army and could then lie abed as late as he liked John appreciated his improved condition and decided to make as much out of it as possible, so he hired a drummer to beat the reveille under his bedroom window early every morning, and each morning he got up, raised the window, and sticking his head out shouted, as he shook his fist at the drummer, "I'll lie abed as long as I choose" The moral of this little story is obvious. When we get what we want, we don't always want what we get

Preparations are making to construct a tunnel road under the East river between New York and Brooklyn. The road will be two miles long If built as it should be, it will greatly facilitate travel between New York city and Brooklyn. At present it is considerably harder to go from the upper part of New York to the upper part of Brooklyn than from Jersey City to Philadelphia, and it takes nearly as long a time If New York had been a live western city, her clumsy modes of transfer would have been replaced by modern facilities long ago

EVERY CUSTOMER

A Living Advertisement of our business methods. You'll be astounded at the purchasing power of a dollar.



25 STYLES OF
MEN'S SUITS,

Light and Dark Shades, former $12, $14 and $15 values. We are selling this week at

$10.

Our Sacrifice of Values in

MEN'S TROUSERS

A phenomenal success. Hundreds sold but a fair assortment left. $3, $4 and $5 values until Saturday night,

$2.49.

Lehman's U.S.

Foellinger Block, 34 and 36 Calhoun St.

WEDDED IN JUNE.

Marriage of Miss Maggie Miller and Mr. O. S. Keith.

The Bride a Former Fort Wayne Young Lady—Miss Maud Graham Entertains the Epworth League.

News has been received in this city of the marriage, at Racine, Wis, of Miss Margaret M. Miller, formerly of this city, but who for the last three years has been residing at Chicago, to Mr. Orlando S Keith, a prominent official of the offices of the Illinois Central railroad at Chicago

The marriage comes as a sort of surprise to the many friends of the bride, who, as Miss Maggie Miller, was very well known in this city. She is the sister of the Misses Flo and Hattie Miller, of this city, and previous to her going to Chicago was a stenographer in the office of Judge S. M. Hench. At Chicago she took a similar position with the Illinois Central railroad, entering the department of the company which was under the management of Mr. Keith, her husband, whom she had not met previous to that time

An attachment sprung up between the young people as time passed, and this ripening into love resulted in their marriage, as above stated. The marriage seems to have some of the elopement features about it, as the parties left Chicago unbeknown to their friends and went to Racine, where the ceremony was quietly performed by Rev. J. Edwin Farmer, of that city.

Mr and Mrs. Keith left Racine after the marriage ceremony on a bridal tour of a few weeks for Denver, Colo, Green Mountain Falls and Manitoba Springs. They will visit the bride's sisters in this city and then go to New York on a brief trip, afterwards returning to Chicago, which will be their future home

Mrs Keith is a charming young lady, handsome and accomplished, and was popular in the circles of society in this city in which she moved. She was the daughter of the late W. H. Miller, who for many years was one of the prominent grocery merchants of this city. The groom is one of the prominent and rising young railroad men of Chicago.

EPWORTH LEAGUERS ENTERTAINED

Miss Mattie B. Graham, of 230 East Lewis street, entertained the Epworth league of the Berry Street M. E. church last evening. About seventy young people participated in the affair, which included a ride over the street car lines in the early evening. Ice cream and cake were served later at the house in a novel and pleasing manner. The seating capacity of the dining room was just fourteen and to avoid confusion, ribbons were provided and fourteen of each color were given to that many guests. White was served, then blue, red and so on through the various colors until all were served. Rev. Cissell was present and as it is customary on such occasions to seat the minister at the first table there was considerable good natured rivalry for seats at that table and much guessing as to what color would be called to the dining room first. Mr. Cissell's ribbons were of many hues, embracing the colors of all the others.

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

Mrs. T. W. Mather is visiting friends in La Crosse, Wis.

Miss Madge Williams has returned from a visit at Auburn.

Miss Merica Hoagland and Mrs. W. H. Fleming are in Toledo.

Mrs James D. Brown, wife of the proprietor of the Rich hotel, is quite ill.

The Clay street school teachers enjoyed a picnic out to Swift's farm today

Mrs. James Skidmore, of Charleston, Ill, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. W. Mitten.

Mrs. M. C. Hagan, of 46 Harrison street, left yesterday for a two weeks' visit in Chicago.

Mrs. Dr. Brock, of Columbus, Ohio, is the guest of her niece, Mrs. Rev. R. D. Spellman, of East Berry street.

Mesdames John Porter, J. F. Brice and Charles W. Zeigler will leave Monday for Louisville to visit friends.

Mr. J. W. Mitten has returned from Illinois. He reports good prospects for crops. He was out looking after his farm interests.

Mrs G. A. Loney, of Fairfield avenue, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Ella, left this morning to visit friends and relatives in eastern Canada.

Last evening Miss Florence Barrett entertained a few friends in honor of Miss Louise Dorsey, of St. Paul, who is the guest of Miss Sadie Rockhill.

The Ladies' Aid society of the St Paul M. E. church will give an ice cream social next Wednesday evening, at the home of Mrs. Beals, 403 East Wayne street.

The Huntington Herald says "Miss Carrie Roth, of Fort Wayne, and Miss Grace Wallace, of Wabash, are visitors at the D Marx home, and will attend the commencement."

Mrs. W. J. Kerr and daughter, Miss Mabel, of Warren, Ohio, are visiting Mr. Frank Bartholomew, of 111 Wallace street

Miss Sue Thompson is entertaining Miss Irwin, of Louisville, Ky.

Mrs. R. T McDonald and daughter, Esther, left last evening for New York city.

Miss Martha Stumpf left last evening for Chicago and St. Louis to spend the summer.

Mr Henry Nahrwold, of Root & Co., will be the guest of friends in Indianapolis next week.

Miss Ahlgren, head trimmer at Mergenthiem's, is slightly indisposed at her rooms in the Wayne hotel.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. George Kierspe—a son. Mr. Kierspe is the popular bookkeeper for Root & Co

Miss Rose Pressler, of East Washington street, will spend the summer with friends and relatives at Indianapolis.

Miss Janetta Fulton, of Columbus, Ohio, is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. E Collett, of No. 40 Brackenridge street

Mrs. W. T. Loring, of East Creighton avenue, left this morning for Knox, Ind, where her mother is lying very ill.

Mrs R. G Thompson and son, Richard, will leave next Monday for Petoskey, to remain through the heated term.

Mrs. T. J. Dills, en route to Los Angeles, Cal, writes from Flagstaff, Arizona, that they are well and enjoying the trip very much.

Miss Edna Reuss has returned from St. Mary's, and Mr. Chas Reuss from Notre Dame, where they have been attending school for the past winter.

Attorney E F. France and his family went to Rome City this morning Mr. France will return to the city Monday, but the family will remain at Rome City all summer.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Patterson, of No. 32 Baker street, are entertaining their daughter, Mrs. T. J. Tappenden, and children, of Coldwater, Mich, who arrived in the city last evening.

The Woman's Club league of Fort Wayne will tender a reception to Mrs Cumeron, of Wabash, next Wednesday afternoon, from 5 to 6 o'clock, in the parlors of the Fort Wayne club.

Miss Luella C. Boles, who is now visiting Miss Ida Strawbridge, at Chicago, will go from that city to Chattanooga, Tenn, to attend the International Epworth League convention, June 27.

Mrs. M A. Hartman, the venerable mother of Mr Samuel Wass, suffered another stroke of paralysis yesterday, which left her in an almost helpless condition. She is unable to speak or use her right arm

The announcement is made of the approaching marriage of Miss Minnie Castle to Mr. Sunday, which will be solemnized at the Free Methodist church, on East Creighton avenue, Thursday morning, June 27.

A very pleasant surprise was tendered Mrs. C. O. Lepper, at her home, Thursday afternoon, the occasion being her birthday anniversary. The presents were numerous and handsome. At 6 o'clock an elaborate dinner was served

Last evening at his suburban home, north of the city, Mr. Daniel Souder celebrated his forty seventh birthday in a most enjoyable manner. The lawn was lighted with Chinese lanterns and a bountiful repast was served to the large number of guests.

Last evening, at her East Washington street home, Miss Margaret Goshorn pleasantly entertained a number of her friends in honor of Miss Traxler, of Upper Sandusky, Ohio. The evening was spent in playing games, and at a late hour the guests were served with ice cream and cake.

Next Wednesday morning, at Rev. Franke's church, six miles south of the city, Mr. Edward Koenemann and Miss Sophia Meyers will be married, and in the evening a reception will be given to the bride and groom and their friends at the home of the bride's parents, four miles south of the city. Mr. Koenemann conducts a general store at Hoagland, Ind.

At the missionary meeting at the First Presbyterian church yesterday, the foreign topic was "Africa" and the home topic was "Our Missionary." The subject of general discussion was "The Necessity of Missionary Literature." A paper on "The Development of Our Missionary Work in Africa" was read by Mrs E H. McDonald. "A Model Home Missionary" was the subject of the paper read by Mrs. C L Olds

Last evening, at her home on West DeWald street, Miss Golda Beaber entertained friends in honor of the birthday anniversary of Mr. Harry Stopher. Those present were Misses Anna Racine, Maud Holsworth, Gertrude Gilbert, Anna Holsworth, and Messrs Paul Moseman, B. M. Stopher, Charles Porter and Herbert Buck. A pleasant evening was passed with games and music, and at a late hour a delicious luncheon was served.

The reception to Mrs S. S McCrea, of Indianapolis, state president of the Young Women's Christian association, which was to have been held at the home of Miss Merica Hoagland, next Tuesday evening, will take place at the association rooms instead. The reception will be held at 8 o'clock

Mr. and Mrs S F. Bowser moved to Eagle Lake today, where they will occupy their cottage during the summer. Next Tuesday Mr. Bowser's Sunday school class will enjoy its annual picnic at Eagle Lake This year it is expected there will be about 150 participants

Miss Augusta Knight chaperoned a picnic at the "North Side Park," in honor of Mable Alleman, of Pierceton, Ind, yesterday afternoon. Those present were. Lucy Allegier, Mable Mensch, Polly Jones, Pearl Parker, Clara Stockman, Pearl Phellps, Alda Fredrick, Nina Ransburg, Ida Meyer, Florence McMillan, Edith Mensch, Belle Jones, Gwinett Davis, Helen Stockman, Ruth Ransburg, Stephen Allegier, Claud Davis and Arthur Allegier.

Mr. Fred Currier and bride arrived from Toledo Thursday and last evening John Currier tendered them a reception at their home on the north side Cards and music made the evening pass pleasantly and at 10 30 a delicious lunch was served. Those present were Messrs. and Mesdames Charles, Fred and August Currier, Homer Smith, Mrs. S M Albrecht, and Misses Leah Currier and Anna Fahling, Messrs Harry Gibford and Harry Stirk.

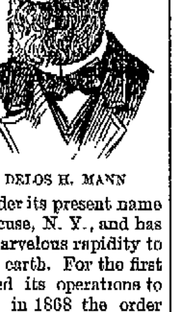
The Linden Literary and Debating society held their regular monthly meeting last night at the home of Miss Jennie McClelland, 15 Cass street. After a short, but well arranged program, the young people enjoyed a social hop, dispersing at a late hour to meet again July 12 at the home of Mr Arlie Gooden, Third street. The members present were Misses Anna Alway, Blanch Coombs, Carrie Doswell, Gretta Russell, Ellen and Stella Uran, Messrs Frank Briggs, Jesse Brady, Arlie Gooden, Herbert and Chas. Grosvenor, Chas Lyons, Geo. and Theodore Trier and C. Toedtman. The visitors were Misses Tillie Zollinger, Loyd, Muhlenbruck, Messrs. Bailey and Thomas.

It is the most perfect made, Price's Cream Baking Powder.

GOOD TEMPLARS TO MEET.

Delegates Representing 700,000 Will Soon Assemble at the Hub of the Universe.

A vast army of 700,000 persons pledged to temperance will be represented by delegates in Boston June 24, when the international supreme lodge of the Independent Order of Good Templars opens its great convention. The order came into existence in Oneida county, N. Y., in 1851, under the name of the Knights of Jericho. It became fully established under its present name a year later in Syracuse, N. Y., and has since spread with marvelous rapidity to the very ends of the earth. For the first 17 years it confined its operations to America alone, but in 1868 the order was introduced into England, and Scotland, Ireland, Wales, Africa, Asia, Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, the South American republics and various islands of the sea are now represented. Gavett Chambers was the pioneer Good Templar, and although he was very much fascinated with the idea he never dreamed that the order would speedily become the most powerful temperance organization in the world.



DELOS H. MANN

The Juvenile Templars, a minor division of the Good Templars, will also meet in Boston at the same time It is the kindergarten of the great temperance order, and its members not only pledge themselves to abstain from all intoxicating liquors as beverages, like the older Good Templars, but they further declare that they will abstain from swearing, gambling and the use of tobacco. The Good Templars were among the first to admit that women were entitled to equal rights with men in temperance work, and thousands of bright members of the gentler sex take a prominent part in the sessions.

Among the features of the coming convention in Boston will be a pleasure trip in Boston harbor at the invitation of Mayor Curtis, a grand banquet and a reception to members of the supreme lodge by Governor Greenhalge.

Delos H Mann, the world's grand templar, who stands at the head of the great army of 700,000, was born in Delaware county, N. Y., and was educated at New York university and Albany university. He became a successful physician and was an early enthusiast in Good Templar work. He has held many high offices in the order and was chosen world's grand templar in 1893.

Siam's Educational System.

Every year a number of boys are sent from Siam by the king to England to learn different things. One learns upholstery, one learns typewriting, one learns languages, one learns science, and so on. When they return to Siam, each takes with him some different information to impart to others

A New Verb.

The trolley doesn't do all of the killing in Brooklyn Occasionally a victim is fendered to death —Washington Post

Finding a Use For It.

A new kind of gas has been discovered It may be of value in the next campaign —Chicago Post

A BRACE OF BLOOMER COSTUMES.

Some Novel Ideas That Will Interest Fair Bicyclists.

The bloomer bicycle costume, which gives free play to the limbs and minimizes the danger of accidents, is no longer a pronounced novelty, but is often seen on thoroughfares much frequented by fair cyclists In fact, bloomers are so common that many variations of the original style are observed. One unique and handsome costume consists of bloomers reaching to the boot tops, a full skirt somewhat shorter and a Russian blouse

RUSSIAN BLOUSE BLOOMER COSTUME.

An enterprising New York woman has adopted a costume modeled after the vivandiere uniform of the French army. The hat and feather are black.

THE VIVANDIERE

The vivandiere jacket is of black cloth trimmed with cord. The skirt is short, made of black cloth and worn over bloomers Imitators of this costume will, of course, omit the little barrel worn at the side, which is a rather awkward encumbrance on the wheel, although it was a necessary accessory of the real vivandiere's outfit The real vivandiere, by the way, has disappeared, and the French army has lost one of its most picturesque features.

"Cigarette" on a bicycle is an idea to startle admirers of Ouida's popular heroine, and when this up to date cantiniere of New York pedals through the park she is the cynosure of all eyes

A Floral Curiosity.

Mrs. F Arbour of Baton Rouge has sent to the New Orleans Times-Democrat a floral curiosity. It is a small white rose of an exceedingly fragrant variety, from the center of which is growing a perfectly formed twin bud, which stands almost an inch above the petals of the full blown flower. In other words, the twin bud seems to have sprung out of the main stem and pushed its way through the center of the larger bloom in its struggle for existence Mrs Armour says that she has cultivated many roses, but has never before seen such a peculiar floral freak, and that all of the florists to whom it has been shown pronounce it a great curiosity.

The MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF INDIANA.

This Company issues all of the improved forms of Life Insurance Policies, such as the Whole Life, 10, 15 and 20 payment life with annual cash dividends after two years, the 10, 15, 20, 25 and 30 year endowments, with cash dividends after two years; the Renewable Term and Policies with Cash Surrender Values.

—tot—

This Company loans all of its money to its own policy holders, loaning it to them on the Building & Loan System All loans are made on ten years time, and the borrower has a guarantee that his mortgage will be released when he has made 120 monthly payments. The investor has a guarantee of a 6 per cent. dividend, payable semi annually, besides additional profits at the maturity of the policy.

If you want an investment or Insurance you will benefit yourself by taking the time to study the many special features of the policies issued by this company.

The Building & Loan System

Of loaning money is used only by this company that is, this company is the ONLY LIFE INSURANCE company loaning its money on the Building & Loan System, and thereby realizing a HIGHER RATE OF INTEREST than on any other.

The Terms, Rates and Dividends of the policies issued by the

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF INDIANA,

will prove to be a source of great satisfaction; two month's grace is allowed for the payment of premiums with insurance in full force during that time, extensions is given without asking on whole life or term policies, and all policies have very desirable features, options, etc.

DEPARTMENT OFFICE,
Rooms 1, 2, 3 and 4, No. 12 W. Wayne St.
O. P. Eversole General Agent.

W. I. Work, J. H. Young, G. W. Pyke, J. W. Hippenhammer, — AGENTS.

FOREMAN CHARLES ROLFE.

Superintendent of One of the Biggest Composing Rooms in America.

Up in the top story of The Globe building, where the typesetting and other machines do everything but talk, says the Boston Globe, there is a pleasant faced, clear skinned light complexioned man of 52, who has been with The Globe ever since the birthday of the great paper. He is the night foreman of the composing room, and looks fully 15 years younger than he really is. His name is Mr. Charles Rolfe.

Nervous headaches that well-nigh drove him to distraction first introduced him to Paine's celery compound That was five years ago, and until that time he was one of the most pronounced opponents of prepared remedies to be found in the city.

Just how Paine's celery compound was first brought to his attention he does not remember, but it has done him so much good that the compound has no more enthusiastic champion living He is as happy as any one in the enjoyment of good health could be, and for that happiness he gives full credit to Paine's celery compound. Read what he has to say about the medicine:

"I am always ready to recommend Paine's celery compound when I hear of a case similar to my own. Some five years ago I was suffering from headaches which were sometimes so severe during working hours of the night that I would clasp my hands over my head to 'hold the top on,' the pain being excruciating. These attacks would occur sometimes as often as three times a week. Sleep was out of the question, the pillow seeming but a block of wood.

"Just at the time I was suffering most I bought a bottle of Paine's celery compound, began at once to take it, and before a week had passed the headaches began to disappear. I felt almost a new man before the bottle was empty. I purchased more, and for two years kept it in the house for use whenever I felt a return of the old pains. It never failed in giving me relief. The other members of my family also began to take it—my wife for a feeling of general weakness, she being at that time much 'run down' and never feeling well enough to perform the work of the home. Within a week she was, as she expressed it, 'as well as ever in her life,' and similar reports came from all our friends to whom we had recommended it.

"I feel confident that in nervous headaches and a 'run down' system the compound will be beneficial every time, if not a perfect cure.

"In some instances we have not only recommended it, but furnished it to very aged friends, and the effect of one bottle has seemed marvelous, one particular old friend of mine telling me that before one bottle had been used he 'felt at least ten years younger, and certainly had not felt as good in 10 years.'

"During the last five years I have used a great many bottles of the compound—that is, in my home. I am positive that it is a sure cure for nervous headaches and a broken-down feeling, especially in the case of elderly persons.

"There is one case in particular I call to mind, in which Paine's celery compound asserted its good qualities. We had a young married lady friend, who was nursing her 4 months-old child, and found that she could not perform her household duties on account of the weak condition she seemed always to be in. On the recommendation of my wife and myself she took one bottle of the compound, and before two weeks had passed was able to do her own washing even, in addition to housework. About three bottles were used. I have yet to hear of any friend to whom I have recommended it other than the most favorable results."

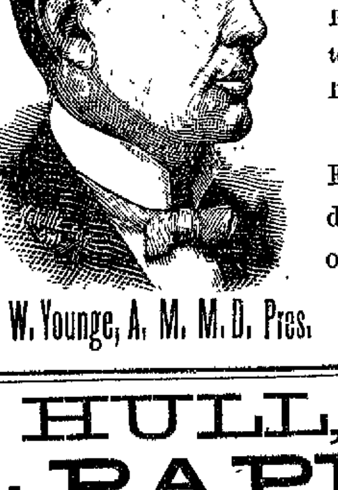
Are You Going to Paint?

TRY OUR Family Paints.

MEYER BROS. & CO., DRUGGISTS.

Younge's Medical and Surgical Institute,

Corner Calhoun and Lewis Sts.



For the treatment of all Chronic Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Brain, Lungs, Liver, Heart, Kidneys, Bowels, Bladder, Catarrh, Nervous Diseases, Cancer, Consumption, Rheumatism, Gonorrhoea, Impotency, Seminal Emissions, Female Diseases, Deformities, etc., etc.

Office Days: Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, from 1 o'clock to 5 o'clock p. m.

J. W. Younge, A. M. M. D. Pres.

Dr. E. D. Smith, General Manager.

The Ohio State Food Commission's official test showed Royal Baking Powder absolutely pure. No other baking powder tested contained less than 10% of impurities, which impurities were mostly alum.

Cabinet Pudding No. 1.

Four English muffins or rolls, ½ pint milk, 1 pint cream, 4 eggs, and 4 yelks, 1 cupful sugar, ½ cupful almonds, blanched—by pouring boiling water on them until skins slip off easily—and cut into shreds, 1 cupful each dried cherries, apricots, greengages, or any other preserved, whole or canned fruits. Well butter a mould, make layer of muffins cut very thin, then of fruit, almonds and so on, until all the ingredients are used, beat milk, cream, sugar and eggs together, pour over contents of mould and let stand before baking at least ½ an hour, then set in saucepan with boiling water to reach two-thirds up mould; steam thus 1 hour, turn out on dish carefully and serve with cream sauce.

Custard Pudding.

One and one-half pints milk, 4 eggs, 1 cupful sugar, 2 teaspoonfuls Royal Extract Vanilla Beat eggs and sugar together, dilute with milk, and extract; pour into buttered pudding dish, set in oven in dripping pan, two-thirds full of boiling water; bake until firm, about 40 minutes in moderate oven

Chocolate Pudding.

One quart of milk, scalded; 1½ squares of chocolate, grated, wet with cold milk, and stir into scalded milk. When chocolate is dissolved, pour into pudding dish; add yelks of 6 eggs, well beaten, and 6 tablespoonfuls of sugar. Bake about ¾ of an hour Beat whites of eggs to stiff froth, add 6 tablespoonfuls sugar. Spread the frosting over top, set again in oven until a light brown.

L. O. HULL, WALL PAPER

The Latest patterns in Cheap as well as Fine Goods. The lowest prices. (Whitewashed walls should be sized before papering. We furnish it to our patrons without charge.) Window Shades, Window Glass, Paints, Artists' Materials, House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, etc., etc. We Decorate Walls and Ceilings in Every Style, from the plainest paper hanging to the most elaborate and artistic work, and charge no more than others who are copying our old ideas while we are coining new ones. If a decorator ever did a handsome job that did not peel off he will be glad to show it to you, so when he declares his work "as good as L. O. Hull's" ask him to show his best work, then permit us to show ours and judge for yourself.

FRENCH APPLIQUE

is the new decoration for walls and ceilings. It is elegant for offices, hotels, club houses and private residences Kindly call and examine samples. We offer you the finest work with prompt service and lowest prices. Estimates furnished and work done in surrounding cities towns and country. Telephone 285.

90 CALHOUN ST. Fort Wayne, Ind.

PART SECOND. 8 PAGES, 72 COLUMNS.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

8 PAGES, 72 COLUMNS. PART SECOND.

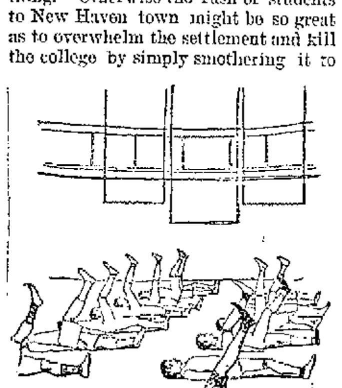
ESTABISHED 1833. SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1895. PRICE FIVE CENTS

TRAINING THE BODY.

YALE UNIVERSITY PARTICULARLY EXCELS IN PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT.

While the Intellect Is Not Neglected at New Haven the Muscles Receive Careful Attention—A Model Gymnasium Described—Methods of Training.

There are plenty of persons, including those in charge of the institution of course, who consider Yale college the finest educational establishment in the United States, if not the world. So far as mental training goes, however, there are many who, while having great respect for Yale, do not fully concur in this view, and perhaps this is a lucky thing. Otherwise the rush of students to New Haven town might be so great as to overwhelm the settlement and kill the college by simply smothering it to



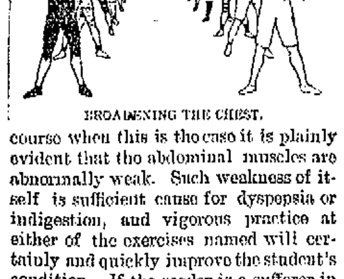
EXERCISING THE ABDOMINAL MUSCLES.

death, while Harvard and Cornell, Ann Arbor and Princeton, De Pauw and California and all the other universities, big and little, would be killed by inattention.

But in respect of physical training all who have examined Yale's plan and plant and talked with the accomplished men in charge agree that Yale is at the top. It does not follow if this be true that Yale students will win every trophy offered at every intercollegiate contest in athletics, that they will row the fastest at every boat race, that they will make most runs at baseball or pile up the biggest scores at football. Indeed they might fall behind in all these things and the proposition still be true, for it is not asserted that the system of physical training at Yale makes sure game winners, nor was the scheme laid out with that for its only or chief object. The physical work of the students in Yale's gymnasium is performed for the sole purpose of giving to the young men who undertake it the best possible bodily foundation for the postgraduate course that all must take in the hard school of this world—of fitting them to endure, of building up nerve and muscle, so that they will be not only clever and cultivated, but strong, self reliant and healthy as well.

In order to produce this result gymnastic work has been placed upon the same basis at Yale as any other study. Do not cavil at this use of the word study. The proper development of the body is a most profound and important study—one the more thorough mastering of which would do away with the necessity for more than half the doctoring that is now needed and reduce the number of hospitals at least one-third. No student is required, however, to take any part in the gymnasium work. Every one who does is first carefully examined and measured by J. W. Seaver, M. D. To every one who needs it Dr. Seaver gives a prescription card upon which is written a diagnosis of the student's physical condition and needs. If his heart is weak, his liver torpid or his indigestion out of order, if his muscular development is in any degree defective for a person of his size, if there is incipient curvature of the spine, if his eyesight or hearing is below the standard, the facts are stated upon the card, together with the treatment that should be undergone for the rectification of the defect, the various entries on the card covering, in fact, the entire range of the perfect physical man.

When, after mastering the card, the student understands his weaknesses, he is next given a manual of instruction prepared by Dr. H. S. Anderson, to whom the actual training is intrusted, and then the student is put through such a course of exercise as experience shows is especially adapted to his case. For instance, the student suffering from indigestion and dyspepsia is caused to take measures to strengthen the muscles of the stomach, sides and abdomen. Among other things he is told to lie on his back stripped and raise his feet so that his legs shall be perpendicular without moving his head, body or arms in any way. Then he is told to lie on his back as before and raise his head and body without lifting his feet from the floor or using his arms. Many persons are greatly surprised on trying either of these for the first time to find it a well nigh impossible achievement. Of



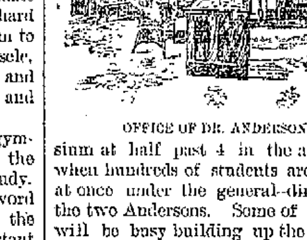
BROADENING THE CHEST.

course when this is the case it is plainly evident that the abdominal muscles are abnormally weak. Such weakness of itself is sufficient cause for dyspepsia or indigestion, and vigorous practice at either of the exercises named will certainly and quickly improve the student's condition. If the reader is a sufferer in this direction and has any doubts of the efficacy of the prescription, let him try it and be convinced, for it is quite as beneficial to the nonstudent as to the young man in attendance at Yale.

These exercises are not the only ones prescribed for stomach troubles, but they are all as simple, though some of them are best performed with the aid of apparatus of one kind or another, and besides there are exercises for increasing the size of any muscle, for the relief of headache and nervousness due to continued mental application, for increasing or decreasing the weight, for developing the chest, etc., and all have been laid out and systematized, and all are practiced under thoroughly scientific conditions, since Dr. Seaver, already mentioned, who attends to the theory, and Dr. H. S. Anderson, who looks after its practical application, are both regular physicians who have all the advantages of careful training and long practice in their present positions. Dr. Seaver is especially expert at physical examination and measurements, and more than once has taken 50 measurements in five minutes. The examination does not stop at mere measurements, however, important though they may be. It includes everything, and students who have been found by Dr. Seaver to be of defective hearing have been permanently relieved by the removal of foreign substances from their ears. Poor eyesight has been found and improved or cured, rupture has been discovered and cured, or the suffering students greatly benefited, and so on.

Dr. H. S. Anderson is assisted in his practical work by Dr. W. G. Anderson, his brother, and over Dr. Seaver and both the Andersons is Professor Eugene Lamb Richards, the director of the gymnasium. Though he does none of the actual gymnasium work, its present perfection is largely due to his efforts, for it was Professor Richards who caused the raising of $250,000 for the erection of the gymnasium building, and he is perhaps the foremost authority on gymnastics and athletics in the country. He is extremely popular with the students, who always speak of him as the "squarest" man in the faculty, and it is to him that they turn whenever a decision not to be appealed from is wanted on some disputed point in athletics. Of the gymnasium as an institution it may be said that it is the only one attached to any college in America where the work is organized on so thorough and scientific a basis as that which has been imperfectly outlined in this article. Of the gymnasium's home it may be said that it is a veritable palace, erected for the abode of physical culture.

The visitor who enters this admirably devised building for the first time cannot but be impressed by the simple splendor of the pure white marble floors and staircases that must be trod before the gymnasium proper is reached. Afterward this first impression is almost driven out of mind by the completeness of all the appliances. The baths, the rowing tanks and the offices are all unexampled in their way, but the main floor with its apparatus of every conceivable sort for physical improvement has not its match anywhere. It is almost worth a special trip to New Haven to see the main floor of Yale's gymna-



OFFICE OF DR. ANDERSON.

sium at half past 4 in the afternoon, when hundreds of students are at work at once under the general direction of the two Andersons. Some of the boys will be busy building up the forearm, others broadening the chest, others strengthening the muscles of the back, others swinging in the rings, climbing ladders, etc. It is still more interesting to see the entire floor full at work at one exercise. Then the firm, white virile legs and arms move in unison in response to signals from the elder Anderson, and the effect of uniformity is almost as pleasing as that of military evolutions by a particularly well drilled body of soldiers.

The style of the building's exterior may be termed a "Renaissance application of the Romanesque"—at least that's what I'm told. It is assuredly a handsome structure, though quiet and modest in tone and design. The swimming tanks are lined with glazed tiles, the rooms are constructed of Carrara marble and the Turkish baths adjoining the tanks are fitted up as perfectly as the gymnasium proper. The trophy room is to many persons the most attractive apartment in the place. There are flags, pictures, baseballs and all sorts of evidences of athletic victories. The bowling alleys are in the basement, and there is a big yard to the rear of the building and shielded from the street which is used for practice by the shot putters, the hammer throwers, etc. In the superb marble lined entrance hall before noticed a large canvas painted by a National academician hangs. This is the only adornment of these walls, and it was presented to the gymnasium by Chauncey M. Depew. It is entitled "The Old Yale Fence" and is a real work of art, showing the elm shaded Yale campus and buildings and scores of figures as well as the fence. The figures are full length portraits in miniature, and one of these portraits is Dr. Depew himself.

M. I. DEXTER.

For the Protection of Pachyderms.

A number of friends of the African elephant in Berlin have banded themselves into a society for his defense. The fact that between 50,000 and 60,000 elephants are killed annually in Africa has moved them to do all that in them lies to prevent the animal's total extinction.

Divided Even In Death.

An old bachelor who has just died in Vienna, a man of great wealth, was a confirmed misogynist to the day of his death. In his will he directed his executors to bury him where no woman could be interred near him, and if necessary to purchase two extra graves, one on either side of his own, and leave them empty, so that in death he could escape proximity to the fair sex.—New York World.

Russia's Gift to France.

As a souvenir of naval civilities Russia will present France with a vase of jasper and bronze worth $20,000. If Japan could furnish the inscription, it would be to the effect that the friendship between two nations is often a plot against a third.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Wrote "Casey at the Bat."

To the Editor of the New York Evening Telegram:

In answer to your inquiry as to the name of the author of "Casey at the Bat," it was written by E. D. Thayer, class of 1885 at Harvard, when he was on the San Francisco Examiner. He now lives in Worcester, Mass.

Fitting Her Out.

Jane—If you please, ma'am, as it's my night out, would you mind lending me your bicycle?

Mistress—Oh, certainly, Jane. Take it by all means. And if you look in my wardrobe you'll find a pair of last season's knickerbockers, which you may have if you like.—Boston Home Journal.

A HALF CENTURY OLD

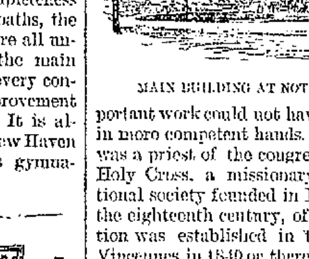
GOLDEN JUBILEE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME.

Brief Resume of the History of a Most Notable Roman Catholic Institution of the Higher Learning—Its Fiery New Birth In 1879.

It was only 50 years ago that the Roman Catholic University of Notre Dame du Lac—Our Lady of the Lake—was established by the Rev. Edwin S. Sorin on a 600 acre tract of woodland bordering the St. Joseph river, in the northern part of Indiana. It was at first but a small and struggling school, but now, at the half century mark, it is one of the most notable institutions of learning in the United States.

The first move in the direction of establishing Notre Dame, as by common consent it is now termed, was made in 1830 by the missionary father, Very Rev. S. T. Badin, the first Catholic priest ordained within the boundaries of the republic. With a keener insight than that possessed by many others, he purchased the beautiful tract mentioned from the government at $1.25 an acre with the notion that there a great school should ultimately be located. Later Father Badin conveyed this tract, which had come to be known as St. Mary's of the Lake, to the bishop of Vincennes.

In 1842 the first steps in the realization of the educational scheme were taken, when the prelate conveyed the property to Father Sorin, on condition that a college should be established there within a certain time. This im-



MAIN BUILDING AT NOTRE DAME.

portant work could not have been placed in more competent hands. Father Sorin was a priest of the congregation of the Holy Cross, a missionary and educational society founded in France late in the eighteenth century, of which a station was established in the diocese of Vincennes in 1840 or thereabout. When Father Sorin and his associates, late in November, 1842, first looked upon the site of the future college, a headquarters for all the missions of what are now northern Indiana and southern Michigan had already been established at St. Mary's of the Lake.

But despite this preliminary work the task before them was not an easy one. To establish an institution of the higher learning is not a lightsome labor even now, and then it was vastly more difficult.

The story of the slow upbuilding of the present splendid university is most absorbing, but here it can only be indicated, not told. The young college had no endowment, aside from the fee simple in the beautiful tract upon which it was situated, and as yet this yielded no income, so that the only money received was the tuition fees of the few students. The devoted priests and teachers that made up its faculty were obliged to put up with almost innumerable privations, and it was not until 1844 that it was possible to hold regular commencement exercises. It was in that year that the name was changed from St. Mary's of the Lake to the present title. It was in that year also the legislature of Indiana conferred upon it a regular charter as a university.

Since that year the University of Notre Dame has progressed steadily. In 1879 it suffered what was at the time believed to be a most serious reverse, for, on April 23 of that year, five of the university's chief buildings were wiped out by fire, and with them invaluable libraries and a great collection of scientific apparatus and relics. But this fire did for Notre Dame what the Chicago fire did for the wonderful city on Lake Michigan. It marked the beginning of a more vigorous growth and a wider development. It was almost like a new birth. By the following September, so rapidly had the recuperative powers of the institution worked, the magnificent central building which forms the nucleus of the present Notre Dame had arisen on the April ashes, and the usual entrance of students took place.

Every year during the 26 that have elapsed since then new buildings have been put up, and when it was decided to hold a golden jubilee of the institution on June 11 and the two days following it was seen that the guests of the university would be bidden to a celebration amid a cluster of handsome and magnificent structures, almost like a town in extent and far exceeding the promise given a half century ago by the few small buildings then standing.

Of the beauties of Notre Dame, both natural and man made, columns might be written without exhausting the subject. The university stands on an eminence in the midst of a wide expanse of landscape, brightened by the silver sheen of the St. Joseph river and the lake from which the institution took its first name and rendered additionally charming by sylvan stretches alternating with cultivated fields. The buildings are said to be the most valuable owned by any college west of the Appalachian chain. They include, besides the main building, a chapel, which is really a magnificent church of beautiful architectural design and rich in treasures of religious art, an academy of music, science hall, institute of technology, etc. The course of study is very comprehensive, the faculty is made up of exceptionally able men, and the scientific apparatus and library of 70,000 volumes are of the best. The library is now domiciled in the main building, but will soon have a home of its own. The university now has 62 instructors and 625 students.

AN ABLE JOURNALIST.

Career of Horatio W. Seymour, Publisher of the New Chicago Chronicle.

Horatio Winslow Seymour, the publisher of Chicago's new Democratic newspaper, The Chronicle, is a very successful journalist and enjoys the reputation of being the greatest writer of sensational headlines in America. Since The Times-Herald changed hands and politics at the same time there has been an excellent field in Chicago for a Cleveland organ, and Mr. Seymour and Martin J. Russell will endeavor to fill the want.

Mr. Seymour was born July 29, 1854, in Cayuga county, N. Y. When he was 9 years old his father died and he was educated by his uncle, Hon. H. G. Winslow of Racine, Wis. Young Seymour began his newspaper career on the Racine Advocate, and on the Racine Journal acquired a thorough knowledge of the printer's trade. In 1873 he became city editor of the Milwaukee News and in 1875 became telegraph editor of the Chicago Times. In that capacity Sey-

HORATIO WINSLOW SEYMOUR.

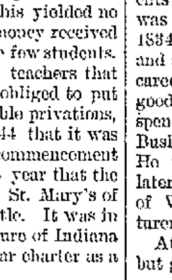
mour wrote sensational headlines that were soon the talk of the entire country. Some of them were poetical, some were humorous, not a few were next door to irreverent, and all fixed the attention and evoked the comment of every reader. He became night editor of The Times in 1879, and after eight years of hard work in that position he became an editorial writer on The Herald, then a young and struggling newspaper. Four years later he became managing editor, and under his expert guidance the paper speedily became one of the great journals of the west. Mr. Seymour is married and has three children.

Martin J. Russell is collector of the port of Chicago and one of the best editorial writers in the United States. He was chief editorial writer on The Times and helped to found The Herald. Later he returned to The Times and remained until the paper's policy toward President Cleveland compelled him to withdraw. He is editor of the new Chronicle.

A PAIR OF ASAS.

Asa S. Bushnell and Asa W. Jones Head the Ohio Republican Ticket.

The Ohio Republicans stand pat on two Asas—Asa S. Bushnell for governor and Asa W. Jones for lieutenant governor. They are both generals, too—General Asa Bushnell of Springfield and General Asa Jones of Youngstown. General Bushnell is one of the millionaire manufacturers of Ohio, has an excellent



GENERAL BUSHNELL.

war record and has long been conspicuous in the politics of the state. His parents were Connecticut people, but he was born in Rome, N. Y., Sept. 16, 1834. He was educated in Ohio schools, and at the age of 17 began his business career in Springfield as a clerk in a dry goods store. Several more years were spent as a bookkeeper, and then young Bushnell embarked in the drug business. He made some money, and ten years later became junior partner in the firm of Warder, Mitchell & Co., manufacturers of reapers and mowers.

At first the business was a small one, but good management speedily made the members of the firm millionaires. General Bushnell is now at the head of the concern, owns the finest business block in Springfield and the handsomest private residence in central Ohio, and is an enterprising and liberal citizen. His wife is a handsome matron, and the remainder of his family consists of two married daughters and a son just out of college. General Bushnell gave $10,000 to the new Masonic home in Springfield and has presented the city with a number of valuable public improvements, including a fountain and a complete patrol wagon outfit.

During the war General Bushnell recruited a company of the One Hundred and Fifty-second Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and served as its captain under General Hunter in the Martinsburg and Lynchburg campaign. When Foraker was chosen governor of Ohio, Bushnell was appointed quartermaster general of the state. In 1885 he was chairman of the Republican state committee and was a delegate at large to the last Republican national convention in Minneapolis. He is a strong personal and political friend of ex-Governor Foraker.

General Asa W. Jones, General Bushnell's running mate, is 58 years old and is a native of Ohio. He is a lawyer and has been president of the Ohio State Bar association. He gets his title of general from having been judge advocate general on Governor Foraker's staff. General Jones is a man of imposing presence and weighs 300 pounds. He is an excellent stump speaker and expects to make an active canvass.

THE WOMAN'S BIBLE.

Mrs. Stanton and her friends have engaged in a very foolish undertaking.—Indianapolis Journal.

The ladies, bless them! are entitled to almost anything, but this having a Bible of their own is straining the point.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Has the new woman got political matters so thoroughly to her liking that she is prepared to drop them while she rearranges the Bible?—Chicago Post.

After all, Elizabeth Cady Stanton must admit that it was the misfortune rather than the fault of the learned gentlemen of King James' commission that they lived before the days of the new woman.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Hon. Seth Low of Brooklyn is a gentleman, a scholar and a philanthropist. He writes in favor of civil service reform in Harper's Magazine for June. Very good. But if the people's representatives cannot be trusted to bestow the patronage of the government wisely, how about trust in the people themselves? It is to be hoped that in our zeal for the best possible public service we may not lose our faith in the people and consequently in self government.

YOUNG AND WEALTHY

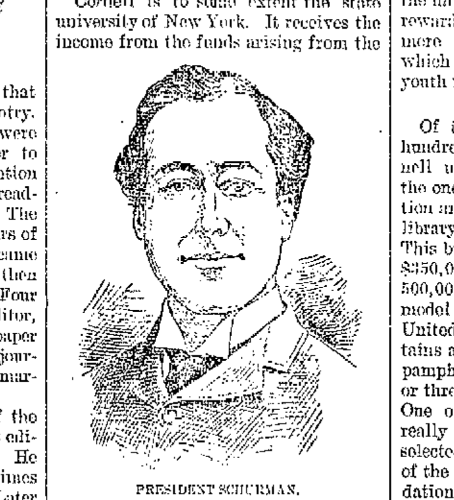
THE VALUE OF CORNELL UNIVERSITY IS $10,000,000.

It Has an Annual Income of $500,000 and Seventeen Hundred Students on Its Rolls—A Gigantic American Educational Institution.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, June 10.—At the head of the public educational system of the state of New York stands Cornell university, one of the wealthiest and most efficient, at the same time that it is one of the youngest, of American institutions of learning. Cornell has an annual income of $500,000, and the value of its property and endowment is $10,000,000. In fact, there are but two or three wealthier universities on the continent. But notwithstanding its wealth Cornell is compelled to exercise rigid economy to carry out the work demanded of a modern university, and President Schurman urges the necessity of larger endowments and the establishment of new departments and professorships.

Cornell is to some extent the state university of New York. It receives the income from the funds arising from the



PRESIDENT SCHURMAN.

agricultural college land grant act, which gave to the state of New York 990,000 acres of public land to be devoted to agricultural and industrial education. The land was valued at $600,000, and the question in the legislature at Albany, as in other state legislatures, was how it could best be used for the promotion of state education. The natural way of disposing of the grant would have been to divide it among the score of eager claimants. That it was not so divided and frittered away was due to two senators, Hon. Ezra Cornell of Ithaca and Hon. Andrew D. White of Syracuse.

The Head of the Institution.

Dr. Charles Kendall Adams, a leading American historical scholar, was president of Cornell university from 1885 to 1892, and during his able administration the university grew with wonderful rapidity upon the foundations laid by Cornell, White and Sage. Upon his resignation the mantle fell upon Jacob Gould Schurman, LL. D., who had been dean of the Sage School of Philosophy at Cornell. President Schurman has the strong individuality and depth of character of ex-President White and possesses a magnetism and approachableness rarely found among literary men. In fact, he is as much a man of the world as student. He has had his own way to make in the world since he was a boy of 12, and so is never in danger of losing sympathy with boys, either in college or outside. It is therefore easy to see that, while President Schurman is one of the foremost scholars and teachers of philosophy in the United States, he is also one of the most practical men engaged in administration anywhere. He addresses with equal ease a gathering of philosophers or a meeting of business men. Last year at the annual dinner of the New York chamber of commerce his speech was the talk of the evening. A week later he was discussing ethics and religion at the banquet of the Liberal club in Buffalo. President Schurman is editor of The Philosophical Review, an American periodical which rivals the best philosophical journals of England and Germany. He is also editor of The School Review, and his annual reports are unsurpassed in their wise and suggestive treatment of college and secondary school studies. His firm grasp of educational principles is already seen in the revision of courses made at Cornell last year.

A Cosmopolitan University.

Cornell attracts students from all over the world. Not only does every county in New York state send one or more students, but every state in the republic, except three, and all the continents of the world are represented among Cornell students. New York state alone has more than 1,000 students at Cornell. Canada last year sent 40 of her sons and daughters to Cornell—more than to any other college in the United States. Africa, Asia, Europe, Central and South America all contribute to make Cornell one of the most cosmopolitan of American universities.

More than one-third of the students who go to Cornell enter Sibley college, the department of mechanical and electrical engineering, which is named after the late Hiram Sibley of Rochester in consideration of his large benefactions. The work begun by the father has been continued by the son, Hiram W. Sibley, Ph. D., whose latest benefaction is the erection of a new stone building, duplicating the main building. Sibley college has an international reputation, and doubtless stands at the head of American technical schools—at least that is the opinion of European critics. Professor Ritter of Germany, who spent several months in the United States last year as the representative of the German government, first at the World's fair, and later studying American technical schools, reported that, "as far as regards instruction in mechanical engineering, Cornell university stands at the head of American institutes." It is interesting to note Dr. Ritter's opinion that, while technical instruction in the United States is somewhat less solid and complete on the theoretical side than in Europe, it is much superior in its practical bearings. He praises "the truly grand achievements in engineering and machine construction in the United States." Dr. Thurston, the director of Sibley college, is known throughout the world as a leading authority on thermo dynamics, his works on the steam engine having been translated into many foreign languages. He was one of the organizers and the first president of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers.

A Unique Relic.

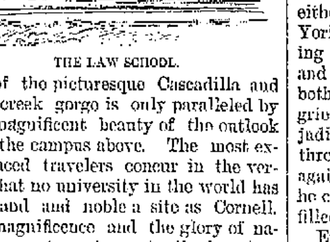
Visitors to Cornell university always observe a horseshoe that occupies a conspicuous place in one of the Sibley college buildings. It has an interesting history which teaches a practical and useful lesson. Rev. Robert Collyer, the Unitarian clergyman of New York, best known perhaps as the hero of the great Chicago fire, was once engaged to give a lecture at the university. After the lecture the trustees, who knew that Dr. Collyer had been a blacksmith in his early career, invited him to go into the university blacksmith shops and give an exhibition of his skill as a lesson to American youths, who, whatever their aspirations, did not disdain to learn the practical arts which might serve as a foundation to subsequent training.

In response to the invitation Dr. Collyer donned overalls and jacket and welded the horseshoe that is now guarded with so much care by the Sibley college authorities. A great American painter, when commissioned to paint Dr. Collyer's portrait, heard of this incident and seized upon it as the scene for his painting. It is said that Dr. Collyer received from the trustees of the university a check for $2,000 as the reward for making the horseshoe, or, more properly speaking, for the lesson which he thereby gave to American youth for all time.

The Great Library.

Of the 16 buildings, costing as many hundred thousand dollars, which Cornell uses for purposes of instruction, the one which arouses the most admiration among students and visitors is the library building, completed in 1891. This building, erected at an expense of $350,000, can accommodate more than 500,000 volumes and is regarded as the model college library building of the United States. The library now contains about 160,000 volumes and 50,000 pamphlets and is surpassed by only two or three college libraries in the country. One of those which outnumber it is really less useful because less carefully selected. The well lighted reading room of the library contains ample accommodations for 220 students, who have free access to the open bookcases around its walls. These provide shelf room for a judiciously selected reference library of 8,000 volumes, comprising encyclopedias, dictionaries, treatises and standard works in the various departments. The north wing of the library houses the White historical library, a collection of works in many respects unequaled in the United States. From the White library a visitor may obtain one of the best views of the beautiful Cayuga lake and surrounding scenery. The university is situated upon an elevated plateau, from which the outlook is grand and picturesque. At the two sides of the plateau streams descend, like water at Lodore, roaring and sparkling and foaming from cataract to cataract into the gulch that deepens through the soft rock nearly 500 feet.

It was the outburst of a Boston minister, on his first sight of Cascadilla gorge, "Nature itself marked out this place for a great university." The wild-



THE LAW SCHOOL.

ness of the picturesque Cascadilla and Fall creek gorge is only paralleled by the magnificent beauty of the outlook from the campus above. The most experienced travelers concur in the verdict that no university in the world has so grand and noble a site as Cornell. The magnificence and the glory of nature suggest greatness to the imagination, and both the plans and their present execution betray the influence of the location upon the founders and builders of the university.

An Army of Students.

Turning back through the 26 years since the institution began as a university and looking at its history in the light and in the shadow, the ripeness of its plans, the absence of radical mistakes in the carrying out of its policy and the rapidity of its material and intellectual development are typical of American civilization in its best form. Today, with 1,700 students on its rolls, with an equipment of buildings that is unsurpassed in America, with a faculty that represents a large number of the best educators, with a variety of departments that recalls the many sided activity of the educational centers of the middle ages, with libraries, museums and laboratories that compare favorably with those of institutions established for two or three centuries, with a grip upon the best methods of education which is almost beyond the reach of an institution weighted down by tradition, and with a president who combines great executive ability with rare tact, oratorical power, scholarship and unbounded popularity, Cornell university stands on the vantage ground, if not at the head, of American educational institutions.

A. F. WEBER.

Horse radish as a medicine and condiment is mentioned in the Egyptian records 2000 years B. C. It is easily grown in almost any part of the world.

Work For It.

Earth is not all dark and grim
For the heart that jolly is;
Where the sunlight shineth dim
Showeth where the folly is;
Part the branches, let a gleam
Of the noonday glory in—
Every fitful, golden beam
Hath a rich life story in.

Ope the door; let the breeze
Bring a song of beauty rare;
Quick the godly impulse sees
Some rich hue of duty there.
Laughing child and singing bird,
Plowman's call and lowing kine
Tell a tale of joy unheard
In the minstrel's glowing line.

Rake the meadow; turn a stone;
Stand upon the mountain's brow!
Nature sings her sweetest tone,
Springs her clearest fountains now.
Glean the harvest by the way,
Whatsoe'er it leaves to thee;
Thou shalt sing a merry lay
All its golden sheaves to see.

—J. H. Mackley in Cleveland Plain Dealer.

When Women Are Ahead.

This is the time of year when woman demonstrates her superiority to man by looking cool whether she is or not.—Washington Star.

A Present For Your Deaf Friend.

A curious present for a deaf person has been introduced in Germany—a fan deftly concealing a tiny ear trumpet in its stick.

THE LONDON POLICE.

THEY ARE COMPARED TO "THE FINEST" IN OUR LARGE CITIES.

Reason Versus Clubs—The Art of Conducting an Orderly Town—The Democracy of Monarchy—The London "Bobby" In a Fight.

[Special Correspondence.]

LONDON, June 3.—For the life of me I cannot avoid drawing a contrast between the police of London and the police at home in New York. In London they are a band of courteous public servants who are willing to oblige and give information to everybody. In New York they are a proved set of offensive blackguards and bullies. This is a hard and straight to the point way of putting it, but it is the truth, the proved truth. And, again, no man can say that I am going back on America or am an anglomaniac. I love America above all other places, and I hate to have to listen in silence to the sarcastic allusions English newspaper men make to me concerning the mock liberty that exists at home in New York.

The average wage of a London policeman is about 24 shillings a week ($6), and even if he had the desire there is no show for him to levy blackmail. Contrast this with the salaries paid the patrolmen at home and their opportunities, and remember also that money goes pretty nearly as far in New York as it does in London.

I have lived in London now for three months and have discovered a strange fact. It is this: In London the individual has much more liberty than he has in New York. Think of it! Here in the great town of an old monarchy there is actually more freedom than there is in the great town of a new republic. It ought not to be true, but it is true. In Hyde park you will hear men and women saying things for which they would be arrested and given a year's imprisonment in New York, and still London is a most orderly town. Yes; the police of New York understand the art of levying blackmail, but they don't understand the art of conducting an orderly town, and why men should have more freedom under a monarchical form of government than under a republican form is a riddle the solving of which I leave to others. And people wonder at Americans becoming anglomaniacs. I'm beginning not to wonder at it at all.

The principle of the London policeman is to keep and preserve the peace, restore order and see that there is no breakage of the law. The principle of the New York policeman is to break the peace, aggravate disorder and have the law broken so that he may be able to levy blackmail. At least this is the principle he acts upon. The following will illustrate the attitude of the London policeman toward those that come within his supervision. At about 10 o'clock last Sunday night, as I was sauntering along Threadneedle street, I saw two men fighting in the entrance way of a public house. They were at it hammer and tongs, and I watched them for a short while, till suddenly up came a policeman. At once he rushed in between them, and after a great deal of difficulty, in which he was knocked about considerably himself, he managed to part them. I noticed that all through the scuffle he never attempted to strike either of them himself. Imagine a New York policeman doing this. After parting them he expostulated with them and advised them to go home. Then both began to tell him the story of their grievance. He listened patiently and judicially to them, and when they were through he advised them to go home again. They took his advice, and then he calmly resumed his beat. He had fulfilled his duty by restoring the peace.

Even in the lowest and most dangerous parts of London the policemen show a disposition to perform their duties in a fair and humane way. If the roughs are doing anything out of the way, they meet and talk to them as man to man, and only arrest them in a case of necessity. Often in Waterloo road and along New Cut, I see them in the act of arguing the point with unkempt looking, roughly clad men and boys.

I suppose if I were to speak to a bulldozing, blackmailing police captain at home of this way of handling the rough element of a city, he would tell me that it was all wrong, because it taught the people not to be afraid of the law. But he himself would be in the wrong. In the first place, he would show that he knew nothing at all of human nature, because the best way to get the best out of people is by appealing to their reason and sense of propriety and not by pistoling and clubbing them. And, again, why should people be made afraid of the law? Why shouldn't it be helpful and protectful to them?

The way that the London police handle a great crowd is magnificent. You never see a club raised or hear a hard word used. The police are courteous and civil, and the people pay attention to any request they may have to make. Apropos of this let me tell you of what I once saw in Chicago. It was during a big celebration, and the streets were thronged. The police had to clear a passage through a dense crowd of people. How did they do it? Why, simply by cursing at, shoving and pushing them, and when they were unable to get out of the way fast enough by murderously clubbing them. I saw the blood of free American citizens fall upon the stones because, like a lot of frightened rats, they were unable to obey a policeman's order fast enough.

This order of things exists in a greater or lesser degree in every big city in America. It is perhaps at its worst in New York, but policemanism is the same character all over the States. And I am sorry to say that the policemen are in the main men of my own race—Irishmen. As I see the way the police manage things here in London a keen sense of duty makes me write this letter as strongly and as much to the point as possible.

BART KENNEDY.

BY BALLOON TO THE POLE.

King Oscar to Back Andree's Attempt to Solve the Frozen North's Mystery.

As the queen of Spain backed the famous sea voyage of Columbus to the new world, so the king of Sweden will furnish a large sum of money to send Andree, the world renowned Swedish aeronaut, on an air voyage to the north pole. Andree is an engineer who has devoted many years of his life to aerostatics. He does not follow ballooning for pleasure or notoriety, but solely for the enrichment of science. He has narrowly escaped death on numerous occasions, but repeated perils only serve to increase his pluck. For some time past he has been ambitious to undertake an aerial voyage to the pole, and has at last succeeded in awakening such interest in his project in Sweden that King Oscar has decided to furnish $8,400 of the needed funds.

Two experienced aeronauts—one of them M. Nils Eckholm—will accompany Andree on his perilous trip, and the adventurous trio will be carried by an enormous balloon capable of sustaining 6,600 pounds for a period of 30 days. They will carry their scientific instru-

PROFESSOR S. A. ANDREE.

ments, a sledge, a canvas boat, arms and ammunition, ballast and supplies for four months. The envelope of the balloon will be so carefully constructed that the escape of gas will be reduced to a minimum, and the car will be a two storied affair, containing a bed chamber, a photographic room and store cupboards.

Ballast ropes, designed to regulate the height of the balloon to 816 feet above the earth, will permit the aeronauts to pass along below the lowest strata of clouds, and the speed of the balloon will be regulated by cocoanut fiber baskets that may be dropped to the water by means of ropes and serve as drags.

The expedition will leave Spitzbergen about a year from the coming July. Awaiting a favorable wind, the balloon will fly northward toward the great unknown, and if expectations are realized the scientists believe they will reach the pole in from 6 to 40 hours. They will take as many photographs as possible, and having accomplished their mission will continue on to the northwestern shores of North America. If their balloon is lost, the daring aeronauts will probably perish.

WITH AND WITHOUT SKIRTS.

A Pair of Neat and Attractive Costumes For Fair Bicyclists.

Here are two new and attractive costumes for fair devotees of the wheel. The first is a dashing and rather daring design. It comprises knickerbockers and

jacket of checked cheviot, a vest of pin dotted cloth, a collar, tie and alpine hat. Leggings of leather are worn with it.

The other costume is modest appearing and allows free use of the limbs. It is all in one piece—skirt, trousers and bodice. There are no strings, buttons or fastenings of any kind except down the

front, where there is a single row of buttons. It is designed to be worn with no other undergarments than tights. A hose supporter is attached to the waist line. Any suitable material is suggested.

Nothing Else to Do.

It was a glorious morning.

Nevertheless she was filled with gloomy foreboding.

"I fear me," she mused, "that the full styles are about to go out."

Presently high resolve sat upon her brow.

"If they do"—

She spoke as one wont to rule.

"My husband will have to take the gold cure, that's all."

She could only wait and hope.

Almost a Hint.

A certain gentleman was in the habit of visiting very frequently a family where his company was not wanted. One evening he was met at the gate by one of the little boys of the family, who clapped his hands and said:

"You're too late! You're too late!"

"What do you mean, Tommy?"

"Mamma said, 'Let us have supper an hour earlier, so we can have one meal by ourselves.' You're too late!"

Extraordinarily Healthy.

"Who lives there?" the eastern capitalist wanted to know.

"One of our oldest citizens," the real estate agent made reply, "a remarkable man, 85 years old and never paid a dollar for doctors' bills in his life."

"But who are all those men standing round the gate?"

"Oh, them—er—those are the doctors, you know, trying to collect their bills."

THE ARIZONA KICKER.

THE MANAGER OF "UNCLE TOM'S CABIN" WAS CAUTIONED.

Advised to Move On to the Next Town, But He Refused, and Naturally There Was Trouble—No One to Blame but the Manager.

The mayor of this town (who is ourself) had a long and fatherly talk with the manager of an "Uncle Tom's Cabin" troop billed to play at Modoc hall last Wednesday evening. When we understood from him that there was no Hamlet or grave digging or skull in the play, no high kicking, jig dancing or scrapping; that the hero was not swept over Niagara falls or the heroine carried off by Indians we advised him to go on to the next town and take no risks. He listened to us in a respectful way, but refused to believe that we knew the idioms of the people better than he did. We issued his license with sorrow in our heart. At an early hour Wednesday evening the hall began to fill up. Some of the audience had two guns, some only one. As far as outward appearances went, everything was serene, and the goose hung high, but the smiling and urbane manager had a surprise in store for him. The crowd gave the play a fair show—that is, everybody sat quiet through half of the first act and let things develop. When it was realized that there was nothing in the play but Uncle Tom and Little Eva, and a few negroes, and a couple of dogs, and a monkey, the shooting began. The kerosene lamps, the scenery, the ceiling, the actors—almost everything and everybody—were made targets of, and in five minutes the hall was empty and the actors flying for their lives through the sagebrush. Most of them spent the night outdoors, and they were a sad and disconsolate lot as they got together and left town next day. It has happened so before and probably will again. We are a people who want what we want and are willing to pay for it, but will take no substitute. What will tickle a Boston audience may bring tears here, and what New Yorkers weep over won't catch on here for shucks. Every time a manager has consulted the idioms of our people and given us a combination of "Hamlet," "Uncle Tom's Cabin," "The Old Homestead" and Primrose and West the audience has been enthusiastic, but every time a manager has descended upon the town with a determination to carry out his own ideas dire disaster has overtaken him.

Expediting the Mails.

Two or three months ago, when appointed postmaster of this town, we mentioned the fact that the triweekly mails from Lone Jack, Pine Hill and Dog Creek reached this postoffice in the most erratic manner and evidently at the convenience of the mail carrier. We promised to look into the matter as soon as we got things in hand, and last Tuesday afternoon, as the Lone Jack mail, due at 11 o'clock a. m., had not arrived at midafternoon, we mounted our cayuse and set out to investigate. This route is carried on horseback, and the name of the carrier is Simms. We found Mr. Simms luxuriously reclining under a tree about four miles from town. He was luxuriously drunk and sound asleep, while his old horse had shaken the mailbag off his back and was standing on it with his hind feet. Mr. Simms is a very sober man just now, but few doubt if he has any clear remembrance of a tenth part of what happened to him during the ten minutes following our arrival. All he can remember is being struck by a cyclone, which lifted him up and tossed him around and kicked him and tried to drive him into the earth. He was a hard man to wake up, but when he got his eyes open and began to realize the situation he didn't waste much time getting on to his horse with his mailbag and heading for town. On his next trip he came in an hour ahead of time, and we understand he intends to do even better than that. Some day this week we shall look into the delay on other routes. For weeks past the Pine Hill mail has been from six to ten hours late on every occasion, and we shall make a great effort to discover the cause and remove it. It is our duty as postmaster to see that the mails arrive and depart on time, and we feel quite certain that our manner of "expediting" the service will meet with the approval of both our fellow townsmen and the postal authorities at Washington.

Made a Mistake.

Yesterday afternoon a man named Taylor, who is the driver of a mule team in Colonel Frazer's outfit, entered the private banking institution of Shortwell & White and wrote out a check for $50. As he had no money on deposit the cashier of course refused to cash. Taylor then rolled up the check, crowded it into the muzzle of a gun, and resting the weapon on the cashier's window he declared he would shoot the paper through Mr. White's body if not promptly honored. There was a time in this town when that sort of a game could be worked, but that was years ago. The mulewhacker had scarcely made his bluff when Mr. Shortwell had him in his grip, and he was disarmed, choked, kicked and licked and dragged out doors inside of three minutes. We arrived at the conclusion of the fracas and assisted Dr. Johnson to restore the man to consciousness and bandage and plaster him up so that we could hold an interview. The man hadn't much to say. He had come up here from the railroad wearing a big hat, two guns, long legged boots and a bowie knife, and some of his fellow drivers had told him that he was a genuine old fashioned terror and ought to demean himself accordingly. He decided to make a start by bluffing a bank, and when we told him that he had made a dismal failure of it and might get two or three years in prison on top of that he broke down and wept like a child. He will be under the doctor's care for the next two weeks, and at the end of that time will probably be allowed to limp out of town. He doesn't seem to be a bad man at heart, but simply made a mistake in thinking he was a good bluffer. He has relatives in New Mexico, and we take this method of informing them that he will probably survive his injuries, but will look and act altogether different when he again appears in public.—M. Quad in Detroit Free Press.

Beginning Business.

Some people can set up in business on a very small capital. One morning little Susie Green called at Mrs. Brown's door.

"Say, Mrs. Brown," she said, "ma wants to know if she could borrow a dozen eggs? She wants to set 'em under a hen."

"So you've got a hen that you're setting, have you?" said Mrs. Brown. "I didn't know you kept hens."

"No'm; we don't, but Mrs. Smith's going to lend us a hen that wants to set, and ma thought that if you'd lend us some eggs we'd find a nest ourselves!"—Youth's Companion.

How to See the Country.

Wheeling is the only way to see the country, and the time to see it is when one is young and full of vim. Besides if one travels at 25 and dies at 60 he has 35 years' benefit of the trip, whereas if he travels at 50 he has but 10 years. The two essentials to security and pleasure are a good and sufficient accident policy and the best wheel in the market.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Why Mexicans Get Mixed.

There are said to be 42 grammars of the ancient Mexican language and 23 dictionaries.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1895

REMOVING A CANINE.

IT SHOULD HAVE BEEN EASY, BUT IT DIDN'T PROVE SO.

A Slight Disturbance In a Church Which Gained Such Headway That It Assumed Wonderful Proportions In a Short Time. The Minister's Sorrow.

[Copyright, 1895.]

"Will the sexton kindly remove that barking dog from the rear of the church?" said the Rev. Guy Ponsonby as he paused in the midst of his text one bright Sabbath morning.

Peter Pigotte, a short, prematurely gray man, with stooping shoulders, arose from his accustomed seat near the chancel and retreated on tiptoe in the direction from whence the sound came. Peter had been sexton of this house of worship for four and twenty years and knew where to look for occasional dogs. They invariably took quarter in the closet under the stairs leading to the gallery.

"KINDLY REMOVE THAT DOG?"

"Come, my good fellow," he said in tones soft and low.

"Bow-wow-wow!" was the vociferous response from the depth of the closet.

"Kindly remove the animal without noise," interrupted the pastor in tones that to the sexton's trained ear betrayed anything but the temper of a lamb. Then he added diffidently, "I suppose he came in when nobody was watching."

CARRIED HIM WRIGGLING.

This last little sally Pigotte knew was intended to reflect upon his diligence as a vigilant officer. With rising passion he seized the intruder by the collar, and by giving the same a sharp twist cut off his vocal chord for the time being and carried him wriggling into the churchyard.

"You miserable cur," he groaned as he placed his victim on the ground and looked about for a club. "But ain't I going to warm your jacket?"

In another instant the most grewsome sounds that ever broke upon the ears of a congregation penetrated the church.

"Whack, whack, whack!" rang the blows above the dog's howls.

Strong women turned pale, and one or two men moved nervously in their seats.

"Will Elder Bovey kindly go out and cause that man to desist from beating that dumb animal?" asked the pastor gravely.

A blush surmounted the serene but determined face of the elder, and he hastened toward the door.

"Why, sir, are you not ashamed to desecrate the Sabbath in this wise?" he said, laying his hand firmly upon the arm of the sexton.

"WHACK, WHACK, WHACK!"

"Now, if you have come out here to take sides with the dog, I'll lick you, too," replied the latter in high tones.

For a moment there was an unintelligible clash of words and then the sounds of raining blows and a hand to hand struggle floated up the aisles of the church. Above the din could be heard the muffled howls of the dog. He was being trod underfoot.

Rev. Mr. Ponsonby stood as mute as a statue. Then suddenly his eyes fell upon a man whose clean shaven face, excepting a small portion of the chin, was whiter than all the rest.

"Deacon Van Drow," he said, "will you go out and separate those two brothers?"

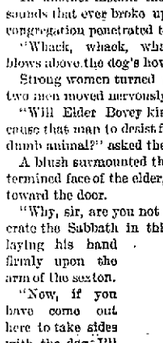
As the deacon opened the door a voice floated in, exclaiming:

"Take your teeth out of my ear!"

Then the door closed, and for several seconds only the common rumbling of strife could be distinguished. Then Deacon Van Drow was heard to cry out in tones louder than the others:

"Whose nose is that you're punchin? Let me up! Help! Murder! Murder!"

With a single bound Rev. Mr. Ponsonby cleared the altar rail and rushed from the church. He was followed by his excited flock. The sight that greeted them was perhaps the most tragic in the annals of the Claylick Corners congregation.



MOST TRAGIC.

It took the combined strength of the consistory to tear the combatants apart and stand them on their right ends.

It was then that the mangled carcass of the dog was exposed to view. At the sight of it the pastor swooned and fell upon the ground.

"What ails you? Speak!" cried everybody in chorus.

"It was my dog!" he said, and then he went into a trance. BEE BO.

THE STREET CAR WOMAN.

She Acts In This Manner the Wide World Over.

"There she is!"

It is neither a shout from a single individual nor a chorus of exclamations from the passengers, but a mental ejaculation from each and every one as the woman appears in the rear door. All instantly recognize her. She is not the woman who occupies two seats, not the woman who wants the front door left open for her asthma, not the woman with the poodle dog. No, no! She is the woman who invariably loses a penny out of her hand or purse as she pays her fare.

"Now it will come!"

The conductor assumes an air of humility and enters and stands before her with palm turned upward. Up to this point she has been settling herself between a long waisted girl with a bundle on her knees and a dejected looking man with a cataract on the left eye. She suddenly realizes that no one but an alderman rides o. h. in a street car, and she rouses herself and fumbles for her purse. She fumbles and fumbles and fumbles. A man could have left in every one of his 12 pockets while she was finding her one. Everybody looks at her. Will she find it? Is there a pocket to be found? Isn't it in the dress left hanging on its peg in the closet?

Ah! she makes a discovery! The elusive pocket is found at last, and the cataract man smiles a glad smile, and the girl with the bundle heaves a sigh of relief. From out of the dodging, twisting, deceptive receptacle is fished a snakeskin portemonnaie. No use to mentally wonder over its contents—a silver dime, five pennies, a door key, four recipes, a thimble and two or three sample hairpins. With thumb and finger she dives for the pennies. One by one they are driven into a corner and captured, and by and by she has them all in the palm of her right hand. She shoots out her hand to drop them into the palm of the conductor and at the same instant crosses her feet, closes her portemonnaie and looks around the car in a defiant, triumphant way.

Something falls. Something rattles on the gratings. The conductor counts, "One, two, three, four!" The fifth cent is missing—just as everybody expected. Now the man with the cataract eye grins maliciously, the girl with the bundle is glad on't, the dude with the yaller gloves assumes a tired attitude and wishes he had never been born. Heads are bent forward, and eyes peer up and down and under the seats. Feet are drawn up, skirts lifted off the floor, and hearts almost cease to beat. The conductor gets down on his knees to make a closer search. The old chap in the front end of the car picks up a pin and holds it up to view to show that it isn't the lost cent. The gratings must come up. Everybody hitches toward the front door and holds up his feet, and then toward the rear door and holds them still higher. Seven long minutes speed into eternity, and five would be passengers on different crosswalks are left standing there to jaw and cuss and want to punch somebody's head.

Ah, ha, the lost is found! Snugged away in a nest of peanut shucks, trousers buttons and hairpins is the missing cent, and the conductor seizes it and holds it up in his fingers so that each and every passenger may be certain that it is neither a diamond ring nor yet a snow shovel. Then the grating is replaced, the people draw long breaths of satisfaction, and the woman who caused it all sits up stiffly and severely and with proper dignity, and the rolling car rolls on and on, and the world slowly revolves on its axis, and the conductor knocks down two fares and is at peace with earth again.

SCOTT LANSING.

DEFYING SOCIETY.

It Didn't Make Any Difference to Him What People Thought.

It was in the waiting room of a railroad line in the Buckeye State. Seated in the midst of a score of men and women was an old man who held a bulging satchel on his lap and tried to restrain the enthusiasm of a paper collar which insisted on peeping out of a knothole in the side of the bag. He had been dozing and nodding for 10 or 15 minutes, with his legs stretched out until they seemed to be 7 feet long, when he suddenly opened his eyes, drew back his legs, and a shade of anxiety was visible on his countenance.

Something had happened. Something continued to happen. He held up his right foot, which was incased in a boot large enough to contain the watermelon crop of Rhode Island for two seasons and began to agitate the heel thereof with the toe of his left. You've probably been there and know how utterly unsatisfactory such a proceeding is under the circumstances. After digging for a minute he raked his heel on the floor, but no smile of relief was visible on his face. As his satchel managed to tumble off his lap with a great thump just at this time general attention was attracted to the old man, and the passenger on his right inquired:

"Busted a suspender, or swallowed a button, or anything of the kind?"

"I wish it wasn't nuthin wuss!" replied the satchel man as he resumed the heel and toe performance.

"Are you sick?"

"It's them infernal chilblains on that ar' heel!" he exclaimed as he tried to get his foot within reaching distance. "I orter knowed better than to sit in this warm room."

"There's a sensation, oh!"

"More'n a dozen of 'em, and I've got to do sunthin mighty quick, or I'll hev to jump and holler and git the police arter me. Do you live here?"

"No."

"Know anythin about the customs around here?"

"Not much. Why?"

"Waal, I wanted to know whether a feller with chilblains was allowed to pull off his boot in good society and stop the agitashun, but I hain't time to go inquirin round. Off she's got to come, society or no society, and them as don't like it must move away!"

He grabbed the foot in his big hands, pulled and twisted and ran out his tongue, and it finally came off with a "s-s-u-p!" which was heard all over the room. After digging the itching heel with both hands in a lively manner for a minute he turned to the satchel after a vial of wintergreen essence and poured half its contents on the seat of his anxiety. It was hardly a minute before a sweet smile came to his wrinkled face, and he tugged and pulled and got his foot back into the boot and placidly observed:

"Might not hev bin jist the thing before good society, but what's society compared to half an acre of the most cantankerous chilblains ever heard of in Ohio!"

MARTEL WHITE.

A GOOD TOWN FOR TITLES.

They All Bore One, Even Unto Colonel Jones.

I was riding around town with Colonel White, when we were hailed from the steps of a store by a man, and the colonel stopped his horse and introduced me to Captain Davids. After we moved on he said:

"If you meet the captain again, he'll be sure to talk war, but he wasn't in it. He's simply a blowhard."

As we drove past the postoffice a man came out and waved a newspaper at the colonel and called to him to hold up. We stopped, and the colonel introduced him as Major Taylor. After we left him the colonel said:

"He's another of the same sort. He'll fill you up with army adventures, but he never saw a battle or heard the sing of a bullet."

Down at the oil mills, as we were turning around, some one cried "Hello!" to the colonel, and a man came up and was introduced as General Whitcomb. He had a decided military bearing, but when we had left him behind the colonel said:

"I'll give you a pointer on the general too. He'll reel off army yarns by the rod, and yet he never even had a uniform on."

We didn't meet with any more heroes during the drive, but soon after our return, and while I sat on the hotel veranda waiting for the dinner bell, a gentlemen who had every appearance of having led a brigade in a glorious charge to victory came up and introduced himself as General Patton and added:

"I saw you out riding with Colonel White a bit ago."

"Yes, he drove me around town."

"Good fellow, the colonel, but an awful bluffer; was never even sworn into the service, and yet he'll tell you how he was shot all to pieces and left for dead at Cedar Creek."

The general talked for a few minutes and then excused himself, and as I went in to dinner the landlord met me with a smile and a wink and whispered:

"I saw the general out there filling you up. He was in Europe all through the war and has no right to the title!"

"My friend," I said, "is there a captain, colonel, major or general in this town who was actually in the war and fairly won his title?"

"Only one—just one," he blandly replied.

"And that man"—

"I'm the one! Yes, I'm Colonel Jones, at your service!"

I had to leave town directly after dinner, but on the train I fell in with a man and happened to speak of Colonel Jones to him, and he exclaimed:

"Colonel Jones? Colonel Jones? Why, sah, that man wasn't 15 years old when General Lee surrendered!"

AUSTIN KEENE.

BEATING THE RECORD.

The man with a flat subscription book concealed in the skirts of his coat looked over the gate and said to the boy:

"Where's your mother?"

"In the kitchen, beating eggs," the boy replied.

"Sister at home?"

"Yep—out'n the back yard, beating a carpet."

"Don't suppose your father's here?"

"Nope—just blew round the barn after Bill—first Bill was beating father, 'n'en father caught up an went to beating Bill. Beatenest ol' time we've had round here sence winter."

The man with the flat subscription book turned slowly away.

"It beats me," he muttered sourly.

W. O. FULLER, JR.

ACCORDING TO LOCATION.

The old woman leaned over the tumble down fence and called sharply down the country road: "Here, you, Edmund Lee, bring your brothers and sisters and pike along home sudden! Hyear me?"

"Are they all yours, ma'am?" asked the horseman as he hung up the gourd dipper at the side of the roadside spring.

"Yes, sir, they air," she said proudly. "And thet ain't all."

"Don't you run short of names for 'em?"

"No, sir; there's jest names to plant when you uses location names."

"Location names! How's that?"

"Well, when we lived down in Turkey Creek valley and had lots of neighbors, we named 'em after the neighbors; that was when Edmund Lee, Martha Larick, Mary Huldah and John Lewis was borned. Next year we farmed at the springs whar they was lots of strangers, and that was the year the twins come, Gus Rodolphus Doris Moses Willis Phil Thomas James and Ephelinder Blue Buskana Beadicia Albacinda Martineau."

The traveler caught his breath.

"The next summer," said the woman apathetically, "we got religion—and the next two babies was Mary Anna Martha and Matthew Mark Luke and John. But the next year we didn't have no luck, and the old cow died, and the sheep got the murrain, and my man he broke his leg in the lumber dam, so we called the baby Lamentations of Jeremiah, Jerry for short, and let it go at that."

HARRY CASTLETON.

He Was Nearsighted.

"What frightful bloomers!" Smith exclaimed. "She's crazy, I am sure!"

But he soon found out his judgment had been rather premature.

ONE WAS TAKEN.

I was riding over the path of the cyclone which had cut a swath across a county the day before when I came to a settler seated on a block of wood in front of the ruins of a pole shanty. Everything had been taken away down to the puncheon floor, and the dozen fruit trees around the house were lying uprooted.

"How far hev yo' cum, stranger?" he asked as I rode up.

"From Scottsville."

"My old woman blowed away in that direction, and I thought you might hev seen her."

"No, sir."

"Mule went at about the same time, I guess. He was a big white mule."

"I haven't seen him. Then you have lost everything?"

"Everything, stranger—wife, mule, dog, 13 hens, house and furniture. One minit they was all here—next minit they was all gone!"

"Were you home at the time?" I asked.

"Oh, yes—right here to home."

"And you neither blew away nor got hurt!"

"Neither one. Come through it all as sound as a dollar."

"Where were you when the cyclone struck the house?"

"Waal, the hand of Providence seemed to be in it. Me and the ole woman had a row out in the garden, and I chased her into the house. She turned on me like a cat, got a good grip and heaved me down cellar through the open trapdoor. Then she got a rockin cheer and set on the trap and rocked and hollered to me that I couldn't git out till I knuckled under. She was a-rockin when I heard a boom-bang! and I got out of the cellar to find things as you now see 'em. Wouldn't you sorter call it the hand of Providence, stranger?"

"Well, perhaps, but what are you going to do?"

"Nuthin—nuthin, 'tall, 'cept to be thankful that I was pitched down cellar instead of the old woman. If I'd hin carried off and she left, she'd hev never got over blowin around about how she made me take wings and fly away on the clouds of the mornin. If you should meet the old woman, you'll know her by her sheered and humble look." AUSTIN KEENE.

A Cabinet Rumor.

The latest cabinet rumor is that Dan Lamont is to retire, and that Outhwaite of Ohio, a cuckoo in the last house, will succeed him. Outhwaite certainly has high claims on the president, but we do not believe that Mr. Cleveland will ever deprive himself of the sage counsel and familiar association of Dan Lamont.—Buffalo Express.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

LESSON XI, SECOND QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, JUNE 16.

Text of the Lesson, John xxi, 4-17—Memory Verses, 15-17—Golden Text, John xxi, 17—Commentary by the Rev. D. M. Stearns.

4. Seven of the disciples had, under the leadership of Peter, gone afishing. But although they toiled all night they took nothing. Perhaps Peter thought of another night when they had labored in vain, but in the morning the Master filled two boats. He was now no longer with them, and perhaps it was His absence and their need that led them at this time to turn to the old occupation.

5. In the morning one stood on the shore whom they knew not and asked them if they had any meat. They were compelled to confess their emptiness and helplessness as they answered no. They should have trusted Him unseen as when He was visibly with them. But they were like ourselves, very slow to learn and full of doubts and fears and unbelief.

6. At His word they cast the net once more, and as on a former occasion when He called them to forsake all they catch a multitude of fishes. He changes not. His power is ever the same. If we would only trust Him, we might always be filled with joy and peace (Rom. xv, 13) and know somewhat of "satisfied with the favor and full with the blessing of the Lord" (Deut. xxxiii, 23).

7. John, whom Jesus loved, was the first to recognize the Lord. There must have been some unbelief about the fishing business, else he might have known Him sooner. It was unbelief on the part of Mary that caused her not to know Him (chapter xx, 14), for had she believed His words she would never have looked for the body of a dead Christ. The two who walked with Him to Emmaus and knew Him not were also full of unbelief (Luke xxiv, 25). And so always unbelief blinds the eyes (Heb. iii, 19).

8. As soon as Peter heard John say "It is the Lord," he at once cast himself into the sea to get to Jesus, while the other disciples came dragging the net with fishes. As Peter had led off in this going fishing, perhaps he wanted a word with the Lord alone, that he might take the blame upon himself and clear the others. As he had led out, he would be the first to lead back, a thing not always so easily done, as is seen in the case of Manasseh (II Chron. xxxiii, 16, 17).

9. Without any efforts of theirs, and without any of the fish that they had caught, their breakfast was ready for them. They might as well have trusted the Lord to care for them, for they had testified that when He sent them without purse or scrip or shoes they had lacked nothing (Luke xxii, 35). He will surely provide for all who truly serve and follow Him, according to Phil. iv, 19. We wonder if the fire of coals made Peter think of another fire of coals when he got into trouble (chapter xviii, 18).

10. "Jesus saith unto them, Bring of the fish which you have now caught." As if they had done it. He wrought through them and then gave them the credit of doing it. That is the way He does still. He works in us, when we are willing both to will and to do of His good pleasure (Phil. ii, 13), and then promises to reward us for the works which we allow Him to do through us (Rev. xxii, 12). Is not His name truly "Wonderful?"

11. On the former occasion the net broke (Luke v, 6), but not so now, although it contained 153 great fishes. In II Chron. ii, 17, we read that there were 153,000 strangers in the land in the days of Solomon, whom he employed to get materials for the temple. We know that the sea represents peoples and nations (Rev. xvii, 15), and that from the nations the Lord is gathering out a people for His name, to form a great spiritual temple as a dwelling place for God (Eph. ii, 21, 22), and that Peter was the first to open the door to the nations (Acts xv, 14).

12. "Jesus saith unto them, Come and break your fast" (R. V). See now why they had gone fishing. They were evidently hungry, had been fasting for some time, and no one seemed to care. So it looked as if they must do something, but their somewhat was all in vain till He commanded. Without Him all our efforts will amount to nothing (John xv, 5). He was visibly before them now, and they saw His provision for their need. Their lack of confidence in Him when invisible kept them from saying much.

13. "Jesus then cometh, and taketh bread, and giveth them, and fish likewise." He is always serving and supplying and caring for His people. The Son of Man, who came not to be ministered unto, but to minister (Math. xx, 28), is still our High Priest with girded breast (Rev. i, 13,) whose love and power combine for the best interests of all who are His. "He who spared not His own Son, but delivered Him up for us all, how shall He not with Him also freely give us all things?" (Rom. viii, 32.)

14. This is the third appearance to the disciples recorded by John; see chapter xx, 19, 26. While it is probably the seventh appearance since the resurrection, it is the third to any number of the disciples, the other four being to Mary, who first saw Him; then to the other women, and afterward to Peter, then to the two who walked to Emmaus, or possibly to the two before He appeared to Peter.

15. "Lovest thou me more than these?" Did He ask Peter whether he loved Him more than the other disciples loved Him, because Peter had made the strongest professions of love before the crucifixion (Math. xxvi, 33, 35; John xiii, 37), or did He ask Peter whether he loved the service of Christ, even though it should involve some hunger and fasting, more than food for the body such as had now been provided? We all need to remember that man doth not live by bread alone, but by every word of God (Math. iv, 4), and that it is possible to esteem the words of His mouth more than our necessary food (Job xxiii, 12).

16. "Lovest thou me?" The second time the question comes, but He does not add "more than these." We sometimes hear people testify in public as to how much they love the Lord. I confess it always makes me feel that they would do better to testify to the great love of God to them, for our love to Him is, I fear, scarcely a thing to be talked of in public. Let us manifest our love by caring for His sheep and lambs; by doing to others as He would do were He here; by acting on John's admonition, "Let us not love in word, neither in tongue; but in deed and in truth" (I John iii, 18).

17. "Lovest thou me?" The third time the question comes, for it is a heart searching one. Would Peter think of his threefold denial? Why was he grieved? How little we think of how we grieve the Lord! Let us pray Ps. cxxxix, 23, 24, margin. Peter had offered to die for Christ. Jesus now tells him that he shall have that privilege (verses 18, 19); has he love enough for that? Have you?

A Sprouting Table.

Grandma Fletcher, living on Weaver street, Gainesville, Tex., is the possessor of a genuine freak of nature. Some time during February she purchased from a farmer a rustic table made of willow. It was neatly arranged and had been given two coats of varnish. She placed the table in her parlor, and there it has remained ever since. A few days ago a roomer happened to notice the table and discovered twigs growing from each of the three legs, and some of the sprouts are now 3 inches long, with no prospect of a cessation of growth.

Hundreds of Gainesville's best citizens have examined the freak, and all are mystified.—St. Louis Republic

Turn the Way You're Falling.

The work of the instructor is purely physical and practically begins and ends in holding up the wheel. "Turn your wheel in the direction you feel you're going to fall" is the principle that it is most important to master.—New York Sun.

The Cyclometer's Influence.

The average cyclist will ride farther during a season with than without a cyclometer. That growing mileage record is a tremendous incentive to travel.

IVORY SOAP

IVORY

IT FLOATS

FORTY MILLION CAKES YEARLY.

THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO. CIN'TI.

SHE IS BUILT THAT WAY.

Why Woman Is Relatively a Better Cyclist Than a Man.

It is often remarked that in proportion to her general strength as compared with the strength of a man, the wheelwoman is better at long distances, hill climbing and so on than the wheelman. Why shouldn't she be? Every normally fashioned woman is a natural born cyclist. Nature, in planning the female specification, surely anticipated the bicycle, but the man's makeup contains no suggestion of cycling as belonging to the natural order of things.

In the female the bones of the head, arms and whole upper framework are small and light as compared with the male's, while the pelvic and thigh structure is larger and proportionately heavier. Clothed with flesh the figures present the variant proportions more strikingly. The center of gravity is far lower in the woman's body than in the man's. She can therefore the better balance and control the machine. Her hips are broader and heavier and her thighs larger and shorter, affording concentrated strength for cycling purposes. And to this immensely superior structural qualification we must add her marvelous capacity for endurance. Relatively she is as much superior to man at cycling as she is inferior at throwing a baseball.—American Cyclist.

HE PRAYED FOR A WHEEL.

But the Little Fellow Thought the Lord Had Made an Error.

The little fellow was taught to believe that prayers were answered, and so when the bicycle fever struck him he concluded to pray for a wheel. In the firm belief that the prayers would be answered, he counted the days intervening until the recurrence of his birthday, an occasion upon which he hoped to have his prayer answered. His mother meant to see that the bicycle was produced, but she was fearful of seeing such a wee little fellow riding a bicycle, and so she purchased a tricycle and placed it outside the little fellow's room.

In the morning, jumping out of bed, he rushed into the hall in search of the wheel and found a tricycle outside his door. For a moment his face wore a puzzled look, and then in tones of deepest disgust he wailed, "O Lord, don't you know the difference between a bicycle and a tricycle?"—Morgan & Wright's "Wheel Talk."

How to Inflate the Tires.

Don't have tires so flabby as to make them seem like tubular pancakes, nor yet so hard that a rope would afford greater resiliency and life. Favor the front tire with less inflation than the rear one, which has all the weight of the rider to support. No tires should be inflated beyond a point where a certain amount of "give" results from thumb pressure. If you must commit an error in tire inflation, let it be in the direction of too little, not to much, inflation. The heavier the rider the harder the tires must be inflated. On wet and slippery roads the harder the tire is pumped the less danger of slipping will there be.—Wheel.

The Brake and the Foot Rests.

Everything runs in fads, and it would not be surprising if at some later day brakes and foot rests would once more be popular. The opportunity to coast over perfectly safe grades is one that offers too much enjoyment to be missed. A brake and foot rests take up but little room and add scarcely anything to the weight, so that there seems to be no reason other than the prevailing fashion why they should not be universally used instead of discarded.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Chicago Fashion Against Bloomers.

There has been, is and will be no question of bloomers on the lower limbs of Chicago's upper ten. Not any at all. The subject has never been mooted; the only knotty point is the length of the skirt. Although there is no doubt that any skirt is hampering it is equally doubtless that some kind of skirt will continue to be worn while the fashionable woman rides the wheel.—Chicago Times-Herald.

It Takes the Plum.

The town council of Media, Pa., has passed an ordinance limiting the speed to seven miles an hour, and also prohibiting a cyclist from riding abreast of any other bicycle or vehicle of any kind. This latter provision seems to take the plum for prize idiocy.—American Cyclist.

Better Than a Canful.

Many riders are in the habit of flooding their bearings with oil. This is a mistake. Two or three drops of oil, provided they get into the bearings, are as good and better than a canful.—Bearings.

The Squeak Located at Last.

That mysterious squeak which defies all detection may often be found in the saddle springs.—Wheel.

THE GENTLER SEX ON CYCLES.

Chicago society decrees that a man and a girl may go bicycling together with propriety and without a chaperon.

A New Zealand woman's wheel club has disbanded owing to the members being unable to agree upon the definition of an amateur.

A Wichita paper is responsible for this: "A farmer's wife rode into Wichita yesterday in a calico dress and a sunbonnet on a bicycle."

High knee action adds to the beauty and value of a horse; the same rule does not apply to a woman on a bicycle, however, according to The Wheel.

"Anything over 50 on a wheel should be amenable to law. So this question of costuming aged women need not be discussed," says Amber in a Chicago paper.

No other 20 years in this century appear to have wrought a modification in manners one-half so profound as has been effected during the last four years since women have taken to cycling.

THE JUSTICE'S LITTLE GAME.

A Mud Puddle That May In Time Make Him a Millionaire.

"There's a justice of the peace in a country town not far from here," said a Buffalo wheelman, "who has a scheme that will make him a millionaire. The town has an ordinance forbidding bicycle riding on the sidewalks. A good many wheelmen go that way, so what does this justice do but scoop out a hole and make a great big mud puddle clear across the street right in front of his office. When a wheelman comes along, rather than ride through the mud, he turns upon the sidewalk. That's what the justice is waiting for. He has a constable on the watch, and the two nab the cycler.

"I was caught in the snare last week and fined $5. Some 20 wheelmen had been served the same way that day. It made me mad, and I began abusing the old fellow for having such a mud puddle in the street.

"'Why don't you fill it up,' I asked, 'if you want wheelmen to keep in the road?'

"He grinned in a most exasperating manner and answered without so much as a blush:

"'S'pose we're goin to destroy such a source of revenue as that mud puddle is? I guess not. John,' turning to the constable, 'you better take the hose and soften it up a little bit, ready for the next sucker.'"—Buffalo Express.

ODD SPOKES FROM THE WHEEL.

The extended use of bicycles in Denver has reduced the traffic receipts of the street railway companies one-half.

"A mile scratch for farm servants, pneumatics barred," is a novelty brought forth by an English race meet promoter.

A Chicago society woman bicyclist goes forth to ride with her maid pedaling along behind her at a respectful distance.

It is no more harm to play baseball on Sunday than to ride a bicycle, says a New York minister, who is against Sunday cycling.

Following the example of the Americans, there are now two onelegged cyclists in England who are endeavoring to get on a match race.

One reason why the bicycle houses keep such awful old machines to rent is that they are returned in the worst possible condition by the best possible people.

A Chicago lawyer has sued the owners of an office building in that city in which his office is located for damages for forcibly preventing him from putting his bicycle into the building.

The Cyclist Who Runs Amuck.

It is needless to remark that ladies and gentlemen do not "scorch" on the street. The greatest nuisance on the road is the fool who, arching his back in a hump like an angry cat, sticking his chin over the handle bar, working his spindle legs like a cotton factory engine, and with an expression of "What do you think of me?" on his fatuous front head goes scooting through a crowded thoroughfare without regard to life or limb. Almost every ride is marred by these banes running amuck over the road.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Lord Gower and the Demon 'Arry.

Lord Ronald Gower, who is a good deal of a swell in England, writes to a London newspaper that "cycling has become not only a nuisance in town and country, but a danger. Even in our once quiet country lanes one is liable to be cut in halves by some demon 'Arry or diabolical 'Arriet careening like so many Mazeppas on their infernal machines." Lord Ronald thinks that bicycles ought to be taxed.

Novices Should "Begin Moderit."

For those who have never ridden over 15 or 20 miles in a day the wise rule is to "begin moderit," as Josh Billings said in reference to courting, when he advised his young friend not to call oftener than "once every night in the week for the first six months." To go on a bicycle tour for the sake of seeing how far you can travel in a week or a fortnight is to make a huge mistake.—New York Tribune.

Thinks Her Wheel Is a Horse.

The veracious Chicago Times-Herald tells of a Chicago woman who starts and reins in her wheel when a steam dredge screams or a tug whistles, thinking it is going to get the bit between its teeth and run away. The result is the same, for she gives it such an overbalance as to send it off either to one side or the other.

Didn't Know She Had Them On.

An absentminded new woman of Brooklyn who had been bicycling started out afoot to make some calls without changing her bloomers for her usual conventional garb. A mob of small boys soon brought her to her senses, and she fled to the protection of a hotel.

How Bicycling Affects Business.

Bicycling lowers the price of horses and raises the price of diamonds. A prominent jeweler assures us that cycle racing has had a visible effect on the diamond markets, and any liveryman will corroborate the statement in regard to horses.—American Cyclist.

An Odd French Wheel.

A "conversation bicycle" is the most recent production of the fertile brain of the French manufacturer. The contrivance is so arranged that both operators face each other while propelling the apparatus.

Brooklyn's Popular Cycle Path.

In a single day recently 4,732 wheelmen went to Coney Island over the Brooklyn cycle path. Of the number 486 were women.

But Not In Bloomers.

Sporting Life observes that the female bicycle rider, after a long spin, even permits her breath to come in short pants.

Most Beautiful Room In the World.

It is believed by good judges that the rotunda hall of the new national library in Washington will be the most beautiful room in the world. Its walls are of exquisite marbles, while for a ceiling it has the magnificent dome of the building lined with sculptures in relief. In the center and somewhat elevated above the floor will be the desk of Librarian Spofford, around which in concentric circles will be arranged desks for readers. From the central desk trolleys will run to the book stacks, fetching such volumes as are required and returning others to the shelves. Mr. Spofford claims that in the new library a book will be obtainable in far less time than in any other library in the world.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Australian Butter In England.

Fresh butter has been transported from Australia to England and sold at a profit for 25 cents a pound. The freight amounts to 2 cents a pound. The next Australian experiment will be with poultry.

COUNT KALNOKY'S CAREER.

The Austrian Statesman Who Recently Resigned the Office of Premier.

"I cannot allow the impression to go abroad that Rome has the power to overthrow either Hungarian or Austrian ministers," the Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria remarked recently, but despite this royal pronunciamento Count Kalnoky, the veteran premier of Austria, has resigned because he criticised the conduct of Mgr. Agliardi, the papal nuncio. The nuncio, according to Kalnoky, had interfered in the domestic affairs of Hungary and had overstepped the limits prescribed for foreign diplomatic representatives. In his view the case appeared to demand a foreign office note to the Vatican. This opinion was expressed by Count Kalnoky in a private letter which was made public and caused the crisis that brought about the premier's resignation.

COUNT KALNOKY.

Count Gustav Siegmund Kalnoky was born at Lettowitz, Moravia, Dec. 29, 1832, and, like most young nobles, entered the army at an early age. When he was 22, however, he resigned to accept a position in the diplomatic corps, and he has since climbed to the very top in Austrian diplomacy. His first important work was done in 1871, when he was placed in temporary charge of the legation at Rome. The Italians had just entered the imperial city, and the time was a critical one, but Kalnoky's conduct won warm commendation from his superiors. Three years later he was sent as ambassador to the Danish court and acquitted himself so well that in 1880 he was promoted to the important post of ambassador to Russia.

It is said that while in Denmark and Russia his clear, concise and interesting dispatches attracted the attention of the emperor, and in November, 1881, he asked Kalnoky to succeed Baron Haymerle as Austro-Hungarian minister for foreign affairs.

Kalnoky is without doubt Austria's greatest living statesman. He has a wide knowledge of international law, is a thorough linguist, possesses rare tact, courage and foresight and knows the diplomatic game from beginning to end. His connections were neither rich nor influential, and he has mounted to the high place he occupies in Austrian affairs by sheer ability, pluck and force of character. He was premier longer than any other Austrian statesman, Prince Metternich excepted, and will doubtless remain in retirement but a short time.

AN INTERESTING EXPOSITION.

The Show at Bordeaux, France, Is Attracting Many Visitors.

A potent magnet for the European tourist just now is the thirteenth exposition of the Societe Philomathique, or the Bordeaux exposition, as it is better known. It is planned somewhat on the lines of the Paris exposition, and although much smaller is a great show, well worth the time of the pleasure seeker. The departments of fine arts, electricity, general science, industry and agriculture contain exhibits from almost all the continental countries, and every wine producing country in the world is showing what it can do in the department of wines, spirits and malted liquors. One of the most important exhibits is being made by a number of the great California winegrowers.

M. ALFRED DANEY.

The Societe Philomathique has been in existence about 112 years and has been a powerful factor in French progress. Its object from its inception has been to "advance general science, liberal arts, industry and public instruction," and notwithstanding the numerous political upheavals through which France has passed in a century the work has progressed with remarkable steadiness. In 1810 a free clinic and dispensary were organized for the benefit of the poorer classes and a great work has since been done among the needy. For years, too, the society has conducted a great educational institution that was the prototype of Girard college, which Stephen Girard, a native of Bordeaux, founded in Philadelphia.

The first exposition of the society was held in Bordeaux in 1827, and since that date the city has been the scene of 12 more. Each one was larger and better attended than its predecessor, and the seventh in 1847 had 27 departments and 300 exhibitors. The eighth exposition, in 1850, was notable because it marked the admission of foreign exhibitors. The exposition preceding the present one was held in 1882 and was an enormous success. There were 6,000 exhibitors and fully 1,000,000 visitors. The exhibition of 1895 is being held on a large parklike tract of land in the center of Bordeaux, and there are 15 large buildings and a Chicagoesque Midway plaisance. The director general of the exposition is M. Alfred Daney.

WHAT THE WHEEL MAY DO.

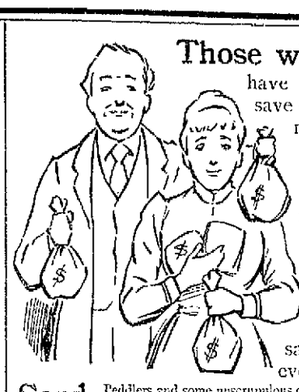
Open Up Suburbs, Compete With Street Cars and Do Other Things.

There are hosts of advantages to be considered in this bicycle business. In the first place, it will open up the suburbs of the big cities, and so put a stop to the overcrowding of neighborhoods. The man who owns a wheel can live ten miles out of town and still be within easy distance of the business center. Street car service will be taught a lesson also in the deal. When all men are independent owners of their own means of transit, the few who choose to patronize the cars will be better treated, let us hope.

How long the bicycle fad will last in society's circles is a much discussed theme. Utility is out of the question, since no vehicle is practicable for emergencies or everyday hurries that demands a complete change of costume "before and after." Nor can visits—except the most informal—be paid in short skirts. In time there may be hitching posts, with padlocks and chains, outside shops, or boys to hold wheels. At present there is no provision made, and the crowded streets are not safe for ladies. While bicycling demands dressing and a bath and change after it, it will be a luxury, like horseback riding, and how long it will continue to be enjoyed as a treat remains to be seen.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Own an Old Wheel to Lend.

Many folks lend a very old umbrella when a friend needs the accommodation. It always comes back. So with a bicycle. If you have an old wheel that will hardly fetch a reasonable amount when sold, keep it by you to lend. You'll always get it back in fair condition, whereas a newer one would have its beauty lost in no time.—Sporting Life.



Those who have the most have it, as a rule, because they save the most. They're more economical. These people buy Pearline. Proof—in all stores of the better class throughout the land, you'll find the sales of Pearline far in the lead. Now, these economical people wouldn't use Pearline for their washing and cleaning, if they didn't find it to be just what we say—the most economical in every way. Would they?

Send it Back

Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back.* 419 JAMES PYLE, New York.

Seavey Hardware Company.

Lawn Department.

Common Hose	$ 05
Medium Hose	08
Good Hose	10
Extra Good Hose	15
Very Best Hose	18
Lawn Mowers	2 50
Lawn Mowers	2 85
Lawn Mowers	3 25
Lawn Mowers	3 75

Refrigerator Dept.

No. 501	$ 6 00
No. 502	7 00
No. 503	9 00
No. 504	10 00
No. 201	8 00
No. 205	11 00
No. 207	12 00
No. 209	14 00

Screen Door Dept.

Screen Doors	$ 75
Screen Doors	80
Screen Doors	85
Screen Doors	89
Screen Doors	95
Screen Doors	98
Fancy Screen Doors, pr

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

Denunciation of Those Who Would Expurgate the Scriptures.

The Old Testament's Description of Wickedness Purposely and Righteously Plain—No Gilding of Iniquity in the Bible.

Rev T DeWitt Talmage preached on Expurgation of the Scriptures in a recent sermon in the Academy of music New York city, basing his discourse on the text

Let God be true but every man liar —Romans iii 4

He said The Bible needs reconstruction according to some inside and outside the pulpit It is no surprise that the world bombards the Scriptures, but it is amazing to find Christian ministers picking at this in the Bible and denying that, until many good people are left in the fog about what parts of the Bible they ought to believe, and what parts reject The heinousness of finding fault with the Bible at this time is most evident In our day the Bible is assailed by scurrility by misrepresentation by infidel scientists by all the vice of earth and all the venom of perdition and at this particular time even preachers of the Gospel fall into line of criticism of the word of God Why it makes me think of a ship in a September equinox, the waves dashing to the top of the smokestack and the hatches fastened down and many prophesying the foundering of the steamer and at that time some of the crew with axes and saws go down into the hold of the ship and they try to saw off some of the planks and pry out some of the timbers because the timber did not come from the right forest! It does not seem to me a commendable business for the crew to be helping the winds and storms outside with their axes and saws inside Now this old Gospel ship, what with the roaring of earth and hell around the stem and stern, and mutiny on deck is having a very rough voyage but I have noticed that not one of the timbers has started and the captain says he will see it through And I have noticed that keelson and countertimber knee are built out of Lebanon cedar, and she is going to weather the gale, but no credit to those who make mutiny on deck

When I see professed Christians in this particular day finding fault with the Scriptures it makes me think of a fortress terrifically bombarded and the men on the ramparts instead of swabbing out and loading the guns and helping fetch up the ammunition from the magazine are trying with crowbars to pry out from the wall certain blocks of stone, because they did not come from the right quarry Oh men on the ramparts, better fight back and fight down the common enemy instead of trying to make breaches in the wall

While I oppose this expurgation of the Scriptures I shall give you my reasons for such opposition "What" say some of the theological evolutionists whose brains have been addled by too long brooding over Darwin and Spencer "you don't now really believe all the story of the Garden of Eden do you?" Yes, as much as I believe there were roses in my garden last summer "But," say they "you don't really believe that the sun and moon stood still?" Yes and if I had strength enough to create a sun and moon I could make them stand still, or cause the refraction of the sun's rays so it would appear to stand still "But," they say, "you don't really believe that the whale swallowed Jonah?" Yes and if I were strong enough to make a whale I could have made very easy ingress for the refractory prophet, leaving to evolution to eject him, if he were an unworthy tenant! "But," say they "you don't really believe that the water was turned into wine?" Yes but as easily as water now is often turned into wine with an ad mixture of strychnine and logwood! "But," say they, "you don't really believe that Samson slew a thousand with the jawbone of an ass?" Yes and I think that the man who in this day assaults the Bible is wielding the same weapon!

There is nothing in the Bible that staggers me There are many things I do not understand, I do not pretend to understand, never shall in this world understand But that would be a very poor God who could be fully understood by the human That would be a very small Infinite that can be measured by the finite You must not expect to weigh the thunderbolts of Omnipotence in an apothecary's balances Starting with the idea that God can do anything, and that he was present at the beginning and that he is present now, there is nothing in the Holy Scriptures to arouse skepticism in my heart Here I stand a fossil of the ages dug up from the tertiary formation fallen off the shelf of an antiquarian, a man in the latter part of the glorious nineteenth century, believing in a whole Bible from lid to lid!

I am opposed to the expurgation of the Scriptures in the first place because the Bible in its present shape has been so miraculously preserved Fifteen hundred years after Herodotus wrote his history, there was only one manuscript copy of it Twelve hundred years after Plato wrote his book there was only one manuscript copy of it God was so careful to have us have the Bible in just the right shape that we have fifty manuscript copies of the New Testament a thousand years old, and some of them fifteen hundred years old This book handed down from the time of Christ by the hand of such men as Origen in the second century and Tertullian in the third century and by men of different ages who died for their principles The three best copies of the New Testament in manuscript in the possession of the three great churches—the Protestant church of England, the Greek church of St Petersburg, and the Romish church of Italy

It is a plain matter of history that Tischendorf went to a convent in the peninsula of Sinai and was by ropes lifted over the wall into the convent, that being the only mode of admission, and that he saw there in the waste basket for kindling for the fires, a manuscript of the Holy Scriptures That night he copied many of the passages of that Bible but it was not until fifteen years had passed of earnest entreaty and prayer and coaxing and purchase on his part that that copy of the Holy Scriptures was put into the hand of the emperor of Russia—that one copy so marvelously protected

Do you not know that the catalogue of the books of the Old and New Testaments as we have it is the same catalogue that has been coming on down through the ages? Thirty nine books of the Old Testament thousands of years ago Thirty nine now Twenty seven books of the New Testament now Marcion for wickedness was turned out of the church in the second century and in his assault on the Bible and Christianity he incidentally gives a catalogue of the books of the Bible that catalogue corresponding exactly with ours—testimony given by the enemy of the Bible and the enemy of Christianity The catalogue now just like the catalogue then As assaulted and spit on and torn to pieces and burned, yet adhering The book to day in three hundred languages, confronting four fifths of the human race in their own tongue Four hundred million copies of it in existence Does not that look as if this book had been divinely protected as if God had guarded it all through the centuries?

Is it not an argument plain enough to every honest man and every honest woman that a book divinely protected in this shape is in the very shape that God wants it? It pleases God and ought to please us The epidemics that have swept thousands of other books into the sepulcher of forgetfulness have only brightened the fame of this There is not one book out of a thousand that lives five years Any publisher will tell you that There will not be more than one book out of twenty thousand that will live a century Yet here is a book much of it sixteen hundred years old and much of it four thousand years old, and with more rebound and strength in it than when the book was first put upon parchment or papyrus This book saw the cradle of all other books, and it will see their graves Would you not think that an old book like this some of it forty centuries old would come along hobbling with age and on crutches? Instead of that, more potent than any other book of the time More copies of it printed than any other book—Walter Scott's Waverly novels Macaulay's History of England, Disraeli's Endymion the works of Tennyson and Longfellow and all the popular books of our time having no such sale in the last ten years as this old worn out book Do you know what a struggle a book has in order to get through one century or two centuries? Some old books during a fire in a seraglio of Constantinople were thrown into the street A man without any education picked up one of those books read it and did not see the value of it A scholar looked over his shoulder and saw it was the first and second decades of Livy, and he offered the man a large reward if he would bring the books to his study but in the excitement of the fire the two parted and the first and second decades of Livy were forever lost Pliny wrote twenty books of history, all lost Of one hundred and thirty comedies of Plautus all gone but twenty Euripides wrote a hundred dramas all gone but nineteen Aeschylus wrote a hundred dramas all gone but seven Varro wrote the laborious biographs of seven hundred Romans, not a fragment left Quintilian wrote his favorite book on the corruption of eloquence all lost Thirty books of Tacitus lost Dion Cassius wrote eighty books only twenty remain Berosus' history all lost

Nearly all the old books are mummified and are lying in the tombs of old libraries, and perhaps once in twenty years some man comes along and picks up one of them and blows the dust off and opens it and finds it the book he does not want But this old Book, much of it forty centuries old stands to day more discussed than any other book and it challenges the admiration of all the good and the spite and the venom and the animosity and the hypercriticism of earth and hell I appeal to your common sense if a book so divinely guarded and protected in its present shape must not be in just the way that God wants it to come to us, and if it pleases God ought it not to please us?

Not only have all the attempts to detract from the book failed but all the attempts to add to it Many attempts were made to add the apocryphal books to the Old Testament The Council of Trent the Synod of Jerusalem the bishops of Hippo, all decided that the apochryphal books must be added to the Old Testament

"They must stay in" said those learned men but they stayed out There is not an intelligent Christian man that to day will put the Book of Maccabees or the Book of Judith beside the book of Isaiah or Romans Then a great many said "We must have books added to the New Testament and there were epistles and gospels and apocalypses written and added to the New Testament but they have all fallen out You can not add anything You can not subtract anything Divinely protected book in the present shape Let no man dare to lay his hands on it with the intention of detracting from the Book or casting out any of these holy pages

Beside that I am opposed to this expurgation of the scriptures because if the attempt was successful it would be the annihilation of the Bible Infidel geologists would say out with the Book of Genesis, infidel astronomers would say, out with the book of Joshua, people who do not believe in the atoning sacrifice would say out with the Book of Leviticus people who do not believe in the miracles would say, out with all those wonderful stories in the Old and New Testament" and some would say "out with the Book of Revelations," and others would say, out with the entire Pentateuch" and the work would go on until there would not be enough of the Bible left to be worth as much as last year's almanac The expurgation of the scriptures means their annihilation

I am also opposed to this expurgation of the scriptures for the fact that in proportion as people become self sacrificing and good, and holy and consecrated they like the Book as it is I have yet to find a man or woman distinguished for self sacrifice for consecration to God for holiness of life, who wants the Bible changed Many of us have inherited family Bibles Those Bibles were in use twenty, forty fifty perhaps a hundred years in the generations To day take down those family Bibles and find out if there are any chapters which have been erased by lead pencil or pen and if in any margins you can find the words "This chapter not fit to read" There has been plenty of opportunity during the last half century privately to expurgate the Bible Do you know any case of such expurgation? Did not your grandfather give it to your father and did not your father give it to you?

Beside that, I am opposed to the expurgation of the Scriptures, because the so called indelicacies and cruelties of the Bible have demonstrated no evil result A cruel book will produce cruelty—an unclean book will produce uncleanliness Fetch me a victim Out of all Christendom and out of all the ages, fetch me a victim whose heart has been hardened to cruelty or whose life has been made impure by this book Show me one One of the best families I ever knew of for thirty or forty years morning and evening, had all the members gathered together and the servants of the household, and the strangers that happened to be within the gates—twice a day without leaving out a chapter or a verse, they read this holy Book morning by morning night by night Not only the older children but the little child who could just spell her way though the verse while her mother helped her The father beginning and reading one verse and then all the members of the family in turn reading a verse The father maintained his integrity, the mother maintained her integrity the sons grew up and entered professions and commercial life adorning every sphere in the life in which they lived, and the daughters went into families where Christ was honored and all that was good and pure and righteous reigned perpetually For thirty years that family endured the Scriptures Not one of them ruined by them

Now if you will tell me of a family where the Bible has been read twice a day for thirty years and the children have been brought up in that habit and the father went to ruin and the mother went to ruin and the sons and daughters were destroyed by it—if you will tell me of one such incident I throw away my Bible or I will doubt your veracity I tell you if a man is shocked with what he calls the indelicacies of the Word of God he is prurient in his taste and imagination If a man can not read Solomon's Song without impure suggestion he is either in his heart or in his life a libertine

The Old Testament description of wickedness, uncleanness of all sorts, is purposely and righteously a disgusting account instead of the Byronic and the Parisian vernacular which makes sin attractive instead of appalling When those old prophets point you to a lazaretto you understand it is a lazaretto When a man having begun to do right falls back into wickedness and gives up his integrity the Bible does not say he was overcome by the fascinations of the festive board or that he surrendered to convivialities or that he became a little fast in his habits I will tell you what the Bible says The dog is turned to his own vomit again, and the sow that was washed to her wallowing in the mire No gilding of iniquity No garlands on a death's head No pounding away with a silver mallet at iniquity when it needs an iron sledge hammer

I can easily understand how people, brooding over the description of uncleanness in the Bible may get morbid in mind until they are as full of it as the wings and the beak and the nostril and the claw of a buzzard is full of the odors of a carcass, but what is wanted is not that the Bible be disinfected but that you the critic have your mind and heart washed with carbolic acid

I tell you at this point in my discourse that a man who does not like this Book and who is critical as to its contents, and who is shocked and outraged with its descriptions has never been soundly converted The laying on of the hands of presbytery or episcopacy does not always change a man's heart, and men sometimes get into the pulpit as well as into the pew never having been changed radically by the sovereign grace of God Get your heart right and the Bible will be right The trouble is in our natures are not brought into harmony with the word of God Ah! my friends expurgation of the heart is what is wanted

You can not make me believe that the Scriptures which this moment lie on the table of the purest and best men and women of the age and which were the dying solace of your kindred passed into the skies have in them a taint which the strongest microscope of honest criticism could make visible If men are uncontrollable in their indignation when the integrity of wife or child is assailed and judges and jurors as far as possible excuse violence under such provocation what ought to be the overwhelming and long resounding thunders of condemnation for any man who will stand in a Christian pulpit and assail the more than virgin purity of inspiration, the well beloved daughter of God?

Expurgate the Bible! You might as well go to the old picture galleries in Dresden and in Venice and in Rome and expurgate the old paintings Perhaps you could find a foot of Michael Angelo's Last Judgment that might be improved Perhaps you could throw more expression into Raphael's Madonna Perhaps you could put more pathos into Rubens' "Descent from the Cross" Perhaps you could change the crests of the waves in Turner's "Slave Ship" Perhaps you might go into the old galleries of sculpture and change the forms and the posture of the statues of Phidias and Praxiteles Such an iconoclast would very soon find himself in the penitentiary But it is worse vandalism when a man proposes to refashion these masterpieces of inspiration, and to remodel the moral giants of this gallery of God

Now let us divide off Let those people who do not believe the Bible and who are critical of this and that part of it, get clear over on the other side Let them stand behind the devil's guns There can be no compromise between infidelity and Christianity Give us the out and out opposition of infidelity rather than the work of these hybrid theologians these mongrel ecclesiastics, these half evoluted people who believe the Bible and who do not believe it, who accept the miracles and do not accept them, who believe in the inspiration of the Scriptures and do not believe in the inspiration of the Scriptures—trimming their belief on one side to suit the pride of their own heart and feeling that in order to demonstrate their courage they must make the Bible a target and shoot at God

There is one thing that encourages me very much, and that is that the Lord made out to manage the universe before they were born, and will probably be able to make out to manage the universe a little after they are dead While I demand that the antagonists of the Bible and the critics of the Bible to go clear over where they belong on the devil's side, I ask that all the friends of this good book come out openly and above board in behalf of it That book, which was the best inheritance you ever received from ancestry and which will be the best legacy you will leave to your children when you bid them good by as you cross the ferry to the golden city

Young man do not be ashamed of your Bible There is not a virtue but it commends there is not a sorrow but it comforts there is not a good law on the statute book of any country but it is founded on these Ten Commandments There are no braver grander people in all the earth than the heroes and the heroine which it biographizes

Of all the works of Dore the great artist there was nothing so impressive as his illustrated Bible What scene of Abrahamic faith of Edenic beauty of dominion Davidic or Solomonic or miracle of parable or nativity or of crucifixion or of last judgment but the thought leaped from the great brain to the skillful pencil, and from skillful pencil to canvas immortal The Louvre the Luxembourg the National Gallery of London compressed into two volumes of Dore's illustrated Bible But the Bible will come to better illustration than hat my friends when all the deserts have become gardens and all the armories have become academies and all the cities have become Gethsemanes with Christ walking them and all the cities have become Jerusalems with hovering Shekinah, and the two hemispheres shall be clapping cymbals of divine praise and the round earth [illegible] and all [illegible] shall be the best specimen of Bible illustrated.

RELIGIOUS MATTERS.

GOD REIGNS.

One thought the pious soul sustains
Amid the changes of life
Calming the waves of grief and strife—
God reigns.

When the wreck ship in fury drives
Upon the rocks in its [illegible]
Death beckons from seas of [illegible] steep—
God reigns.

When man at war with all that's high
Above the little spirit fills
Strikes law and order which he wills
Shall be

One hand still holds a sceptered rod
Firmly amid the storms [illegible]
No dynamite can reach the throne
Of God

Above the clank of discord's chains
The plots that shake the eastern world
Is David's royal flag unfurled
Goliath

—Mrs M A W Cook in Chicago Interior

PERILS OF DISCOURAGEMENT

Why the Christian Should Be Above This Hurtful Temptation

Discouragement is full of danger It is temptation He who lets it enter his heart and settle there does not know to what sin and sorrow it may lead him Many people find the way of life hard There are scarcely any who do not come upon points of hardness even amid the most prosperous years There are things in people's condition and circumstances which in themselves are hard Sometimes it is sickness sometimes poverty sometimes sorrow The burdens are heavy The toil is oppressive The way is wearisome

Then sometimes much of the hardness is caused by unbrotherly conduct There are brothers who make life harder for brothers We all need to guard our conduct most sedulously lest we become hinderers of others in their life It is a sin to be a hinderer We commit a grievous wrong against another when we make life harder for him—when we make it harder for him to be true honest pure hearted and worthy

There should be nothing but condemnation for the discourager He is an enemy of his fellows He is a misanthrope It is a sore sin against humanity to make life harder for men Our great Teacher spoke burning words against those who put stumbling blocks in the paths of God's little ones This censure falls upon all whom any way lay hindrances in the paths of others

The Christian duty of every one is to be an encourager a helper of others in their life There is a pleasant story of a poor woman in Glasgow who one summer day was walking along a street in which some poorly clad children were running barefooted as they play A policeman saw this woman stoop down again and again as she went on each time picking up something which she put in her apron The officer supposed she was finding and appropriating something she should not take away and in a threatening manner demanded that she show him what she had in her apron The trembling woman complied and showed some pieces of broken glass, which she had gathered up out of the street I thought I would take them out of the way of the bairns feet she said The act was a beautiful one The poor woman was doing angels work She was making the street a safer place for the children to play

It should be our aim not only to pick up bits of broken glass from the children's playgrounds to make them safer but in all life's ways to gather out the stones and the stumbling blocks and whatever might hinder or hurt our fellow pilgrim in his journey

Whatever the cause or whoever is responsible for its hardness there is no doubt that in every life there are experiences which have a discouraging tendency It may seem almost too much to say that whatever the hardness of the way may be nevertheless a Christian should never be discouraged Yet this is the lesson It is never safe to give way to even the beginnings of discouragement for if we do, we can not know what the end will be Discouragement cherished leads to despondency and despair Even if it does not grow to such sad ripeness it works grievous harm in a life It produces a noxious atmosphere in which all the lamps burn but dimly It weakens one's moral purposes and paralyzes one's energies A discouraged man is only half himself He takes hold of duty with only half his wonted earnestness His feet drag heavily as he goes about his duties

No one can afford to be discouraged even for one hour even in the smallest degree We need all our strength if we would be equal to the burden and stress and responsibility of our common days Life is not easy for any of us if we meet it worthily and make of it what God expects us to make It is necessary that our eye shall be clear its light undimmed that our heart shall beat with full pulsings that our hand shall be strong and steady, and that all our powers shall be at their best This can not be if we are the prey of discouragement or if we yield in even the smallest degree to its influence

But how can we keep from being discouraged? asks some one When the way is hard when burdens are heavy when the path is through hot deserts when even brothers make life harder for us how can we help being discouraged

The answer is that if we are Christians there never can be sufficient reason why we should be discouraged

If God be for us who can be against us? We need only to abide in Christ doing always faithfully our simple duty and leaving all in His hands What seem to us to be discouragements becomes helps toward nobler life A Christian physician whose career has been full of faith and noble ministry, gives this experience He was a poor boy and a cripple One day he was watching some other boys on the ball field They were active strong and wealthy As he looked on his heart grew bitter with envy A young man who stood beside him noted the discontent on his face and said to him You wish you were in those boys place don't you? "Yes I do" was the answer "I reckon God gave them money education and health" continued the young man "to help them to be of some account in the world Did it ever strike you that he gave your lame leg for the same reason—to make a man of you?"

The boy gave no answer and turned away but he did not forget the words They stayed in his heart until they kindled hope and courage there helping him to rise above his deformity He soon learned that what was true of his lame leg was true also of all the difficulties hindrances and hard conditions of his life they were all God's gifts to him to help him to be of some account to the world—to make a man of him

The lesson is for all of us The deformity the burden the weight of some other one's weakness or need the inheritance of difficulty which seems to be a hindrance to a worthy life is but another chance to grow to become stronger richer hearted more a man or a woman, to win a higher place in life and a brighter crown in glory

In any case we should never give place to discouragement for a moment If we are God's children we have to keep ourselves in God's hands and keep our own hands off them out of the sorest difficulties and the hardest conditions blessing will come God lives and is caring for us and we can say

God's in His Heaven —
All's right with the world
—S S Times

SONG OF PRAISE IN THE NIGHT.

Story of a Saintly Old Carpenter and His Funeral Text

Once I sat at the deathbed of a man eighty years old He was poor very poor When well he had earned his bread as a carpenter now he was old and sick As long as he could see he had diligently searched the Scriptures but now he was blind and could not read As long as he could walk despite his blindness he would come to church led by his grandson Once when climbing a mountain on his way to church he fell broke his leg and could no longer leave his bed I often sat at his bedside, but never heard one word of complaint pass his lips Peace, deep peace shone forth from the countenance of this venerable gentleman His highest joy was to speak of the mysteries of God's love Once he said to me In summer when wheat ripens and harvest time is near the blades begin to die from below they bleach and finally the grains ripen It is thus with me I am gradually dying from below by and by my heart too when ripe will die and I shall be translated into the garden of God When death really was approaching I asked him what text I should choose for his funeral sermon He sat up in bed turned his eyes toward me and said with a loud voice My funeral text you will find recorded in the prophet Micah where it reads thus When I sit in darkness the Lord shall be a light unto me This was a song praise in the night I have never forgotten —F Frommel

He Went About Doing Good

People used to think that the holiest saints were those who secluded themselves for contemplation in the desert or spent their days in fasting and prayer within monastic walls In the better light of the modern days we have learned that we get close to God by doing His will as well as by praying for His help There may be saints who have no higher mission than to sit still and wrap themselves in ecstatic dreams but those who are closest to their Lord's heart know that His life when it beats through theirs moves their hands irresistibly toward acts of tender human sympathy like His who went about doing good —Cumberland Presbyterian

Life Work Made Up of Little Things

Accurate and careful detail the minding of the common occasions and small things combined with general scope and vigor is the secret of all the efficiency and success in the world It is only thus that any disciple will become efficient in the service of his Master He can not do up his works of usefulness by the prodigious stir and commotion of a few extraordinary occasions Laying down great plans he must accomplish them by great industry by minute attention by working out his way as God shall assist him —Horace Bushnell

Two Inspiring Thoughts

There are two things which fill me with wonder—the starry heavens above me and the moral law within me And as the starry heavens above me teach that my body is related to vast spheres of matter which roll beyond my ken so the moral law within me teaches that my soul is related to a universe of goodness and beauty and truth which needs another heaven than the one above me and a higher world than our sun warms —Kant

Seeing God in Others

Any man can see faults and flaws in another but it takes a holy and worth to recognize worth or ability in others A man gives the measure of himself when he has only harsh or contemptuous words in comment on his fellow man If he can not see anything worth commending the trouble is with his mental eyesight —S S Times

Opposite Effects of God's Love

As the same sun which softens the wax hardens the clay so the benign influence of Divine love which are so irresistible in their power for good over men of good will are productive of the opposite effect in men of bad will — United Presbyterian

Power of Love of Goodness

Let the soul be turned as strenuously toward good as it usually is toward evil and you will find that simple love of goodness will give incredible resources to the spirit in the search after truth Love with little intellect will perform miracles Fenelon

What Christianity Is

There are many in the church as well as out of it who need to learn that Christianity is neither a creed nor a ceremonial but a life vitally connected with a living Christ —Josiah Strong

SHORT ERA-GRAPHS

Truths in a New Dress for the Entertainment and Improvement of the Reader

Fervent desires are forerunners of great blessings

The fuller your purse the easier it will be to put your heart in it

Our present duty is to attend to the duty we are most anxious to put off

Love may be blind but we have noticed that it is always the first to discover where help is needed

A good mind may understand most books but it takes a good heart to understand the Book of Books

When Christ saw Zacchæus in the tree He did not stop to ask whether the little man had been ostracised

As well try to satisfy your hunger by reading a bill of fare as to try to get good out of the Bible by reading about it

No method of Bible study is worth anything that fails to inspire the student with the desire to make use of all he learns

There is a religion that helps a man to say grace like an [illegible] and fails him the moment he is tempted to find fault with the fare

Some people seem to think that religion is a spiritual vaccine lymph a microscopic amount of which is sufficient to make the soul sin proof for life

There is something wrong about the young man whose code of honor lays more stress upon the cowardice of running from a temptation than the disgrace of yielding to it Young Men's Era

—About the most picturesque building in New York is an ivy covered church in Madison avenue now used as the office and depot of an express company The secular occupants have had the wisdom to let the ivy grow and hide what was a commonplace enough architecture in a church The scenery however has lent the carpenter's gothic into church y effects and the building looked worthier of its original

TEMPERANCE NOTES.

FRANCE AND RUM

Terrible Results Arising From the Almost Universal Use of Crude Alcohol and Absinthe

A bill has been submitted to the French chamber of deputies to curb the rapid transit of the liquor traffic in that country by M Jules Siegfried This measure is the twenty third one of similar tenor and purport introduced in that body since 1880 and will probably meet the same fate as its twenty two predecessors—be thrown aside without action and the condition which it is intended to remedy is one which no patriotic Frenchman can investigate without alarm The statistics of the enormous increase of drinking in France since the Franco Prussian war in 1870 are simply appalling

There are to day in France 5,000 more liquor shops than at the date—only twenty five years ago With the 3,000 open in Paris and the 4,000 in the departments there is one place for selling alcohol to every thirty five inhabitants The actual consumption of alcohol in France per capita has more than trebled in the last forty years In the workingmen's suburbs of Rouen the average consumption not of beer or wine but of raw spirits of alcohol is a half liter or eighty eight one hundredths of a pint daily Worst of all the stuff is made of crude alcohol of the cheapest sort served in highly colored concoctions of various dyes and filled out with water at the nearest hydrant This is served at two cents a glass in the lower resorts and the higher prices paid at the more respectable places do not insure anything better

The darkest fact in connection with the increase in the use of liquors there is the fact that it curses both sexes and not one alone The habit of drinking, which has grown upon France so that now enormous quantities of absinthe are consumed before the noon lunch as well as before the evening dinner is almost as prevalent among the women as among the men Dr Lancereaux says that intoxication by the use of absinthe and bitters has been for some years back as common among women as among men

Dr Icey the chief physician of the Marseilles asylum for the insane gives the story drawn from the past twenty years Before that time the asylum was large enough for the insane of four detachments including Corsica It is now insufficient for the large city of Marseilles Moreover in the city schools there are three hundred half witted and epileptic children whose condition like that of the inmates of the asylum is due to alcoholism of their parents Outside the schools are at least three hundred more whom it is useless even to try to teach

And bad as the drink evils all its effects are aggravated by the drugs used in connection with the liquors consumed Absinthe is as mentioned above enormously used It contains the poisonous essence of wormwood hyssop and fennel which produce epilepsy and sterility There is growing up in France a race of alcoholics which as Dr Lancereaux says is luckily wanting in the strength to perpetuate itself Lannent physicians attribute the depopulation of France to the one chief cause of absinthe drinking Certainly the question of the abuse of alcohol is one of the gravest now confronting French legislators But with them the problem is even more difficult than with ourselves The French people from the highest to the lowest—the learned the great the statesmen and scientists the priests on down to the lowest workman all indulge in some form of drink Wine is universally seen upon the tables at dinner In such a state of public feeling it is impossible to unite the better and more intelligent classes solidly in front of an effort to pulverize the rum power —Toledo Blade

A YEAR OF SUCCESS

Record of the London Temperance Hospital Proves It Beyond the Experimental Stage

The London Temperance hospital held its twenty first annual meeting recently and by the reports we learn that in 1894 it treated 1,044 in patients 5,1[illegible] out patients and 1,9[illegible] casualty cases The total expenses were $4[illegible],600 Hon Ford Bittersen in telling the chair among other things said

If some people were to visit as I had the honor of visiting this evening, I see would after a tour and a patient at the patient then would agree at the time that many of the many hospitals in London there is not one which is better conducted nor more economically conducted and I therefore would his clearer number of patients recovering than the London Temperance hospital for which I have the honor to night to take the chair

Canon Wilberforce made a most eloquent address in which he said that the total abstinence movement has altered the whole opinion of the country He referred to the great good work of the Temperance hospital and to the fight against alcohol and said The result has been that up and down this country people are beginning to see that they can get better from their illnesses without having recourse to this dangerous drug Sir Benjamin Ward Richardson F R S the senior of the hospital among other things said

They had treated all their cases in the institution without once having recourse to alcohol In this respect the year had been memorable and he would say that the results achieved had been as good, as could have been expected from any institution of the kind in the world He would not go so far as to say that they were better but they were as good in all particulars That is such an institution they should have treated over one thousand cases with various diseases and in various stages of disease without having in a single instance recourse to a stimulant was a fact of great importance not only to this particular institution but to the world at large [Hear hear] Medical men who had stood aside for a long time had now been brought to look at the matter without prejudice They had seen their cases were treated here and they wished to treat their own patients in the same manner [Cheers] A few years ago the sewn attitude were thought to be the way to enable people to do all their best and that persons might go without all the friction [illegible] A very strange [illegible] They had proved the other way [illegible] [Hear hear] No less than this is six letters had been sent to them and the attitude of the world towards alcohol [illegible] staffs of hospitals and medical people [illegible] they gave alcohol in any other shape [illegible] Sylutions drink are as little as sea [illegible] illness as in health [Cheers] They had [illegible] got over all their [illegible] The amount which they [illegible] treated the cases and that they [illegible] in the institution [illegible] was that they might no [illegible] [Hear hear] If two cases came to the hospital and one was more serious than the other [illegible] would take the more serious one [illegible] that had their hope that the [illegible] brought [illegible] through the [illegible] the first to go down to the [illegible] that they had many [illegible] [Cheers] [illegible] in the last year the death [illegible] the smallest that had ever been [illegible] in the London Temperance [illegible] in America

The superintendent of police of Brooklyn has ordered a strict enforcement of the law against selling cigarettes to any child under sixteen years of age

A POSITIVE CONDEMNATION

Work of Alcoholic Beverages Forcibly and Tersely Set Forth

Rev Dr Arthur T Pierson is a man of positive views and strong convictions and when he speaks he sends it the point as a rule In witness of this we quote a recent utterance of Dr Pierson on the temperance question "I believe" he says "that strong drink is abhorred by God and the main curse of the earth on which we live that pauperism and crime and disease and insanity are its natural offspring that it is an invention of the devil that it is fostered by the depravity of man that it leads to untold suffering sorrow want and woe that it deposes the reason that it crushes noble affections, that it sears the conscience and perverts the judgment that it leads to a quick descent into a drunkard's grave and a drunkard's hell But when manhood once comes under its power it seldom has any resurrection or knows the powers of a better life and that when Jesus Christ come in glory He will judge and condemn the drink traffic and the drink habit I believe that strong drink is the direct foe of the influence of the spirit of God that it is a fruitful source of contention and strife in society and even in the Church of God that it promotes the most grievous sins and that the drunkard shall never enter the kingdom of Heaven but will be consigned to everlasting death

TEACHING TEMPERANCE.

Time to Save People from Drinking Intoxicants Is Before They Begin

Rev Dr Cuyler has a characteristic article in the April number of the National Temperance Advocate calling upon public school teachers to make the most of the law requiring that in the public schools the pupils shall be instructed in regard to the effects of alcoholic stimulants upon the human body He says the time to save people from drinking intoxicants is before they begin The time to teach the simple A B C of abstinence from deadly drinks is in childhood and youth A whole generation is coming on the stage who must be saved now if they are ever saved at all And you are the persons who can do this if you have the heart and the will to undertake the labor of love Many boys in our public schools learn nothing about the nature or the danger of alcoholic beverages in their own homes In this connection it may be stated that a bill has passed the New York state legislature to secure the better and more strict enforcement of the law requiring scientific instruction in temperance in the public schools of this state

A Judge's Strong Testimony

Lord Justice Denman of England, has recently given this evidence against the drink Intemperance is the greatest curse and the most potent cause of misery from which this nation suffers Twenty years of judicial life and forty six years of constant attendance in the criminal courts as an advocate or judge are enough to enable any man to form an opinion as to the extent of the mischief caused by drunkenness Not a day passes in the criminal courts without some evidence of it I suppose that between 1872 and 1893 I must have tried many thousands of cases of violence and cruelty—murders manslaughters murderous and savage woundings kickings and assaults Of these I am sure, I speak well within the mark when I say that more than one half were directly connected with excessive drinking"

A Sure and Safe Position

If you never drink the first glass of liquor you will never become a drunkard This is a sure and safe position Against such there is no law —total abstinence from all intoxicating drinks the only position that is absolutely safe The army of drunkards is recruited from the ranks of moderate drinkers and not from the ranks of total abstainers While this principle lives intoxicants have no power Total abstinence reclaims the drunkard from his falls and the moderate drinker from his error It appeals to the reason convinces the judgment, overcomes prejudice prompts to action and sets the spirit free Practice it and you will never become a drunkard —National Temperance Advocate

Couldn't Live on Alcohol

Two young physicians practicing in a hospital were much taken with Dr Anstie's theory of the food value of alcohol In good faith they set about a personal demonstration taking the doctor's safe dose instead of their usual rations of eatables three times a day By the end of three days they were hardly able to crawl up and down stairs they had each lost six pounds of flesh they were altogether so miserable that they were glad to return to their usual diet and discard alcohol

Should Be Stamped Out

Mayor Pothier of Woonsocket R I said in his last inaugural address The sale of liquors to children who are sent to the saloons by heartless or unnatural parents is one of the most crying evils—revolting to the finer sensibilities—and should be stamped out

Students Must Not Smoke

President Bashford of the Ohio Wesleyan university announces for the faculty We have decided to ask all our students to discontinue the use of tobacco beginning next fall and if any tobacco users come we will have to dissolve partnership necessarily

Liquor vs Crime

In answer to letters of inquiry addressed to the wardens of the penitentiaries these figures were received showing the proportion of crimes caused by strong drink Sing Sing N Y 92 per cent Boston Mass 85 per cent, Jackson Mich 78 per cent

GENERAL GLEANINGS

CANADA'S annual liquor bill is $134,[illegible]00

GLASGOW has 400 prison cells for women and drink most frequently puts occupants in them

GOV SHEAFFER of Alaska refuses to issue the necessary permits for the establishment of breweries in that territory

THE Belgian senate convinced that free trade in intoxicants is a failure, has for some time been seeking a way of restricting the trade in alcohol

SALOON KEEPING is a leading industry It leads its victims to the grave and to hell and their wives and children to disgrace poverty and misery —The Mail and Chicago

THE British Army Temperance association has within the past twelve months extended its operations to troops serving at home with results as excellent as in the army in India

A NEW law for the better observance of Sunday in Russia will probably close all the dram shops throughout the empire on that day An effort is being made to have them kept open one hour of the day

—It is not necessary to be happy about everything It is only necessary to long and to know that God is doing everything right with us He will take care of our happiness

THE PUZZLER

No 508 —A Quotation Puzzle

1

"Columbia Columbia to glory arise
The queen of the world and child of the skies!"

2

Grave men there are by broad Santee
Grave men with hoary hairs
There hearts are all with Marion
For Marion are their prayers

3

"When freedom from her mountain height
Unfurled her standard to the air
She tore the azure robe of night
And set the stars of glory there!

4

"In their ragged regimentals
Stood the old continentals,
Yielding not
When the grenadiers were lunging,
And like hail fell the plunging
Cannon shot"

5

"Breathes there a man with soul so dead
Who never to him self hath said,
This is my own my native land!"

6

"Where shall that land that spot of earth be found
Art thou a man?—a patriot?—look around
Oh, thou shalt find howe'er thy footsteps roam
That land thy country and that spot thy home!

7

"What constitutes a state?
Not high raised battlement or labored mound
Thick wall or moated gate
* * * * * * * *
No men—high minded men"

The answer is a patriotic poem by William C Bryant The first letter may be found in the first line of 1 where it occurs three times the second in the third line of 2 once the third in the fourth line of 3 four times the fourth in the first line of 4 three times the fifth in the first line of 5 once the sixth in the fourth line of 6 once the seventh in the first line of 7 three times

No 509 —Transposition.

He has a tent large bright and new—
Wherein he ONE the ailing
With nostrums like the widow's TWO
Incapable of failing

His canvas walls are painted round
With folks of many a color
Browns chocolates and THREE abound
With others somewhat duller

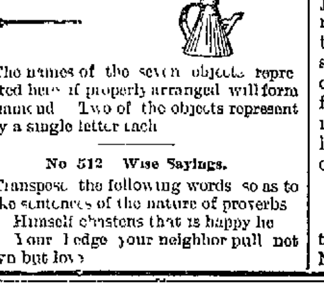
Bolivia is his native place
And FOUR his native city
All ills that FIVE our hapless race
He treats with skill and pity

They call him something gruff and grim
Our aversion it well might kindle
But when I went to school with him
His name was Simon Swindell

No 510 —Metagram

I am an enemy Change my head and I am to dig again and I am a boy's name again and I am part of the foot, again and I am sorrow, again, and I am a deer

No 511 —Illustrated Diamond



The names of the seven objects represented here if properly arranged will form a diamond Two of the objects represent only a single letter each

No 512 Wise Sayings.

Transpose the following words so as to make sentences of the nature of proverbs
1 Himself chastens that is happy he
2 Your ledge your neighbor pull not down but love

3 much worth little cost but are words good
4 Gift a wicked man's of his master a touch hath
5 Always a fool sometimes one every none is
6 Are found fish great great rivers in lest drowned one but boat take
7 On work but case of think
8 An oak falls not stroke one
9 A fool that a service child's despiseth is he
10 Sweet the bee stings the honey but a
11 An ass you that throws a horse that carries than you better is

In Reversal.

He—If you knew me better, you would h[illegible]
Sh—And if I liked you more I would know you better —Detroit Free Press

Key to the Puzzler.

No 500 —Charade Marius
No 501 —Triple Acrostic

B L A N K E T
E N H A N C E
S I X T E E N
I N S U R E D
D E P R I V E
E M I E P O R

No 502 —Illustrated Numerical Napoleon

No 503 —A Nursery Rhyme

The queen of Hearts
She made some tarts
All on a summer's day
The knave of Hearts,
He stole those tarts
And carried them away
The king of Hearts
Called for those tarts
And beat the knave full sore
The knave of Hearts
Brought back those tarts
And swore he'd steal no more

No 504 —Arithmetical 1 Sixty marbles 2 One hundred and twenty nuts

No 505 —Geographical Acrostic Boston Raspberry Iswell Sydney Bombay Amazon Nasturtium Elephant Initials Brisbane

No 506 —Rhymed Transpositions Repast tapers paters parest prates praste paster

No 507 —Anagrams Popular Books 1 The Man Who Laughs 2 Their Wedding Journey 3 The Heart of Midlothian 4 The Scarlet Letter 5 "Ten Times One Is Ten" 6 "The Quick or the Dead 7 "Helen's Babies" 8 The Leavenworth Case 9 "The Count of Monte Christo 10 "Nicholas Nickleby 11 Daniel Deronda" 12 The Last of the Mohicans" 13 "The Marble Faun 14 Innocents Abroad 15 The Pilgrim's Progress" 16 Little Lord Fauntleroy

A GIANT COMBINE.

First Step to Centralize the Labor Unions of the Country.

The organization of the United Labor League of Western Pennsylvania is a move in the direction of the English labor organization which led to the formation of London county council and other political changes It is proposed to make Pittsburg headquarters for the central organization of all trades unions of the county

The purpose of such a league is to influence legislation and to control politics Such an organization if perfected will be powerful for good or evil, according to the wisdom of its councils and leaders

The power is a dangerous one, to be jealously guarded Radical control might produce untold ill in a very short time as conservative leadership might secure many reforms The Dispatch has confidence in the workingmen of this free country that they will not be led into extreme measures If they cannot have wise leaders, they can disband the organization —Pittsburg Dispatch

Still at It

Japan has begun a new series of victories over the Chinese in Formosa.—New York Telegram

Fruit House Prices for 1895.

The unsettled condition of the financial question continues to disturb the trade of the country Nothing is prospering but the Gold Bug and the bond holder All other interests are languishing Some ask how long will it last? Let them look back to twenty years ago and they will find it lasted then four long years The same cause for the trouble then was as now—tinkering with the money question Then they knocked out the Greenback Now they have knocked out Silver Let them restore silver to be as free as gold, then prosperity will return These depressions have produced many changes in values, none more so than in the Sugar interests The Louisiana planters are not getting enough for their sugar to pay for the labor in producing it We now sell a most excellent New Orleans Sugar at 3c per lb A few years ago 6c was considered cheap for Sugar not nearly as good

SUGAR QUOTATIONS:

Nice Yellow N O, 3½c lb	Standard Granulated, 4½c lb.
Choice Coffee C 4 lb	Standard A, 4½c lb

All hard Sugars Cut Loaf and Crushed, 5½c per lb No one will miss it now laying in an extra 100 pounds of Sugar, or even a barrel at these prices will prove a good investment

COFFEE IS ALSO ON THE DOWN GRADE.

We have just made a reduction of 2c per lb The best No 1 Rio we now sell at 18c The best Roasted Rio at 22c All packages in 1 lb papers at 22c This includes Jersey, King Bee, Arm and Hammer, Leverings, Silver Spoon and our own Bulk Roasted The Java and Mocha are unchanged This makes little difference, as not much of them is used Java, Green, 27c, Roasted, 32c Mocha Green, 30c, Roasted, 35c per lb The Green Coffee at 18c is much the best People in this case see what they are buying Not so in the Package Goods, which is very often of an inferior grade and often poorly roasted

TEAS.

Little change since last report The Chinese and Japanese war has kept the market stiff however, no advance in price As the market is an extensive one that, notwithstanding the war, free shipments are arriving from both China and Japan Teas at these prices are much more economical than Coffee A 20c Tea will go twice as far as a 20c pound of Coffee Our Tea trade has grown to large proportions We continue to sell at low prices We purchased direct of the importer and sell direct to our customers, in this way saving to our customers the profits of the jobber and wholesale merchants, which are at least 10 to 15c per pound each This our customers receive the benefit of, hence the explanation of our ability to sell so cheap

Young Hyson, extra good, 20c	Uncolored Japan, 20c, 30, best, 50c
Young Hyson, choice, 30c, best 50c	English Breakfast, 30c, best, 50c
Imperial extra choice, 30c, best, 50c	Oolong extra Black Tea, 30c, best, 50c
Gunpowder, extra 30c, best, 50c	Tea Dust, 15c lb

SYRUPS ARE 10c A GALLON LOWER.

The Golden Drip, we formerly sold at 40c is now 30c gallon, New Orleans Molasses we sell the dark at 15c gallon, the light at 35c gallon. This is 5c gallon lower than we ever sold at Sorghum 35c gallon

WINES AND LIQUORS.

So in Wines for medical use we have reduced them 25c per gallon California Wines, the best Angelica, Muscatel, Blackberry and Sherry down to $1 00 per gallon, our former price was $1 25 gallon, Port wine and Kelly Island Catawba, best quality down to 80c per gallon, this is 20c lower Alcohol, double strength and pure $3 00 gallon Scotch Ale Dublin and London Porter, 20c bottle Whisky per gallon $1 00 $1 25, $1 40 $1 75 the Old 76, $2 50 per gallon Brandy, Gin and Kuemmel, $1 00, $1 50 and $1 75 gallon

Castor Oil, Neatsfoot Oil, Linseed Oil.

Castor Oil put down to 80c gallon This is a reduction of 20c, Fish Oil, 60c gallon, Neatsfoot Oil 70c gallon Machine Oil dark 20c gallon, yellow 30c gallon, Linseed Oil Raw 70c gallon, Boiled 70c gallon, No 1 Lard Oil, 70c gallon

Tobacco, Smoking and Chewing—Cigars, Etc.

Horse Shoe per lb 43c, A B C Plug 25c, J T Plug 36 lb, Tico Plug 23c Plug Smoking Sweet Briar 35c lb, Sweet Conqueror, 18c lb, Mail Pouch, 35c lb Cigars Royal Seal 65c box, Artistics 65c box, C C $1 15 box, New Idea 50c box, Good Cigars 50c box

Canned Goods—Domestic and California.

Home-Packed Tomatoes, the very best, 3 pound Cans, only 7c Can, Corn, Home Packed in 2-pound Cans 7c Can Mistletoe Corn, New York packing, extra Selected Sweet Corn 12c can, String Beans 7c can, Boston Baked Beans in 3 pound cans 10c, Pumpkins, Home Pack, nice 3 pound Yellow Goods, 8c can Pie Peaches, 8c can

CALIFORNIA CANNED GOODS.

California 3 pound Peaches, the nicest we ever had, most excellent goods, only 15c can, four years ago 25c was considered cheap Also California Apricots can 11c, Green Gages, can 12c Egg Plums, can 12c Cherries, can 15c

CALIFORNIA DRIED FRUITS.

The trade in them of late years have driven out all other goods They are so much richer than all other Dried Fruits Best California Dried Peaches, 10c lb, California Apricots 10c per lb, California Pears, 10c lb, California Prunes, 12c lb, California Plums 7c lb, California Raisins, 5c lb, extra large, 7c lb, Layers, 8c lb

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.

We have devoted the corner room especially to Oil Cloths and Carpets We carry an immense stock and can suit all classes of wants from a 12c carpet to $1 Our All Wool at 48c is well worth 65c Floor Oil Cloth from 20c yard up to the Linoleum at $1 yard Rugs and Mats Also Chinese Matting from 9c yard to 30c yard On all these goods, just like the groceries we guarantee to save our customers at least 20c on the dollar Please call and see for yourself

FORT WAYNE FRUIT HOUSE.

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JUNE 15 1895

ALPACA AND MOHAIR.

GOODS THAT ARE HANDSOME, SERVICEABLE AND ECONOMICAL

Some New Patterns—One Will Be Worn by a Saratoga Belle. Other Handsome Dress Goods For Autumn Wear—An Attractive Dress at a Low Price

[Special Correspondence.]

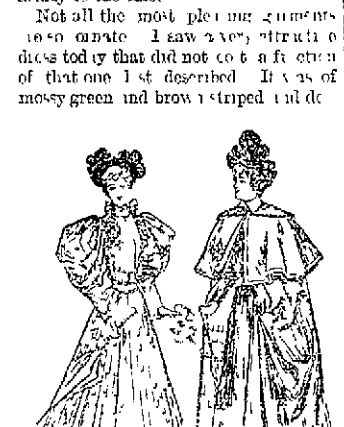
New York, June 10.—Among the [illegible] materials produced during [illegible] are the alpacas [illegible] with the [illegible] variations [illegible] [illegible] silk. The [illegible] and mohair filling [illegible] 40 to 44 inches wide [illegible] [illegible] which is the sixth [illegible]

FOR THE LACES

one are coarser in thread and much [illegible] but always with the same [illegible] gloss. There are blue, green, gray, all shades white ivory cream, brown and others where the whole surface is flecked with the tiny dots of a contrasting color. Some of the grays and blacks are treated to some process which causes them to resist rain. The [illegible] long dust and rain proof wraps for riding purposes and nothing could be richer or more perfectly adapted for the purpose. Many are brocaded also in dainty swivel patterns.

Among the choicest novelties in dress goods to be advanced for the coming autumn is a woolen brocade called lattema. The effect is surprisingly like that of marvelous old porcelain. There will be an underlying color of dark faience blue with the irregularly cracked and broken surface of a lighter shade of the same color. This is produced in wools now but they are light and intended for handsome gowns. It is also produced in all black, the effect of shades being obtained by the clever use of two kinds of wool, like the soft, dead black of the Australian sheep and the lustrous mohair. One would declare that the finished fabric was in half a dozen shades when in the right position one sees that it is all one uniform rich black. An imported gown of this beautiful black latiema had the skirt laid in one deep double box plait in the back. All around the bottom was a very narrow design in embroidery wrought in chenille. The waist was a plain gathered French waist with a pointed belt covered with chenille embroidery. The collar and [illegible] were also decorated with it. There came a cape at the same time, and this was full nearly a three quarter circle, and lined rather stiffly. There was a rose plaited ruffle of black lace all the way around it and on the shoulders all the way around a superb ornamentation of passementerie in festoons. The cap was of bengaline. At the neck there was a thick ruffle of bengaline headed by another of black silk muslin. Down the front was a superb bow of heavy moire ribbon with ends reaching nearly to the knee.

Not all the most pleasing garments are so ornate. I saw a very attractive dress today that did not cost a fraction of that one I first described. It was of mossy green and brown striped [illegible]



CHALLIS GOWN AND ALPACA CLOAK

[illegible] challie. The skirt was laid in side plaits with three rows of [illegible] ribbon down between the plaits. The [illegible] front and belt as well as the stock collar were all of tan [illegible] silk draped full. The rest of the [illegible] was of [illegible] lace [illegible] over moss green silk. The sleeves were [illegible] draped gigots. The back of the [illegible] was shirred closely.

Piques in [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the demand [illegible] [illegible] if so that they are well [illegible] the wrong side they [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Many of the [illegible] for [illegible] have the [illegible] puff and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] leave the sleeves [illegible] dress effect.

OLIVE FARGER

QUANTRELL RECALLED

How the Cruel Guerrilla Chief Sowed the Wind and Reaped the Whirlwind

[Special Correspondence.]

LAWRENCE, Kan., June 11.—The [illegible] dedication of the monument in this city in memory of the 150 citizens who [illegible] victims to the guerrilla band led by the infamous Quantrell recalls a visit [illegible] to Canal Dover, O., where the mother of the guerrilla chief [illegible] [illegible] first account.

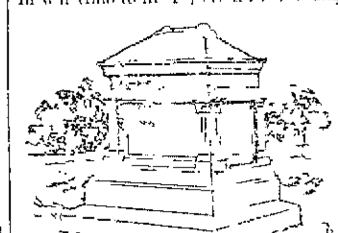
While his career and death [illegible] [illegible] has a Christian mother can be proud of, she has at least the consolation that she did her part in his youthful training and sent him from home a happy youth whose ambition appeared to be of a high order.

During my visit the mother showed me with a little motherly pride, the letters written nearly 40 years ago by [illegible] Quantrell when he was [illegible] school teacher in Kansas. They indicate nothing of that intense [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] which the events of bleeding Kansas [illegible] developed. But [illegible] gave his boyhood history [illegible] [illegible] tells it. The old family [illegible] Bible in the [illegible] little [illegible] he was born [illegible] 1837. [illegible] came from [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Mrs. Clark [illegible] Dover [illegible] school superintendent. Young Quantrell was well educated and was [illegible] in the public schools when [illegible] After his father's [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] teaching [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] letters [illegible] "The Dinners [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] they will [illegible] with [illegible] will [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] Brown should have been hung long ago [illegible]

Quantrell [illegible] [illegible] friends [illegible] [illegible] of the [illegible] [illegible] young



THE QUANTRELL [illegible] SARCOPHAGUS

woman with whom he fell desperately in love. She lived in Kansas and although she married another Quantrell gave his men strict orders not to molest or harm her or any of her kin. But he made no mention concerning the [illegible] of his rival [illegible] him for the woman's sake.

Another letter seems to throw some explanatory light [illegible] after life and the [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] "My [illegible] [illegible] I feel that I have [illegible]," he wrote in 1859. "It is high time for a change. Then he added [illegible] old Dover. "I have lately visited home in my dreams and all of his letters [illegible] have a gloomy [illegible] vein of foreboding running through them.

He refers to the coming war and writes: "I do not feel that my destiny is in this country and I do not wish to remain [illegible] the devil has illimitable sway over it."

He promised to be home in the summer of 1860 but that promise was in the last letter the devoted old mother ever received. The story runs that Quantrell dazed and maddened by the rejection of his love, [illegible] the daughter of [illegible] [illegible] threw himself into the war with the mad impetuosity hardened by sadness which has marked the lives of [illegible] characters the world over.

He began highway robbery and organized a band of border brigands teaching the James and Younger brothers their nefarious business in which they were apt pupils and none of any guerrilla [illegible] with it so much terror as that of Quantrell. From the modest blue eyed pedagogue he was transformed into a demon of relentless hate and fury and his band [illegible] disciplined and cowed by a leader who did not hesitate to shoot down one of them for disobedience or an overt act swept over the plains of Kansas like the cyclones, spreading blood and death where were once the peaceful farms of the farmer.

His first [illegible] was when made captain of a company by Governor [illegible] The James and Younger boys were under him. His burning and sacking of Lawrence Kan. was [illegible] murders [illegible] unequaled [illegible] by Indian atrocities. Neither men [illegible] women nor children were spared except a party of strangers at the hotel, one of them being R. A. Stevens of Attica, N. Y., later a congressman. Quantrell's only defense for this butchery was "I wanted to kill Jim Lane who lived there and as I hadn't the honor of his acquaintance and no time for introduction I just killed every man I could catch."

F. P. COCHRAN

Hard on Street Car Companies

A statistician has calculated that every 100 bicycles [illegible] [illegible] revenue to the street railway companies of $60 a week. In large cities where the bicycles number from 5,000 to 10,000 the car companies would lose from $20,000 upward.

Or the Earth Will Be Swamped

If the balloon [illegible] as to be part of the surf costume this summer the ocean will have to be enlarged.—Nashville American.

White teeth, sweet breath a fragrant mouth
There are no charms surpassing these
Abroad at home east west north south
These three prime charms are sure to please
All those who SOZODONT apply
Will have these charms—take heed and try

Y. P. S. C. E. Excursion to Boston.

The society of Christian Endeavor of Central and Northern Indiana at a meeting at Fort Wayne Ind., May 21st selected the Nickel Plate road as the route for their special train to Boston in July to attend the annual meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. for 1895. This special train will be arranged to stop en route for a few hours at Niagara Falls and also at Saratoga Springs N. Y., enabling passengers to enjoy a visit to these famous resorts. No extra charge will be made for these privileges. Passengers at other points along the Nickel Plate road may join this special train at any station by previous arrangement through the nearest ticket agent or by addressing M. C. Baker District Passenger Agent Fort Wayne Ind. The Nickel Plate road offers the lowest rates to all points east or west. This line with its immediate eastern connections forms the shortest line to Boston for the meetings of the Y. P. S. C. E. in July and also the Masonic Knights Templar in August. 25 Amlit

OUR OWN LITTLE JOKERS

No Use

The [illegible] [illegible] with the perfume [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] upon [illegible]

It was an [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

A Resource

"[illegible] Willie [illegible] [illegible] had a mother is 10 cents for you. Now what are you going to do with it?"

"[illegible] it up to buy fireworks for the Fourth of July [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] who [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

"Why Willie you know you are saving up your money [illegible] to the heathen."

"Yes [illegible] but the Chinese are heathen aren't they?"

"Yes [illegible]"

"[illegible] Chinaman made the firecrackers, don't they?"

"I [illegible] they do."

"Well then the heathen will get my money just the same so it's all right."

Not to Be Fooled This Time

What would you say if I were to ask you to marry me? [illegible] [illegible]

Is this a [illegible] [illegible] demanded the girl. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] no [illegible] [illegible] what to say.

I want to know, she continued, before I answer. The last time a young man [illegible] me [illegible] that I replied that I would [illegible] and then he said he [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] asking the question.

The questioner was able to explain his object satisfactorily and the wedding will occur soon.

Bound to Be Wealthy

What became of Spicer who used to write [illegible] sensation articles for the Daily Boom?

Why didn't you hear? They gave Spicer an assignment to go out in disguise as a professional beggar and he struck it so much [illegible] at it [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] back. Won't write the article either. Says he don't propose to give away a good thing.

She Could

And now he was about to go.

He had paused at the threshold and was gazing mournfully into the azure depths of [illegible]

Can you learn to love me? he faltered.

She smiled and her smile carried sweet promise to his thirsting soul.

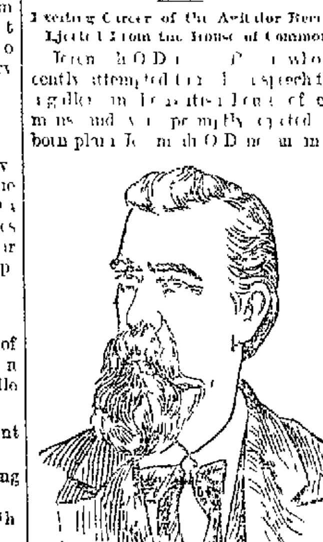
"Yes," she answered, "I think I can. Of course there is much else to learn for a high church wedding but we shall have plenty of rehearsals and I never was no counted dull." Yes

She was brave.

JEREMIAH O'DONOVAN ROSSA

Exciting Career of the Agitator Recently Ejected From the House of Commons

Jeremiah O'Donovan Rossa who recently attempted to [illegible] a speech from a gallery in the [illegible] house of commons and was promptly ejected was born plain Jeremiah O'Donovan in Ire



O'DONOVAN ROSSA

land [illegible] years [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] dozens of Jeremiah O'Donovans in the County Cork he annexed the name Rossa [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] connection with the Fenians [illegible] the [illegible] of the Fenian organization [illegible] came to America [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] returned to Ireland during the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] years later and was [illegible] for conspiring to [illegible] up the English government and [illegible] Ireland. He was imprisoned until 1871 when [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of America [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Irish independence.

[illegible] [illegible] he [illegible] in New York [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] William M. Tweed [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] but was [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] saloon hotel and steamship [illegible] business but was unsuccessful and finally started the United Irishman [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] His office in New York was the resort of dynamiters and was the scene of many sensational occurrences.

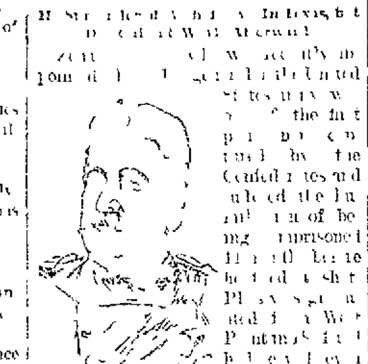
In 1885 Yseult Dudley, an English woman who believed Rossa was responsible for the [illegible] [illegible] in London and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and fo[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to pay a large

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

BRIGADIER GENERAL BLISS

He Succeeds General [illegible] In Texas [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Zenas [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]



GEN. BLISS

[illegible] the first [illegible] [illegible] by the Confederates and [illegible] [illegible] of being imprisoned [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] West Point [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] in Texas when the war [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] San Antonio [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] San Antonio [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Bliss was [illegible] [illegible] until April 1863 [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the Seventh [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible]

On [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] recommended [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] he [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] commended [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Wilderness [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] gallant and meritorious [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] 1866

The [illegible] [illegible] In the Buggy

An incident [illegible] the strength of the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] occurred in front of the [illegible] [illegible] on Lawrence [illegible] [illegible] 30 Saturday afternoon. A woman who lives on a [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Denver hitched [illegible] horse [illegible] [illegible] a buggy outside the [illegible] [illegible] while she made [illegible] purchases [illegible] After doing the shopping she [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and the store man placed it under the seat. As he did [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and flapping its wings in seeming [illegible] The [illegible] [illegible] employee [illegible] [illegible] and then called into the restaurant. Your hen is gone [illegible]

The [illegible] [illegible] knew of no hen being in her buggy but when she went out and saw the cause of the storeman's excitement [illegible] running wildly around the street [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] recognized her Speckle. After [illegible] chase the [illegible] [illegible] under the [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] of her presence there was [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] from time to time and as the [illegible] [illegible] had not been used very recently before the trip to Denver that morning she had not been disturbed in her hatching operations until the man from the store [illegible] his bundle in upon her. Even the hitching up of the buggy yesterday morning did not drive Speckle away from [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and only for the bundle the [illegible] might have driven back home without knowing [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] —Denver Republican.

An Indian exhibition has just been opened at [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Midway [illegible] is called [illegible] and the [illegible] attraction is a Ferris wheel [illegible] 500 feet in diameter.

Monte Carlo's Decline

Monte Carlo made 19,100,000 francs last year, [illegible] 000,000 less than the year before and nearly 5,000,000 less than 1892. The dividend was 8 per cent.—New York Sun.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with pneumonia succeeding la grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at Dreier & Bro.'s Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, each bottle guaranteed. Electric Bitters, the great remedy for liver, stomach and kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them, and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at Dreier & Bro.'s Drug Store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

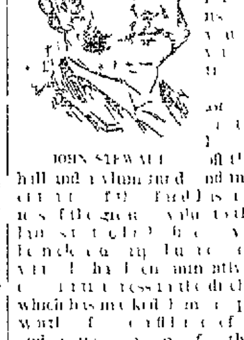
The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dreier & Bro.

SECRET SOCIETIES

MASONIC

Grand Master of Masons of the State of New York—Trestleboard Design

[illegible] new grand [illegible] of New York, M. W. John Stewart, having been [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] grand lodge [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] 1884 [illegible]



JOHN STEWART.

hall and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] which has [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] William [illegible] Sutherland deputy grand [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and Masonic [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] New York [illegible] [illegible] St. Louis [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Fraternal [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] Chapel [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the world [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] It is held in [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Upon the [illegible] [illegible] Mohammedan [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Arabic tongue and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] from the quarries of [illegible] [illegible] of the timbers of the mountains of [illegible] [illegible] rejected [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] builders [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] lack of the necessary qualifications.

The state of Illinois ranks next to New York in Masonic statistics. Its jurisdiction [illegible] of 716 lodges and over [illegible] members.

ROYAL ARCANUM

Subordinate Councils Must Meet Semi-monthly—Items of Interest

Upon the recommendation of the committee [illegible] councils it was ordered [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] secretaries of those bodies shall [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to the grand [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] month was [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] council at Memphis [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] up to 500 the form [illegible]

The committee on [illegible] [illegible] supreme council reported [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

The supreme council [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the finance and law committees.

The supreme council [illegible] to reduce the per capita tax and the benefit certificate fee.

Sick benefits amounting to $7,408 were paid by 80 councils last [illegible]

There are 18,000 Arcanumites in Pennsylvania.

UNITED WORKMEN

Name of Deputies In [illegible] [illegible] Order [illegible]

The proceedings of the various grand lodges are now coming in indicating an increase [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of membership. All the [illegible] lodges [illegible] and the [illegible] [illegible] requires the [illegible] work of suitable deputies in the field.

Grand Medical Examiner J. L. Million of Illinois in his report says that during the last two years $16,000 [illegible] [illegible] for accidents and $61,000 [illegible] suicides. There were 30 deaths from consumption and 50 from pneumonia.

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

The total amount contributed through the medium of the chief fund since its adoption 1880 to Jan. 1 is $1,378,501. The amount has all been [illegible] except 20 cents [illegible]

There are 8,000 United Workmen in Wisconsin. [illegible] P. L. Kelly is grand master workman.

Michigan has 631 lodges with 9,000 members of the degree of honor.

Knights of the Golden Eagle

The grand castle of Pennsylvania at its [illegible] session in [illegible] made the following nominations to be voted for next year [illegible] grand chief [illegible] Johnson [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Maxime [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] A. R. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Wilson [illegible] [illegible] W. H. Kelly [illegible] [illegible] W. H. Dunn and [illegible] Martins [illegible] [illegible] to the supreme castle [illegible]

There are 11,321 Knights of the Golden Eagle in Pennsylvania.

The grand chief of Pennsylvania gets $1,000 [illegible]

ODD FELLOWS

Why the Order [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] questions [illegible] [illegible] All such questions must go through the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] is the sign of a noble, generous man need that can be seen and observed by all men.

The order is to be congratulated on the steady progress made by the Rebekah [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the women have shown with a devotion to its interests.

Our order proclaims to mankind its [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] New York [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

The dedication of the Odd Fellows [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Missouri Odd Fellows [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of members of the order [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] in Pennsylvania [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

The grand [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] cents [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Odd [illegible] in [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Veteran Odd Fellows [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Pennsylvania.

RED MEN

Information About the Order Around the Council Fire

All [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Tecumseh [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] in Pennsylvania.

A. V. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of Minnesota and Charles H. [illegible] [illegible] chief of [illegible]

The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] orphan [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the grand [illegible] of Masons of Georgia.

When you get at work again, brother, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

Intoxicated Persons Cannot Get the Password—Sword Thrusts

The following [illegible] section of the new laws for [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] password. Should the person presenting an order and official receipt [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] commander may refuse to communicate to him the semiannual password, but in such case he shall at once notify the chancellor commander issuing the order of his action and the reason therefor.

A contribution of 10 cents per member has been asked by the supreme chancellor to build a Rathbone monument at Utica.

The claims paid to beneficiaries of deceased members in the endowment rank since Jan. 1 were $318,000 and for the [illegible] [illegible] the disbursements on this account approximate nearly $1,000,000.

W. D. Chizbee is grand chancellor of Michigan.

There are 165 lodges and 41,113 members in Illinois.

The grand lodge of Iowa meets in Marshalltown on Aug. 14 to 17. [illegible] are 3,000 uniformed Sir Knights in the state.

Wisconsin Knights have a Pythian map of their state bound in with their report. It is a good idea. It shows the location of every division and every lodge in the state.

Knights of the Maccabees

The officers of the supreme tent for the ensuing year are: Supreme commander, D. P. Markey; lieutenant commander, James J. Downey; record keeper, N. S. Boynton; finance keeper, G. D. Thompson; medical examiner, P. I. Moss; chaplain, W. J. Brown; sergeant, H. J. Trent.

Supreme Commander D. P. Markey, in his annual report, announced [illegible] new members and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] 000 over the [illegible] two years before.

The supreme tent adopted a resolution prohibiting the holding of picnics, excursions or other gatherings in the name of the Maccabees on Sundays or at places where intoxicants are sold.

Mystic Chain

The select castle of Pennsylvania meets at Perkasie July 13.

A. R. Wambold will probably be next select commander of Pennsylvania.

Cycling Afloat In Chicago

A company is being formed in Chicago for the purpose of building a floating riding school and bicycle track on the bosom of Lake Michigan half a mile or more from here. The company proposes to anchor the floating school and use it as an ice rink in winter.—American Wheelman.

Three Bicycle Spines

In the collection of skeletons and sections there at the College of Physicians in New York city there are three examples of the bicycle [illegible] a species of small column unknown to science until the modern cycle caused it to be formed—or malformed.

A Convenient Scapegoat

The new woman is going to be a very convenient thing to blame unpleasant things on.—Washington Post.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known combined with the best blood purifiers acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Solid through trains to New York City were placed in service May 19th over the Nickel Plate and West Shore railroads. This will enable both first and second class passengers to go through without change of cars. A colored porter will be placed in charge of first and second class day coaches to attend to the wants of our patrons and to insure scrupulously clean cars en route. This is in addition to the porters that always accompany the through sleeping cars. Rates continue the lowest. May 25 adm 1tf

Wages In Hawaii

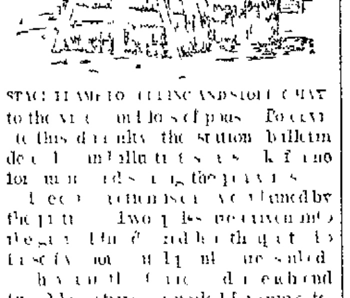
In Hawaii Japanese laborers get $12.50 a month.

FARM AND GARDEN

CURING HAY

A Device For Stacking Hay That Is Difficult to Cure

The Alabama station among other bulletins [illegible] has sent out has issued one on the curing and storing of cowpea hay which [illegible] valuable suggestions to other [illegible] where large plants [illegible] to raise [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] cowpea hay requires several days [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] this means damage



STACK FRAME TO [illegible] AND STORE CHAFF

to the vines and loss of peas. To overcome this difficulty the station bulletin [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] for [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the stations were 10 feet wide and 2 feet high [illegible]

In the experiment described the vines were cut in the morning after the dew was off and allowed to lie on the ground and wilt until the next morning. They were then raked up and hauled to the stack frame and stacked [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] thrown smoothly over the top to turn [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the handling of the vines [illegible] [illegible] were only slightly wilted and the [illegible] had fallen [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] stacked [illegible] found in [illegible] [illegible]

Crop Rotations

An instance [illegible] of a three crop rotation in two years with one plowing [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] from the Ohio [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] This was plowing a clover sod [illegible] [illegible] a crop of hay, about June 10, planting to corn which was [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the usual distance [illegible] This corn was cut in September [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and sown to wheat [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] in the spring [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] course. Such a rotation [illegible] [illegible] could not be practicable in many places.

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] little [illegible] or not of [illegible] [illegible] fertility [illegible] three or four [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] with no crop succeeding [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] In such cases oats [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Prairie Farmer, which adds: As a rule corn is the only cultivated crop occupying any considerable acreage in the [illegible] [illegible] There are many farms on which potatoes are largely grown but these farm but a small percentage of the farm [illegible] of the county. In the main [illegible] some variety of clover is the chief, often the only [illegible] crop.

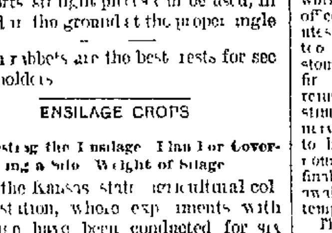
Implements In Haymaking

On our large western farms where the hay harvest continues for any considerable length of time [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] mower [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] foot [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] twice the width. Other implements have been added. Clover grows in such luxuriance in the Iowa [illegible] that the tedder is indispensable. The tedder saves time and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] in the open [illegible] has proved to be a very costly method of preserving hay and our prairie [illegible] [illegible] becoming thickly dotted with hay barns, into which the hay is placed by horse power.—Iowa Farmer.

Supports For Tomato Plants

American Gardening furnishes a sketch which shows how wire poultry netting of [illegible] inch mesh can be used to advantage among tomato plants.

The supports across which the netting is stretched are bent so as to incline the netting toward the sun. If arranged so



WIRE NETTING SUPPORTS

that the growing plants will touch the meshes about a third of the way from the lower edge of the netting, a fine sunny support will be afforded for the vines, and especially for the ripening fruit. If it is not easy to secure bent supports straight pieces can be used, inserted in the ground at the proper angle.

Tin rabbits are the best [illegible] for season holders.

ENSILAGE CROPS

Harvesting the Ensilage Plan For Covering a Silo—Weight of Silage

At the Kansas state agricultural college station, where experiments with ensilage have been conducted for six years, corn has been the main silage crop, though some sorghum Kaffir corn and other green fodders have been [illegible] The conclusion is that no crop will yield more nutrition to the acre one year with another than corn. The following information is gleaned from a bulletin issued on the subject.

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] closer than when a crop is grown for grain. The heaviest yields at this station were when the rows were [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] stalks 4 inches apart in the row. A large southern variety of corn called Mosby's Prolific gave the best satisfaction. The proper time to cut is when the grain is in the hard dough and the lower leaves begin to turn yellow, but it is necessary to begin in advance of this stage in order to finish up before the corn dries.

Of the several fodder cutters which we tried none gave better satisfaction than a [illegible] [illegible] cutter. It is provided that [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] ed up on the sled when not in use. It has two [illegible] [illegible] providing it with [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] wheels. It [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] rows at a time. Two [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the cutter [illegible] [illegible] a row. As the corn is cut they [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] which they throw in heaps on the ground. A wagon [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] hauled to the silo.

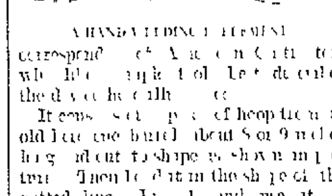
[illegible] The power is [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] steam engine [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] weight of a cubic foot of silage is not [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the yield of ensilage will vary so much with the soil [illegible] the variety of corn and the culture [illegible] it gets that it is impossible to give [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] what may be expected on any given year. In [illegible] favorable seasons on good soil with good culture and with a large [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] it is safe to count on ten tons [illegible] [illegible]

A Good Weeder

The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]



A HANDY WEEDING IMPLEMENT

correspondent [illegible] American Cultivator who [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

It [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] piece of hoop iron an old [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] about 8 or 9 inches long and cut to shape as shown in [illegible] Then [illegible] [illegible] in the shape of the dotted line Fig. 1, and use it as shown in Fig. 2.

Improved Corn Culture

It [illegible] [illegible] to have been proved that the modern method of planting in drills gives a larger yield of both grain and stover than when crowded into hills. Less seed is required for drill planting, and the use of right tools is necessary for best results. The progressive farmer [illegible] [illegible] planter which leaves a track showing where the row of corn lies. This is followed before the corn sprouts with a cultivator with teeth or pads very narrow and run it as near the row as possibly without disturbing the corn. This allows the soil throws a little earth over the corn row and when followed in a couple of days with a smooth [illegible] [illegible] the whole surface will be [illegible] and left clean. The corn will be up in a day or two and get a good start before weeds appear. As soon as the first leaves of the corn are [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] go over the field with the smoothing harrow crosswise of the first [illegible] [illegible] Again in a week give it another harrowing and often a fourth and fifth [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] intervening [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] no weeds can start and so [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] going over one way [illegible] corn is covered the next time will uncover it before it is smothered.

[illegible] [illegible] Tar

A [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] will prevent [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

A queen who [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the honey so it has a very [illegible] [illegible] should be superseded by one whose bees cap the honey white.

Fifty colonies of bees well managed will make more money with less labor, for them [illegible] than 100 colonies carelessly handled.

Why Lawyers Get Rich.

Speaking of lawyers' fees, a little girl in Brooklyn lost both her feet by being run over by a trolley car some time ago. She sued the company and the judgment in her favor was $13,268.68. The court has now ordered the company to pay the girl's lawyer $7,241.85 as his share of the judgment, leaving the crippled girl as her share the more modest portion of $6,023.83. Presumably the division was made in accordance with law, but it doesn't seem to be in accordance with justice.—Boston Herald.

THE BUSINESS MAN'S LUNCH.

Hard Work and Indigestion go Hand in Hand.

Concentrated thought continued in robs the stomach of necessary blood and this is also true of hard physical labor.

When a five horse power engine is made to do ten horse power work something is going to break. Very often the hard worked man comes from the field or the office and bolts his food in a few minutes which will take hours to digest. Then too many foods are about as useful in the stomach as a keg of nails would be in a fire under a boiler. The ill used stomach refuses to do its work without the proper stimulus which it gets from the blood and nerves. The nerves are weak and ready to break because they do not get the nourishment they require from the blood. Finally the ill used brain is [illegible] wide awake when the overworked man attempts to find rest in bed.

The application of common sense in the treatment of the stomach and the whole system brings to the business man the full enjoyment of life and healthy digestion when he takes Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets to relieve a bilious stomach or after a too hearty meal and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to purify, enrich and vitalize the blood. The Pellets are tiny sugar coated pills made of highly concentrated vegetable ingredients which relieve the stomach of all offending matters easily and thoroughly. They need only be taken for a short time to cure the biliousness, constipation and slothfulness or torpor of the liver. Then the Medical Discovery should be taken in teaspoonful doses to increase the blood and enrich it. It has a peculiar effect upon the lining membranes of the stomach and bowels toning up and strengthening them for all time. The whole system feels the effect of the pure blood coursing through the body and the nerves are vitalized and strengthened, not deadened or put to sleep as the so called celery compounds and nerve mixtures do, but refreshed and fed on the food they need for health. If you suffer from nervousness, dyspepsia, nervousness and any of the ills which come from impure blood and disordered stomach you can cure yourself with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical [illegible] [illegible] be obtained at any drug store in the country.

Have YOU Tried

CUTICURA

the great SKIN CURE? there is INSTANT RELIEF for all afflicted with TORTURING SKIN DISEASES in a single application of

CUTICURA

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Sold throughout the world. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] "How to Cure Every Skin Disease," free.

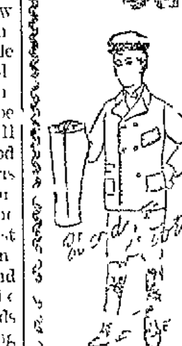
PIPER HEIDSIECK PLUG TOBACCO.

Consumers of chewing tobacco who are willing to pay a little more than the price charged for the ordinary trade tobaccos, will find this brand superior to all others

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Head-to-Foot Outfits

For Boys From 5 to 15 Years Old



The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] double [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Price [illegible]

THE [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

A SPECIAL BARGAIN IN MEN'S CLOTHING

[illegible] [illegible] single breasted sack and cutaway frock [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] strictly all wool black blue and brown serges, black clay worsteds, brown and gray mixed cheviots and finest indigo dye blue flannel suitings, regular price $15.00

Special Mail Order Price for 30 Days,

$9.75

Samples sent free of charge. Money refunded whenever you think you can do better elsewhere.

THE HUB,

N. W. Corner State and Jackson St., CHICAGO.

YOU HAVE SEEN

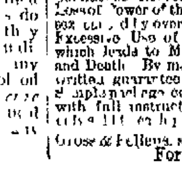
POZZONI'S POWDER

advertised for many years but have you ever tried it?—If not—you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

POZZONI'S

besides being an acknowledged beautifier has many refreshing uses. It prevents chafing, sun burn, wind tan, lessens perspiration, etc. In fact it is a most delicate and desirable protection to the face during hot weather.

It is sold everywhere.



NEW LIFE

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT is sold under positive written guarantee by authorized agents only to cure Weak Memory, Loss of Brain and Nerve Power, Lost Manhood, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Loss of Power of the Generative Organs in either sex caused by over exertion, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. By mail $1 a box, six for $5, with written guarantee to cure or refund money. [illegible] [illegible] containing five days treatment, with full instructions, 25 cents. One sample only sold to each person by mail.

Grose & Fellens, sole agents, [illegible] Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

SCROFULA

Miss Della Stevens, of Boston, Mass., writes: I have always suffered from hereditary Scrofula, for which I tried various remedies, and many reliable physicians, but none relieved me. After taking 6 bottles of SSS I am now well. I am very grateful to you, as I feel that it saved me from a life of untold agony, and shall take pleasure in speaking only words of praise for the wonderful medicine, and in recommending it to all. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address.

CURED

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED.

WANTED—Boarders by the day or week, or with room, at 24 W. Wayne St. 5-tf

WANTED—A home for a girl seven years old. Corner Rockhill and Prichard streets. tf

WANTED—A position by a very competent young lady as stenographer. Apply at Sentinel office. 10 10t

WANTED—A girl for second work. References required. Apply Mrs. A. D. Cressler, 141 West Berry. tf

WANTED—Permanent room or rooms and board, by single lady. West of Calhoun. Address room, care Sentinel.

WANTED—Position as salesman in the city or on the road. Ten years' experience. First-class references. Address, E. D., this office. 7-tf

WANTED—A Kitchen and dining room girl at the Franklin Hotel. Good wages paid. Call at once, Franklin Hotel, 208 Hanna street.

WANTED—Reliable man to open a small office and handle my goods. Position permanent. Stamp and references. A. T. Morris, care this paper.

WANTED—Hustling agents in Fort Wayne. Easiest selling article on earth. Everybody wants it. Big money. Call at once, room 15 Schmitz block, Ft. Wayne. 11-6t

WANTED—Position as stenographer and typewriter, have had practical experience and can furnish best of references. Speak German and English. Address R. L. this office. 11-6t

WANTED—A man or lady to manage distributing samples, soaps, specialties, books; do corresponding. Send Sylvan Co., 727 Woodward, Detroit, Mich., 10c for set of samples, receive offer to you. 12-2w

WANTED—All to know that everybody troubled with a cough or cold on the lungs, or throat trouble, or night sweats, call and try my Lung Syrup. It never fails to cure. No. 14, Murray street. 23tf

WANTED—Agents to sell or use our practical Gold, Silver, Nickle and Copper electro platers, plates all metal goods. Price from $3 upwards. Salary and expenses paid, outfit free. Address with 2 cent stamp, Michigan Mfg. Co., Chicago. 16-13w

WANTED--10 MEN

To solicit orders for hardy nursery stock, ornamental trees and shrubs; both city and country work. Big pay; steady work; good territory near home. L. L. May & Co., St. Paul, Minn. 16-1m

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Cheapest rents in the city in the Arcade, central, only 80 feet from Calhoun St. on W. Berry. 4-tf

FOR RENT—One of the most convenient lodge rooms in the city. Good sized and well arranged. Call at Sentinel office. 29-tf

FOR RENT—With board; one large well furnished front room, two closets, suitable for two gentlemen. 25 W. Lewis St. 15-2

FOR RENT—One of the most convenient lodge rooms in the city, at 10 and 12 West Wayne street. Good size and well arranged. Call at Sentinel office. tf

FOR RENT—A furnished house for the summer to a family without children, terms moderate. Apply 57 Douglas ave., between 9 and 10 a. m. 115-2ts&tu

FOR RENT—Office, ground floor; roll top desk, use of telephone. Splendid place for real estate or insurance. Inquire at the Pantitorium, 16 Arcade. 29-tf

FOR RENT—Two houses, 8 rooms and bath room, electrical fixtures in all rooms and gas, good barn, all in good shape; rent reasonable to desirable parties. Inquire at 176 Calhoun St. 1-tf

FOR RENT—House No. 186 West Main street, six rooms, water, natural gas. Also house No. 34 Garden street, seven rooms, water, natural gas and good barn. Hoffman Bros., 200 West Main street. 1113

FOR RENT—Nine-room brick house on the corner of Lafayette and Main streets: contains natural and artifical gas, bath room, hot and cold water and fitted with all modern improvements. Call at No. 19 Lafayette street. 3-6-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A nice five room house, 21x47, with cellar, cistern, gas and water works. 85 Eliza street.

FOR SALE—A Crane elevator as good as new. Suitable for a five story building. Enquire this office. tf

FOR SALE—New No. 79, National Cash register, cost $300, will sell for $200 on time, or $175 cash. Address "M," this office. 14t6

FOR SALE—Shelving, counters, gasoline stoves, cook stoves, screen doors and many other articles at very low price; also a good barber outfit. 246 Calhoun St. tf

FOR SALE—Nearly new No. 3 National Cash register cost $200, will sell for $125 on time or $110 cash. Reason for selling not suited to my business. Address "F," this office. 11t6

FOR SALE—First-class millinery store, on Calhoun street, doing a good business. Stock and fixtures will be sold cheap. Reason for selling, ill health. Address, E. A. D., this office. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Birds, good singers, Hartz mountain Canaries, Blue Mexican Canaries, Southern Red Birds, Grossbeaks, Bobolinks, and birds of all kinds. Call or address, 97 LaSelle street. 12-1m

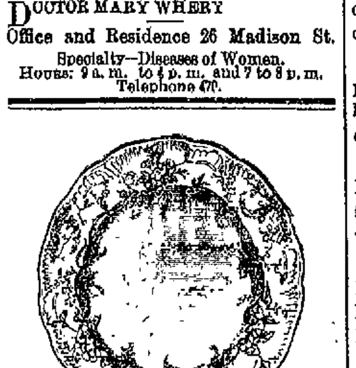
FOR SALE OR TRADE—Desirable farms, city lots and improved property at bargains; a desirable lot on Indiana avenue, South Wayne, on which I will build a house and sell on monthly payments. $100 cash down; also a nine-room house, near Williams grove, at a bargain; also, money to loan at a low rate of interest. Agent for Fire Insurance. Louis Curdes, rooms 3 and 4 Pixley and Long block. e5-tf

PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR MARY WHERY

Office and Residence 26 Madison St.

Specialty—Diseases of Women. Hours: 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m. Telephone 470.



The Cheapest Place in the City --TO BUY--

China and Glass.
Chamber Sets.
1847 Roger Bro. Plated Knives and Spoons.
Lamps, Silk Shades and all kinds of cheap Crockery.

Ward's China Store,
No. 8 W. Columbia St.
Sign Big Iron Dog.

IT MADE A DIFFERENCE.

The Butler—Mr. Boredom presents his compliments and asks if the Misses Smythe are engaged.
The Girls—The stupid creature!
Must we go down?
Why does he come here anyway?
He will talk us to death, the bore!
The Butler—He has come to take you to ride in the park.
The Girls—Oh! The sweet thing! Tell him we will be down in a second!

RAILWAYS AND SHOPS.

S. F. Bowser Will Enlarge His Factory.

The Bass Works Receive Two Orders for Machinery—Local and Personal Gossip.

S. F. Bowser & Co. will put an addition to their works, the new building to be 150x50 feet. The company's business was never as heavy as at present and indications point to a still greater business in the near future, hence the necessity for greater shop facilities.

PAYMASTER PLACE WILL RETIRE.

After an active service covering a period of about thirty years, Clark A. Place, the veteran paymaster of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St Paul railway company, will retire July 1 next He will be succeeded by G. G. Scott, for several years past assistant paymaster and who has been in the office for the past ten or twelve years. W. H. Hayden, who has for some time past been a traveling auditor for the St. Paul company, will be assistant to Paymaster Scott, with the title of cashier.

VETERAN IRON MASTER DROPS DEAD.

John Pattison, a veteran iron master, who was foreman of what is now the Illinois Steel company's works at Chicago twenty years ago and took charge of their puddle in the mill at Milwaukee in 1879, dropped dead at his home in Bay View last evening from apoplexy. Deceased was seventy-two years of age.

WIRE NAIL PLANT CHANGES HANDS.

The Baackes Wire Nail company of Cleveland, has transferred its plant to the Consolidated Steel and Wire company, an Illinois corporation. The Baackes Wire Nail company is the largest concern of its kind in this country. The price was $500,000. The plant has been in the hands of a receiver for the past year or more.

MR. DAVIS RE ELECTED.

W. E. Davis, general yard master of the Pennsylvania railroad at this point, has been re-elected a member of the advisory board of the Pennsylvania Voluntary Relief association. Other members of the board are: Joseph Ashworth, Toledo and Eastern division; Patrick Duffy, Erie and Ashtabula and Cleveland and Pittsburg divisions; Horace Whitcomb, Pittsburg division; B. C. Logan, Indianapolis, Richmond and Cincinnati divisions, and Robert Green, Chicago, Louisville and Indianapolis and Vincennes divisions, all to serve one year from July 1, or until their successors are duly chosen.

BRIEF MENTION.

Engineer Cooper and Fireman Van Tilburg, of the Nickel Plate, are taking a few days' rest.

One hundred people composed the Alabama club's excursion party to Rome City today.

Ferdinand Noll went to the Peru hospital this morning. He is an employe of the shops in this city.

Mike Kennelley, of East Creighton avenue, has gone to Leipsic, Ohio, to spend two weeks with friends.

Engineer D. McFee, who was taking a two weeks' vacation, resumed his run on the Nickel Plate this morning.

The Wabash earned in the first week of June $227,667, an increase over the corresponding week of 1894 of $54,426.

George Loney, a carpenter, employed at the Bass works, has gone to Canada to spend a few weeks visiting friends.

Machinist James Olive, jr., who has been sick some days, will resume his duties in the Wabash shops next Monday.

Theodore M. Ely, chief of motive power of the Pennsylvania lines, with his family, sailed for Europe Wednesday.

Joseph Deahl, day caller at the Nickel Plate yard offices, was taken sick yesterday and has since been unable to work.

Private car No. 25, with President Ralloway in it, passed east on the Nickel Plate last night, attached to No. 6.

Brakemen William Wills and F. G. Reese have resumed work on the Nickel Plate. The latter was injured some time ago.

The electric works shipped a 1,200-light machine to Colinsville, Ill, today. It is an addition to a plant already in operation.

Pittsburg engine 271, class O pattern, is on the drop pit today for an overhauling. Engine 331 is also in for slight repairs.

The Wabash is booking a great many people for the official train to Boston on the occasion of the Christian Endeavor convention.

Blacksmith Charles Rodenbeck, of the Pittsburg shops, and his wife have gone to Indianapolis to be the guests of relatives until next Tuesday.

John A. Aubrey, the Barr street grocer, and T. D. Pattoe, brakeman on the Pittsburg, were made members of Fort Wayne lodge No. 19, A. O. U. W., last night.

The new wheat crop of southern Indiana will begin to move in the next ten days, and already arrangements for cars to handle it are being made.

Tomorrow morning the turntable at the Pittsburg roundhouse will be raised and the broken center plate replaced by a new and more substantial one.

S. O. Wormer, who resigned as flagman of Conductor Rogers' crew on the Pittsburg, has taken a position in the works of the Western Gas Construction company.

Brakeman Chrisholm, of the east local freight on the Nickel Plate, was called in off his run yesterday, on account of the sudden and violent illness of his wife.

Frank Cairnes, Ambrose Benedict Patrick Bresnihan, Thomas O'Connell, William Connors and William Blake, machinists at the Pittsburg shops, are spending the day at Rome City.

The City band had a rehearsal of some new music which it will play at the Centlivre park tomorrow afternoon. Some of the pieces are magnificent productions and those who attend the concert are promised a rare treat.

F. A. Palmer, assistant general passenger agent of the Wabash, stationed at Chicago, and his daughter, were in the city a few hours yesterday. They were en route to Indianapolis, where Miss Palmer will remain some time.

T. J. Rodabaugh, foreman of the paint department of the Pittsburg shops, will leave on No. 8 tomorrow evening for Altoona, Pa, where he expects to remain about a week. His mission is one of business for the company.

G. H. Wilcox, painter in the Pittsburg shops, has taken a vacation, which he will spend on his wheel. He expects to make a tour of the surrounding cities, including Kendallville, Warsaw, Huntington, Bluffton, Decatur, Van Wert and Hicksville.

Brakeman Van Meter, formerly of Conductor Shea's crew, and James Kay, of Conductor Anderson's crew, have exchanged places until Brakeman Kinzie, who was so seriously injured a week ago, is able to resume his train duties. All are working on the Nickel Plate.

Parties in Warsaw have arranged a series of entertainments, including a bicycle race, for next Saturday, in compliment to the Pittsburg shopmen who have their annual excursion on that day. Bills announcing the races were posted in the shops and about the depot this morning.

The Cincinnati, Jackson and Van Wert company will next week let the contracts for new shops at Van Wert, work to begin immediately. The improvement will consist of a six-stall modern roundhouse, a brick machine shop, 140 by 70 feet, and a blacksmith shop, 65 by 65 feet.

The New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio division of the Erie and the Pittsburg and Lake Erie, in connection with the Lake Shore, are so pressed with coal traffic that they have leased one thousand coal cars from the Ohio Southern and five hundred from the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus.

The Bass Foundry and Machine works will build a 175-horse power Bass Improved Corliss engine for the electric light station of the city of Branford, Conn. The contract for the machinery was signed yesterday. The Bass works yesterday also contracted to build two large boilers for the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad company.

Arthur H. Dougall, clerk in the main office at the electric works, reported for duty this morning with his head swathed in arnica-soaked cloths. Art refused to explain how he came to be so badly used up, but it is understood that his head was "cracked" in the effort to imbibe mathematical knowledge in great chunks. Prof. John Dalton was the teacher.

About a week ago John Steagerwalt, an employe of Rhinesmith & Simonson, injured one of his feet painfully, but not sufficient, as he thought, to cause alarm or require the attention of a surgeon and he continued at work. Yesterday, however, the wound became very painful and the foot swelled alarmingly. A physician was called and pronounced the case one of blood poison. Mr. Steagerwalt will not be able to work for some time.

Intelligent housewives will have the best. That's why they all use Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

It was rumored about the city last evening that the new owners of the Hathaway homestead are going to convert the property into a knitting plant and that the machinery for its equipment has already been ordered. The property lies on the hill north of the Nickel Plate round house. The reporter could not find anybody this morning who could talk authoritatively upon the matter, but was informed that the owners of the property are Germans, who recently came to this city.

SHORT SERMONS

Will be the Rule With Our Pastors for Hot Sundays.

An Earnest Welcome Given All to the Services in the Different Churches for Tomorrow.

Welcome to the Tabernacle—Pastor Northrop.

Services at St. Andrew's Mission, on Shawnee avenue, at 3 p. m.

There will be a meeting at the Y. W. C. A. Sunday at 4 p. m. All are cordially invited.

Railroad department Y. M. C. A.—Bible study at 3:30 p. m, Men's meeting at 4 p. m. Address by Dr. Caldwell. All men are welcome.

St. Paul M. E. church—Sunday school at 9:30 a m; preaching by the pastor, at 10:30 a. m; Children's Day services at 7:30 p. m. Welcome.

First Presbyterian church, Rev. D. W. Moffat, pastor.—Services at 10.30 a. m and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

Services at the Grace Reformed church tomorrow at 10:20 a. m. and 8 p. m. Topic for the evening sermon, "Boaz, the Christian Man and Husband."

Third Presbyterian church—Preaching and communion at 10:30 a. m Short sermon at 7.45 p. m. Sunday school at 12 o'clock. Y. P. S. C. E. at 7 p. m.

The City Department Y. M. C. A. will hold a "pleasant hour" at the building Sunday, at 3:30 p. m., to which all men, especially strangers, are invited.

Services at the A. M. E. church, East Wayne street, 10.30 a. m., and 7:30 p m.; Sunday school at 2:30 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. All are welcomed. G. W. Brown, pastor.

Rev. G. E. Ireland, former pastor of the Church of Christ, will preach at the church tomorrow evening. A service of special importance to members in the morning. P. J. Rice, pastor.

English Lutheran Church of the Redeemer, West Washington and Fulton streets—Sunday service at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Strangers welcome. Sunday school at 9 a. m. during the summer.

Church of the Evangelical Association, corner Clintion and Holman streets—German preaching, 10:30 a. m, English preaching, 7:30 p. m; Sunday school, 9:30 a. m S. H. Baumgartner, pastor.

Christs' Evangelical Lutheran church every Sabbath at the City Y. M. C. A. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m: Preaching at 10:30 a. m, and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E at 6:30 p m. Rev. A. A. Hundley, pastor.

Calvary U. B. church, corner Lewis and Harmer streets, A. W. Ballinger, pastor. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 10.30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 7 p. m. All are cordially invited.

North Side Mission—Preaching at 2.30 p. m., by Rev. T. E. Covington, of Indian territory. Sunday school at 3 o'clock. Everybody made welcome. St. Mary's avenue, one square north of Hoffman street.

Welcome to services in Plymouth church at 10.45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Morning theme: "An All Around Christian." People's service in the evening. James S. Ainslie, minister.

Trinity Episcopal church, corner of West Berry and Fulton streets, Rev. A. W. Seabrease, rector—Holy communion, 8 a m; morning prayer and sermon, 10 45 a m.; evening prayer, 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

The Friends (Quakers) will hold meeting at the Y. M. C. A. building, corner Calhoun and Holman streets, at 10:30 a m. and 7:30 p. m. tomorrow. Preaching by Ira C. Johnson, of Lynn, Ind. Everybody cordially invited.

At Westminster—Preaching at 10:30 a m., "Hard Questions and Divine Answers;" at 6 p. m, "Bible Manners and Customs," illustrated by the sterioptican. Sunday school at 12 noon; Jr. Endeavor at 5 p. m., and Sr. Endeavor at 7 p. m.

Trinity M. E. church—Preaching at 10:30 a. m. Subject: "The Perfect Church." Temperance meeting at 7:45 p. m. consisting of papers, recitations and music. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Epworth league, 7 p. m. H. M. Johnson, pastor. Welcome.

Bethany Presbyterian church, Rev. Geo. E. Davis, pastor. Morning service at 10:30 a m. Subject of discourse: "The Law of Liberation. Sunday school at 3 p. m, and Y. P. S. C. E. immediately following. Evening service at 7.45 p. m. The Clarion quartet will sing. Welcome.

Rev. John Rettig, son of Rev. Rettig, the superintendent of the Reformed Orphan's home, will preach at the morning service of the Third German Reformed church which is held in the hall of J. B. White's building, corner of Calhoun and Wayne streets. Sunday school at 9 a. m; preaching at 10 a. m.

The Rev. W. H. Blease, of Ashtabula, Ohio, will preach in the South Congregational church tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Mr. Blease is an eloquent and forcible preacher, and as he preaches as a candidate a full attendance of the members is earnestly requested. Sunday school at 9.15 a. m. Everybody welcome.

Wayne Street M. E. church, corner of Broadway, John H. Bickford, pastor. Class meeting at 9:30 a. m. Preaching by the pastor at 10:30 a. m. Subject: "The Purpose of Service," and at 8 p. m. Subject: "Talents." Sunday school, 2:15 p. m. Epworth league, 7 p. m. Boy's meeting Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Lesson, 1 Timothy 6th chapter. The public cordially invited to all services.

Berry street M. E. church, general class meeting at 9.30 a. m. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. by the pastor, C. C. Cissell. Subject, "Personal Love for a Personal Christ." Sunday school at 2:15 p. m., Junior League at 3.45 p. m; Epworth League devotional service at 7 00 p. m; preaching at 8 p. m. by the Rev. F. A. Graham, of Greencastle, Ind. A class of probationers will be received into full connection at the morning service and baptism will be administered. The public most cordially invited to attend. Strangers are always welcome.

Cracker and Jam Pudding.

Three eggs, ½ cup cracker crumbs, ½ cup sugar, 1 tablespoonful butter, 1 cup milk, ½ lemon—juice and grated peel, 3 tablespoonfuls of jam Heat milk and crumbs together until scalding. Turn out to cool, while you rub butter and sugar to a cream, adding the lemon. Stir in beaten yolks, soaked cracker and milk, at last the whites. Butter bake-dish, put jam at the bottom, fill up with the mixture and bake, covered, ½ hour, then brown Eat cold, with sifted sugar on top, or, if you like, put a meringue over it before taking from oven.

Charlotte Russe.

One pint of cream, kept on ice 5 or 6 hours until perfectly cool, beat until stiff. Then take a large teaspoonful of gelatine, dissolved over the fire in a little milk. When cold mix with cream Add ½ pound of powdered sugar, 2 teaspoonfuls of Royal Extract Vanilla. Put in moulds lined with sponge cake and set on ice till perfectly cold.

THE latest investigations by the United States and Canadian Governments show the ROYAL BAKING POWDER superior to all others in purity and leavening strength.

Statements by other manufacturers to the contrary have been declared by the official authorities falsifications of the official reports.

She Knows Her Mother Now.

Wheeling has brought about a glad spirit of unconventionality, not only among the sexes, but between parents and children. A sweet girl of about 12 years said to another a little older than herself: "Do you know, I think bicycle riding is just grand. Why, I feel as if I had never known my mother until we came here together for lessons." Hers is not the only case of a parent becoming better acquainted with her children through cycling.—New York Sun

Timid Women a Terror.

"These timid women bicycle riders are becoming a terror to drivers," said a horseman recently. "Women become nervous when a wagon approaches and generally stop and dismount. Now, horsemen invariably pull up for them and go round, and if women will just understand this and keep on their way there will be fewer accidents and less wear and tear upon their nervous system."—New York Tribune.

Du Maurier and Columbus.

A single purchaser in this country has secured all the original Du Maurier drawings in "Trilby" and "Peter Ibbetson," paying $7,500 for them. This is as much money as it cost Queen Isabella to fit out Columbus on his first voyage, with all his incidentals and et ceteras.

Hodcarriers Lose the Battle.

MUNCIE, Ind., June 15.—The places of the striking hodcarriers are being filled with other men, several contractors having resumed work today, after four days' idleness. The contractors say they will not pay the 2½ cents per hour raise and the men will likely return to work at the old wages, as the bricklayers are not with them.

Fatally Crushed.

ANDERSON, Ind, June 15.—W. C Jones is dying at the hospital. Yesterday he tried to mount a moving Big Four freight train and fell under the wheels. One arm was cut off, and his skull was fractured. He is a stranger here, but he carries a card from a bricklayers' union, showing that his home is Palmyra, N. Y.

Coxey is a Candidate.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 15.—The populists' state convention has been called to meet here August 1 and 2. There will be about 700 delegates in it. J. S. Coxey, of the commonweal army fame, will probably be the candidate for governor.

Failure.

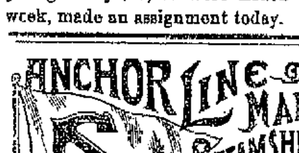
LANCASTER, Pa, June 15.—H. S Shirk & Sons, proprietors of the Stevens cotton mill and manufacturers of cigars, against whom executions aggregating nearly $50,000 were issued last week, made an assignment today.

FOUND

FOUND—A strayed bay horse. Owner can have same by calling and paying for this advertisement. No. 582 W. Main St. 10-tf

FOUND—An order book of agent for Carbolineum Arenarius Wood Preserving Paint; black cover, partly torn. Owner can have same by calling at this office and paying charges. 16-tf

P. G. KUTTNER,
Maker of any and all styles of Shirts to order.
Satisfaction Guaranteed
144 Calhoun St.



ANCHOR LINE MAIL STEAMSHIPS ARE STRICTLY FIRST CLASS AND AMONG The Largest, Fastest and Finest in the World. Passenger Accommodation Unexcelled.

SALOON, SECOND CABIN AND STEERAGE passengers booked to and from GLASGOW, LONDONDERRY, BELFAST, LIVERPOOL, LONDON, AND ALL CONTINENTAL AND SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Drafts issued for any amount at lowest rates. Sailings from New York every Saturday as follows: Circassia, June 22. Ethiopia, July 6. City of Rome, " 29. Furnessia, July 13.

For further information apply to local agent or Gen'l Agents HENDERSON BROS., 170 Jackson Street, CHICAGO.

Sexine Pills RESTORE LOST VIGOR

When in doubt what to use for Nervous Debility, Loss of Sexual Power (in either sex), Impotency, Atrophy, Varicocele and other weaknesses, from any cause, use Sexine Pills. Drains checked and full vigor quickly restored. If neglected, such troubles result fatally. Mailed anywhere, sealed, for $1.00; 6 boxes for $5.00. With every $5.00 order we give a legal guarantee to cure or refund the money. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

SOLD BY GROSS & PELLENS, 94 CALHOUN STREET.

LISTEN MOTHERS!

Tomorrow we begin a very important sale of Boys' Clothing. Important to you because it gives you the choice of all the Boys' LONG PANTS SUITS, SHORT PANTS SUITS in stock, at prices from which every penny of profit has been vanished. Worse than that—every sale will mean a loss to us. We are bound to clear the tables before the end of the season—and we'd rather face the music now and have it over with. So determined are we that we haven't made a single reservation—not even the Blues and Black are exempt—but all the Long Pants Suits and Two and Three Piece Short Pants Suits—Blouse—Junior—Reefer—Combination Suits—and all of 'em—just as they lie on the tables—are included. They are Suits you know all about. Qualities are guaranteed.

LONG PANTS SUITS (Sizes 13 to 19 years.)		SHORT PANTS SUITS (Sizes 4 to 15 years.)	
All the Boy's $5.00 and $6 00 Long Pants Suits—go at	$3.75	All the Boys' $2.50 and $3.00 Short Pants Suits—go at	$1.98
All the Boys' $7.50 and $8 and $9 Long Pants Suits—go at	$5.75	All the Boys' $3.50 and $3.75 Short Pants Suits—go at	$2.25
All the Boys' $10, $12.50 and $13 50 Long Pants Suits—go at	$7.75	All the Boys' $4 00 and $4.50 Short Pants Suits—go at	$3.00
All the Boys' $15.00 and $16 50 Long Pants Suits—go at	$10.00	All the Boys' $5 00 and $6 00 Short Pants Suits—go	$3.75
All the Boys' $18.00 and $20 Long Pants Suits—go at	$12.50	All the Boys' $7.00 and $8 00 Short Pants Suits—go at	$5.00

Tomorrow You'll Have First Pick.

Globe

Clothing, Furnishings, Hats.
Cor. Calhoun and Main St.

JUST LOOK

At our display of elegant and seasonable suits going at figures as scrawny as a dried-up centenarian. Now's the time to deal tenderly with your pocket-book. We are furnishing the opportunity because our ready-made suits for dress or business wear are matchless surprises for close buyers. These outfits are

Worth About 50 per ct. more.

Looking at it in the cheerfullest buyers'-side way, the value of these suits to you is all of that. It's a question of so much wool, weaving and cost of manufacture into clothing—where the seller gets less than cost and the buyer more than his dollar's worth. These suits are hard to wear out, made beautifully, perfect fitting, the very stuff a man wants for feeling comfortable and easy every day in body and purse.

PIXLEY & CO.

YOU CAN GET A

Marriage License For One Dollar.

BUT That isn't the question; what we want to talk to you about is your FURNITURE, CARPETS and HOUSE FURNISHINGS. You got to have them—that's as sure as fate. You are the one person in the world that is to decide where they shall be purchased and how. If you prefer to pick from the largest collection of best qualities; if you choose to buy them of the only First Class Furniture House in Fort Wayne; if you want to buy them from the largest and most complete stock in Northern Indiana—then you will come to us.

INDIANA'S LARGEST MOST ACCOMMODATING HOUSE FURNISHERS.

Indiana Furniture Co.

Fort Wayne, Indiana.
166 Calhoun Street. Opp. Cathedral.

ROSE POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, Terre Haute, Ind. A School of Engineering. Mechanical, Electrical, Civil Engineering, Chemical courses. Well endowed. Extensive Shops and Foundry. Modernly equipped Laboratories in all departments. Expenses low. Address C. L. MEES, President. sat j1 6t

Special Sale of Folding Beds.

$12 Folding Bed $7.
$18 Folding Bed $10.
$25 Folding Bed $15.
$40 Folding Bed $25.
$50 Folding Bed $30.

The Fort Wayne Furniture Co. has given up the manufacture of Folding Beds, to engage in the making of other articles of Furniture, and has closed out its stock of Folding Beds to us at a tremendous sacrifice. At this special sale you can purchase a Fine Folding Bed at the ordinary price of a lounge.

FOSTER'S.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

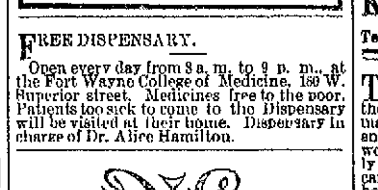
Cash paid for used Furniture, Carpets and Stoves. Entire Furniture of hotels and private residences a specialty.
BARGAIN STORE,
28 West Main Street.

F. J. ZIMMERLY & CO.
PRACTICAL PLUMBERS.
Gas and Steam Fitters.
135 CALHOUN STREET.

To the Ladies of Fort Wayne:—
We wish to announce that the large salesrooms of the new Domestic and White Sewings Machines are still at Mohr's building, No. 19 W. Wayne St. in spite of rumors to contrary.
T. H. MCQUILLAN, Agent.
Terms to suit customers.

The Perfume of Violets
The purity of the lily, the glow of the rose, and the flush of Hebe combine in Pozzoni's wondrous Powder.

FREE DISPENSARY.
Open every day from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m., at the Fort Wayne College of Medicine, 180 W. Superior street. Medicines free to the poor. Patients too sick to come to the Dispensary will be visited at their home. Dispensary in charge of Dr. Alice Hamilton.



PALACE STEAMERS LOW RATES.
TO MACKINAC PETOSKEY CHICAGO..
FOUR TRIPS PER WEEK BETWEEN
Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac
PETOSKEY, THE "SOO," MARQUETTE AND DULUTH.
EVERY EVENING BETWEEN
Detroit and Cleveland
Connecting with Earliest Trains at Cleveland for all points East, South and Southwest
Sunday Trips June, July, August and September Only.
2 New Steel Passenger Steamers
Have just been Built for our Upper Lake Route costing $300,000 each. Send for illustrated pamphlet. Address,
A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., DETROIT, MICH.
The Detroit & Cleveland Steam Nav. Co.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

INSURANCE.

JAMES E. GRAHAM,
Attorney at Law.
Abstractor of Titles.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loan, Collecting Rental Agent.
Room 18 Bank Block.—Fort Wayne, Ind

S. C. LUMBARD,
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.
Aveline House Block.

D. C. FISHER,
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans;
No. 31 East Berry street,
Fort Wayne, Indiana.

D. L. HARDING.
Insurance of all kinds and Loans.
Room 28 BANK BLOCK,
Office Telephone 214.
House Telphone 294.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.
Capital $200,000. Surplus $[illegible]
The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.
President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—John Mohr, jr.

White National Bank
Capital & Surplus, $225,000,
Pays 3 per cent interest per annum on time deposits.
Safe deposit boxes for rent at $5 per annum.

PHYSICIANS.

G. W. BOWEN, M. D., Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office hours for consultation, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 12. Office, No. 13 West Main street, Fort Wayne, Ind. Special attention paid to chronic diseases.

DR. B. GARD—To ladies suffering from ailments peculiar to their sex, may consult me free of charge at my office, 18 West Wayne street. Telephone 345.

DR. G. W. MILLER
EYE and EAR.
Office Hours: 8-10 a.m., 2-5 and 6-8 p. m
Spectacles fitted. Office 19 E. Washington St

DRUGGIST.

GROSS & PELLENS,
DRUGGISTS.
Corner Calhoun and Wayne Sts. Phone 150

UNDERTAKERS & EMBALMERS.

KRELIN & BLOOM.
Undertakers and Embalmers.
Telephone No. 869. 101 Calhoun Street

THE YOUNG WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION of Fort Wayne invites the employers and employes of this city to make use of our employment bureau. We endeavor to make this a means whereby women who give good reference can promptly find employment, and whereby employers can be sure of trustworthy helpers. Office hours for applicants, each day from 9 to 11 a. m., at the Y. W. C. A. rooms, 26 West Wayne street. 23-tf

This Paper is Furnished by
FISHER BROS.,
Manufactures and Dealers in
Print, Wrapping Papers, Stationery, Twines, Etc., Etc.
125 Calhoun St.

ESTABLISHED 1845.

J. C. PELTIER,
17 W. Wayne St.
Office Telephone No. [illegible]
Residence Telephone, No. [illegible]

New-York Life Insurance Company.

Assets Over 162 Million Dollars. Surplus Over 20 Million Dollars.

GIVES—
One month's grace in payment of premiums; during grace insurance in force.
ALLOWS—
Re instatement in case of lapse, under easy conditions.
PERMITS—
Perfect freedom as to residence and travel.
DOES NOT—
Offer any barrier as to occupation.
HAS NO—
Restrictions as to methods of life or manner of death.
IS INCONTESTABLE—
For any cause after one year.
GRANTS—
Extended Insurance, whether applied for or not.
OFFERS LOANS—
On the simplest terms at 5 per cent. interest.
GIVES—
Seven distinct options for settlement.
CREATES—
A trust fund income with interest—which no other policy does.

Wm. P. COOPER, - Special Agent.
31 East Berry St. Telephone 188.

Artistic BOOK BINDING,

In Vellum, Levant, Morrocco, Calf and Russia.

BLANK BOOKS

Of all kinds, with Perfect Flat Opener.

The Binding of Rare and Extra Illustrated Books one of our specialties.

THE FT. WAYNE SENTINEL BINDERY,
107 Calhoun St.,
Ft. Wayne, Ind.

HOTEL EMERY,
Cor. Cass and Wells Sts.,
Is now open to the public. It has been newly painted, papered and furnished throughout. Best equipped dollar-a-day house in the city. Special rates by the week. Patronage solicited.

Stop Paying Rent.
Get a home in beautiful Lakeside. If you have $100 to pay down you can purchase of me lot 11, 35 or 105 on Edgewater ave., or lot 218 Rivermet ave.; and I will secure you the money to finish paying for lot and erecting your house; to be paid back, principal and interest, at the rate of $1 per hundred per mo. on the amount you borrow. Apply to D. N. Foster. 8-1m

RIVERSIDE FARM ADDITION.
1 TO 5 ACRE LOTS FOR SALE!
Enquire of Edwin Evans,
174 W. Wayne Street.

D. D. WEISELL & SON
DENTISTS
34 & 36 Calhoun St.

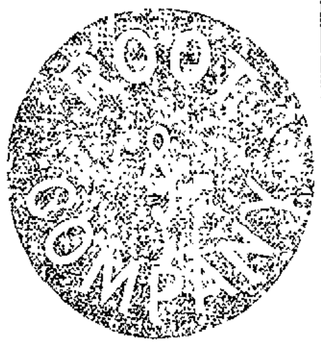
SCHEUMAN & KLAEHN, Funeral Directors and Embalmers, No. 33 W. Main St., Fort Wayne Ind. TELEPHONE—For night call, Nos. 75 and 182; for office, No. 128

J. M. E. RIEDEL,
ARCHITECT.
SCHMITZ BLOCK, 3d FLOOR.

A. HATTERSLEY & SON
PLUMBERS,
Steam and Gas Fitters.
48 East Main St.,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

SPECIAL SURPLUS SALE!

Surplus merchandise from all parts of the store will be sold at lowest figures. If you have a single purchase to make, come to the store.



SKIRTS.

We are now selling off our surplus stock separate skirts—just the thing to wear with short waists, the style, material and workmanship the very best

Remnants.

There'll be some great selling on the Wash Dress Goods counters—Dimities Lawns, Organdies, Batistes, White Goods. Waists and Skirt lengths, or enough for a miss

CAPES

For summer resorts. This is a splendid opportunity for Ladies to get a Cape—the very latest styles at a very small cost. We sell every Cape

AT HALF PRICE.

MUSLINS.

Another lot of those fine Unbleached Muslins at 4c.
Choice Light Prints 3½c.
Fine Red Prints 3½c.
Good Dark Prints 3½c.

Underwear

For Ladies—Jersey Ribbed Egyptian Cotton. Sleeves and Sleeveless,
5c, 8c, 10c, 15c, 20c and 25c.

Underwear

For Children—Gauze and Ribbed,
5c and up to 25c.

Misses Muslin Drawers.

We have one of the neatest line of Drawers at 25 cents each ever put into the store. Ladies look at these.

CORSETS.

The Corsets fall into line with good values We are going to give in this sale an extra one

At 50 Cents,

The best Summer Corset at that price produced.
Summer Nursing Corset
Summer Health Corset.

RIBBONS.

An elegant new job, just from the looms—a 10 cent Plaid Ribbon in lovely design.

At 25 Cents.

NECKWEAR

For Ladies—the choicest bargain of the store A new line of elegant Lace Collars, Collarettes, Jabots, bought at half price and sold at half-price. Nothing in the store is going at such a lively manner as these charming Lace Bargains.

Sheets and Pillow Cases

Ready made, well made, full sizes, Plain and Hemstitched. You will find at the Muslin Counter full lines of these goods, all ready for use.

Muslin Undewear.

The greatest things at the prices shown are those three fine gowns—all come in these sizes—56, 58 and 60 inches long, extra full widths, and the prices,

50c, 88c and 98c.

They are made for a good, neat trade, and are ahead of anything in the line.

ROOT & COMPANY.

We are prepared to put in electric fans on a moment's notice. Any one desiring any call us up by telephone 262 and we will send representative to call upon you immediately.
12-4t EDMUNDS & LAW.

BICYCLE HOSPITAL.
54 E. COLUMBIA ST.

The Postal Telegraph company will occupy the room now in use by the Western Union in the Aveline block as soon as the latter company moves

MONEY TO LOAN
On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 6 and 7 Bass Block. 2tf

Edmunds & Law, electric workers, room 4, Schmitz Block. Telephone 262.

On Monday evening the Caledonian society will hold one of their regular meetings at their hall, 76 Calhoun street, when every member is expected to attend to participate in business of importance.

++ OUR GREAT ++

Money Raising Sale

Is the talk of the town. Such LOW PRICES for NEW, STYLISH, SEASONABLE CLOTHING, HATS and FURNISHING GOODS were never named before by any clothing house at this season of the year.

WE MUST RAISE MONEY

On our surplus stock and have used the knife liberally throughout our entire store to induce you to buy. Step into our store and see the difference between the low prices put in practice by Sam, Pete & Max and the low prices put in print by their competitors.

$1.98 For Children's Reefer, Junior or Double Breasted Suits, in Light or Dark Colors, that have been reduced from - - - - $3.00.

$2.98 For Children's Reefer, Junior or Double Breasted Suits, in Light and Dark Colors, that have been reduced from - - - - - $4 00.

$3.98 For Children's Reefer, Junior or Double Breasted Suits, in Light or Dark Colors, that have been reduced from - - - $5 and $6.

ALL WOOL SUITS For Men

$6.88

Light and Dark Cheviots and Cassimeres, Finely Made and Trimmed and all of the Stylish Long Cut Sack Coat Try and match them for less than $10 at other stores.

$8.88.

For Fine Dress Suits, including Clay Worsteds, Cheviots, Cassimeres, Unfinished Worsteds, Etc, Light and Dark Colors, in Sack or Frock Styles and Every Suit strictly All Wool and worth from $12 00 to $15 00.

Hot Weather Comforts.

We show complete line including Serges, Alpacas, Mohairs, Linens China Silks, Etc—All at lowest prices

SAM, PETE & MAX.

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JUNE 15 1895

Branch offices for the sale of THE SENTINEL and where orders for THE SENTINEL and Want, For Sale or For Rent ads. will be received, have been established at the following drug stores:
W. F. Reneno, 443 Broadway.
J. F. Miller, 537 Lafayette.
W. L. Waltemath, 232 East Lewis.
J. D. Lewis, 437 Calhoun.
M. H. Weiel, 212 Baums.
J. J. Brink, 14 Wells.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office ....No. 173.
Editorial Rooms ....No. 650.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, June 15 —For Indiana Fair in northern portion and thunder showers in southern portion tonight, Sunday probably fair and slightly warmer northeast winds shifting to southeast Sunday

NEWS NOTES.

H. A Scott, the Angola banker, was in the city yesterday.

Rev Leeper will deliver a finely illustrated discourse on "Bible Manners and Customs," Sabbath evening

Dr C E Ruhl and son, of Findlay, Ohio, will be the guest of Dr. Ruhl, of West DeWald street, over Sunday.

J. A. Houghton, of Grand Rapids, is a guest of the Wayne His daughter is a pupil at the Westminster seminary.

Mrs Frances Malloy leaves tomorrow evening over the Nickel Plate for New York and will sail for Europe on Wednesday.

The Broadway Stars defeated the Chestnut Browns by a score of 41 to 17. The batteries were O'Neil and Bitler and Gaffney and Monahan.

The Westminster Presbyterian church will run their annual excursion to Rome City on Monday next. They always have an enjoyable time.

Miss Mary K. M Hoham, of Plymouth, who is a sister of Mrs. George Loesch, of this city, was valedictorian of the graduating class at Plymouth.

The selections from the "King in Zion," announced to be given by the Church of Christ chorus choir tomorrow night, will not be given until next week.

The scarlet fever card has been taken down from the residence at No. 184 Griffith street The diphtheria card has been taken down from No. 31 Julian street.

The Fort Wayne lodge of Elks will give an excursion to Rome City July 18, and will have a grand reunion of northern Indiana Elks There will be open air minstrels.

Mumps have almost become epidemic at the school for feeble minded youth. This noon Superintendent Johnson reported twenty cases already, but stated that all the patients were doing well

Mrs Anna Orvis will answer questions, give inspirational poems or lecture and Mrs Blake will give tests as usual both morning and evening tomorrow, at the hall of the Occult Science society, on Court street

The following are the scores made yesterday by the regular league base ball teams. Washington 2, Cincinnati 6, Baltimore 11, Pittsburg 0, Brooklyn 12, St. Louis 7; New York 0, Cleveland 1; Boston 4, Chicago 7. Philadelphia 17, Louisville 6; second game, Philadelphia 14, Louisville 6

The Huntington Herald says: "J. A. Shepler arrived from Fort Wayne this afternoon and tomorrow will take charge of the Exchange hotel. He has arrangements prefected for an auspicious beginning. The Siegmund family will shortly move to a residence on North Jefferson street"

The National School of Electricity class will meet as usual at their rooms, in the City Y. M. C. A, on Tuesday evening, when every member is earnestly requested to be present to take part in business of unusual importance. Remember that no one will be excused as this is of considerable moment.

The mercy and help department of the Epworth League of Auburn, have instituted a baby nursery and all mothers who have babies from the age of three months to two years, can bring them to the basement of the M. E church where competent nurses will take care of them while the mother attends the morning services.

Fred Myers, the well known liveryman, will shortly move to more commodious quarters. He has leased the Ryan, late City Trucking company's, barn, on West Washington street, and expects to be ready for business by the first of July. Fred has many friends in this city, who are pleased to see him prosper and hope that increased business will be the result of the change.

The salaries of the Warsaw city officials are as follows Mayor, $300 per annum, clerk, $300 and fees; treasurer, $150, marshal, $300, street commissioner, $300, councilmen, $100 per annum and no additional pay, city attorney, $50, city engineer, $200, chief of fire department, $50, the members of the board of health each receive $12 50 per annum, and its secretary $10 additional.

Capt J. F. Hathaway and H. H Bowers, who left this city Tuesday morning for a trip to Chicago on their bicycles, returned at noon yesterday They report a very pleasant trip and but one accident, although they found a "few" hills and "some" sand between here and the windy city. While resting in the park at Warsaw, they had the pleasure of catching sixty two fine fish from Eagle lake.

Meats, Butter, Eggs and Cheese.
Best Hams, 11c, Shoulders, 7c
English Breakfast Bacon, 9c.
Best Country Butter, 14c lb
Good Tub Butter, 10c lb
Fresh Country Eggs, 12c dozen
Best Ohio Cream Cheese, 8c lb
Wisconsin Limburg Cheese, 9c lb
Wisconsin Brick Cheese, 10c lb
FRUIT HOUSE

Lieut Henry Lapp is home from his vacation to Logansport

I. L. Randall and G. R Dyerman, of Payne, Ohio, were in the city yesterday

Dr. Morgan will attend the Tri-State Dental association meeting at Detroit next week.

Miss Dunlap, of Columbus, Ohio, and Miss Brumback, of Van Wert, were in the city yesterday

Thad Monahan will be the valedictorian at the Brothers' school commencement on June 2?

R B Wheeler has taken out a permit to erect a two story frame house on lot 37 Old Orchard addition. It will cost $1,000

A live sea turtle, weighing 450 pounds, is attracting a great deal of attention at the New Daily Fish Market, 17 West Main street.

Mrs Wm Wingeot, residing nine miles out on the Illinois road, is much better this morning. She has been very sick for some days Dr. Ruhl attends.

Fort Wayne Hive No 6, L O T. M, will give their entertainment and ice cream social at Odd Fellows hall, corner of Calhoun and Wayne streets, Friday evening, June 21

Humane Agent Schlaudroff complains of young men and boys who shoot robins and other song birds. This is strictly against the law. The only bird which can be lawfully shot is the English sparrow

Mad Anthony tent, K O T. M, met in regular session last night in K. P. hall, on East Berry street A J Stephens, F. I Stump and H E Taylor were initiated into the mysteries of the order and three applications for membership were received

Messrs Ernest & Hollowpeter have purchased the stock of groceries of Jos F. Barry, at Leo, and will carry on the business. The young men are both wide awake and energetic and will succeed in their venture Mr Ernest was formerly clerk at the Aldine hotel and later at the Aveline and is well known in Fort Wayne

The Fort Wayne bicycle riders make a great "kick" against the employes of the Central Union Telephone company who are now at work repairing the lines Wheelmen accuse the work men of maliciously throwing pieces of broken glass insulators into the streets Dozens of tires have been cut to pieces within the past few weeks Whether the workmen do this intentionally or are merely careless THE SENTINEL does not know, but at any rate the bosses of the repair gangs should caution their men against the practice.

A Logansport man is the inventer of a new fangled bicycle, made more especially for racing It has both hand and foot power and both can be used at the same time The hand power is attached to the handles, which are worked straight up and down. The machine is a fine looker, weighs but a trifle more than an ordinary racing wheel, and gets over the ground at a lively gait The inventer will have the machine in some of the biggest bicycle races of the country this season, and he hopes to break the track record with it.

Every official test proves Dr. Price's the foremost baking powder in all the World.

Mrs Frances Malloy will leave for New York this evening, from which port she will sail on the steamship, City of Paris, for London and Paris. She wishes to announce to her many friends and patrons that her millinery store will be open and the business continued as usual in charge of her sales ladies. Low prices will be given in order to reduce the stock to make room for the London and Parasian novelties.

Special train on the Lake Shore next Tuesday at 3 o'clock for the convention Angola.

NO. 92

Broadway Is Now Open for Business,

With a Complete Stock of New Goods—Low Prices and Attentive Clerks.

The new Gents' Furnishing and General Store of J. G Zuber, No. 92 Broadway (new Brudi block), has just received and placed on sale the balance of its large stock of goods. These goods have all been selected with the greatest of care and are up to date in every particular. Here is found one of the finest stock of Shoes ever displayed in the city, all the late style narrow lasts in both ladies' and gentlemen's footwear at prices that are within the reach of all.

This store was a much needed enterprise, being the only place west of Calhoun street where goods of this character may be obtained.

Special attention is called to the elegant line of ladies' goods in this new store, sold at prices that will compare favorably with any other place in the city.

Do not forget the place, No. 92 Broadway, as here will be found a full stock, low prices and the most attentive of clerks

WHO IS IN WANT OF A SNAP

If you want a bargain, I have an eight room house, all modern improvements, on full lot, in Williams' addition. Must be sold within the next ten days.
L. F. CURDES,
3 and 4 Pixley Block.

The Epworth League special train for Angola will leave Lake Shore depot at 3 p m, Tuesday, June 18. The St. Paul leaguers have made special arrangements Rate, $1 25 from Fort Wayne, and one fare for round trip from New Era, Auburn junction, Auburn, Waterloo and Summit tickets to return on regular trains until June 21

A decorated wash bowl for 57c, worth 60c Pitcher to match at same price, Wednesday morning, June 19 Lathrop & Co 15 18

READS LIKE FICTION.

An Interesting Hoosier Love Romance.

Weds Her First Love, Who Served a Prison Term for the Murder of Her Husband.

In January, 1879, Lebanon, Ind, was thrown into the wildest excitement occasioned by the killing of George T Galt, one of its wealthiest residents Three years previous to the tragedy John G Davis was cashier of the First National bank of Lebanon and a highly respected citizen He was the father of three girls, and upon them he bestowed all his affections, his wife having died a few years before. His greatest desire was that his daughters might each wed a man who was well supplied with this world's goods and with unapproachable character When May, his eldest, began receiving the attentions of William Jackson, a young law student, with apparent favor, the father entered strenuous objections, and forbade the would-be lover to call upon his daughter He accepted the inevitable and desisted With the possible exception of a painful smile and a friendly salutation when they chanced to meet, nothing further passed between them at that time, and about a year afterwards May was married to George T Galt, a widower, who, besides being one of the wealthiest men in Lebanon, was known to a few to be quite a sport He lived high, drank to excess and made a specialty of trifling with the affections of lewd women. All this was unknown to Mr Davis. Happiness did not reign supreme in the Galt home, and, as the husband grew more reckless, Mrs Galt left him in December, 1878, and began suit for a divorce, choosing as her attorney young Jackson, who had in the meantime been admitted to the practice of law. Crazed by jealousy and liquor, Galt accosted Jackson on the street, and, in the presence of several persons, accused him of being intimate with his wife and the destroyer of his home Without a word Jackson drew his revolver and fired four shots in rapid succession. Galt fell to the sidewalk and died within a few moments Jackson was immediately arrested and charged with murder. Mrs Galt came to his rescue and spent a large sum of money, left her by her husband, in securing counsel and otherwise assisting Jackson in his defense against the charge, but the family of the murdered man vigorously prosecuted him. He was convicted and given a sentence of twenty-one years in the penitentiary. Efforts to obtain a new trial and subsequent petitions for a pardon were unavailing, and Jackson was doomed to serve out his sentence. Immediately after the conviction Mrs. Galt opened a dressmaking establishment in that city and began to live a quiet life, never attending social events. Here she lived and worked until last week, when Jackson was released from prison. He telegraphed her of his coming, and for the first time in nineteen years a smile of gladness lit up her face and she appeared to have undergone a great change in her personal appearance Jackson arrived on Wednesday, and Friday evening was married to Mrs Galt at the home of the Rev. John Garrett, who performed the ceremony which united Mrs Galt with her first husband over twenty years ago.

Insist on having Price's Cream Baking Powder, its purity and goodness have never been questioned.

HERE AT LAST!

An Article Which Every Housekeeper Will Want.

"Jamocha Blend," a Coffee Which Everybody Who Desires the Best Should Try.

The question, "What brand of Coffee do you use?" is probably asked more than any other one you hear, and it is our opinion that from now on the answer will be "JAMOCHA BLEND" This brand of high grade coffee has just been put upon the market by McDonald & Watt, of this city, and will unquestionably suit the tastes of all coffee drinkers who want the best coffee they can buy. Jamocha Blend is a combination of the finest coffees grown. It is put up in very handsome cartoons containing one pound. Give this coffee a trial and you will never drink any other. Sold by all retail grocers.

Good music all day long at Rome City June 24th—C. K. of A., Branch 715, excursion.

The ladies of the Church of Christ are arranging to give a "Baby Banquet" entertainment at the church next Thursday evening About forty babies will be arranged around the table, attended by their little girl nurses. Regular courses will be served, and between each one the little folks will entertain the audience with toasts on various subjects. After the banquet ice cream and cake will be served to the audience.

Epworth League excursion to Angola Tuesday, June 18th.

Slop jars worth $1.25 will be sold for 9?c at Lathrop & Co's, Wednesday morning, June 19 '95 15 18

Laporte, Ind.---Its Lakes.

A place for the Summer Vacation. A book containing 32 pages of reading matter and illustrations about this charming Summer Resort will be sent by A J Smith G P A L L & M S Ry Cleveland, Ohio, on receipt of 4 cents in postage 15 22

Jamocha Blend.

Best high grade coffee sold. Try it 15 6t

We will sell a large slop jar worth $1 25 for 93c, Wednesday, June 19, at Lathrop & Co's 15 18

Spiritualism

At hall over Krand' Music store, 93 East Columbia street tomorrow evening Go in and take elevator Good ventilation Exercises will consist of short readings, followed with tests given by Karl DeFriend Everyone cordially invited Admission, 10 cents

MUNYON'S HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES

MUNYON'S Rheumatism Cure never fails to relieve in three hours and cure in three days.
MUNYON'S Dyspepsia Cure is guaranteed to correct constipation and cure all forms of indigestion and stomach trouble
MUNYON'S Catarrh Cure soothes and heals the affected parts and restores them to health. No failure; a cure guaranteed.
MUNYON'S Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease
MUNYON'S Nerve Cure cures nervousness and builds up the system
MUNYON'S Vitalizer imparts new life, restores lost powers to weak and debilitated men. Price $1 00
No matter what the disease is or how many doctors have failed to cure you, ask your druggist for a 25 cent vial of one of Munyon's Cures, and if you are not benefited your money will be refunded.

If you are in need of screen doors or screen windows, you will show your regard for economy by coming here, Pfeiffer & Schlatter. tf

Excursion to Bawbeese Park Sunday, June 23rd. 15 22

Don't Look Shabby

When you can get your Bicycles reenameled at Randall's for $3 00 We have just purchased a large enameling oven and are prepared to do all kinds of enameling as low figures and work guaranteed as good as any factory.
14 3t RANDALL CYCLE CO.

For Rent, the Trentman Block, northeast corner Calhoun and Washington Sts., Fort Wayne, Ind. This is one of the most desirable locations in the city, and is one of the very best buildings. Call on or address, Everett & Doud, Second floor Old National Bank Block, Fort Wayne, Ind.

BICYCLE HOSPITAL.
54 E. COLUMBIA ST.

Ask your grocer for Jamocha Blend, the new high grade coffee. 15 6t

We have a complete stock of door bells, push bottons, batteries, etc Any one desiring anything in this line, we would be pleased to show you our stock. We repair door bells on a moment's notice
EDMUNDS & LAW,
4, Schmitz Block.
Telephone 262 12 4t

Edmunds & Law will sell you electric or gas fixtures cheaper than anyone else. Room 4, Schmitz Block, Telephone 262. 11 4t

Any one wishing their residence, office or store wired for electric lights, get Edmunds & Law's estimate, room 4, Schmitz block. Telephone 262 12 4t

Have you an electric fan in your office? If not, call on Edmunds & Law and find how cheap you can buy them and keep cool. Telephone 262 12 4t

BICYCLE HOSPITAL.
54 E. COLUMBIA ST.

Edmunds & Law, electric workers, room 4, Schmitz Block. Telephone 262

Lady Cyclists.

We are showing the only line of Ladies' Sweaters in the city, full sleeves, the very latest from New York, also a complete line of Gents' and Boys' Sweaters In a few days we will have a complete line of Ladies' Leggins in stock in Cloth, Jersey, Corduroy and Leather.
11 3t RANDALL CYCLE CO.

Edmunds & Law, electric workers, room 4 Schmitz Block Telephone 262.

MEATS VERY LOW.

Boiling Meat 4c per lb.
Beef Roast 7c per lb
Beef Steak 8c per lb
Cincinnati Hams 8c per lb
Smoked Shoulders, 7c per lb
E. RICH & SON,
94 Barr Street,
254 Calhoun Street,
14 2t 22 Harrison Street.

DOWN TO BED ROCK.

Take Belt Line car and get off at No. 222 West Creighton Avenue, and see what "Down to Bed Rock" means. A beautiful lot, seventy by one hundred and thirty-six, north side of street, fine brick house on west side of lot, good barn, well, cistern, plenty of fruit, room for another house, price $3,150. $1,000 cash, balance reasonable terms, June 22. Don't all come at once.

For sale by only Everett & Doud, Second Floor, Old National Bank Block. 8tf

Never in the history of electricity have electric fans been so cheap and so prominent in every office. You will see them. Call on us for prices.
EDMUNDS & LAW.
Telephone 262 12 4t

$50 to $50,000 to loan on farm and city property or personal security.
J. F. SCHELL & CO.,
8tf **22-23 Pixley Block. Fort Wayne, Ind.**

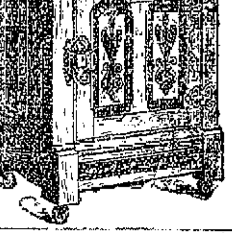
Your inspection respectfully solicited and your patronage practically appreciated in screen doors and windows. Pfeiffer & Schlatter. tf

For Chronic Rheumatism, all forms of nervous ailments, skin diseases or indigestion, you will be greatly benefited by taking baths at the Mineral Magnetic Well Sanitorium. Experts in attendance at all times 30-tu&s tf

We manufacture Ice Cream and fancy Ices every day all winter
10 stf. W. F. GELLER.

FOR 14 YEARS

We Have Sold



The New

PERFECTION REFRIGERATOR!

This Year Cheaper and Better Than Ever.

WHITE MOUNTAIN ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
RUBBER HOSE,
SCREEN DOORS.

Call and Inspect our Line.

F. M. SMITH & CO.,

22 CALHOUN STREET.

A BAD BREAK

Is to break one's suspenders at the wrong time. Another bad break is to put good money into old, out of style Clothing when we are selling only new stylish, well tailored Clothing for less money than other dealers are getting for old goods and old styles.

Our store closed on Sundays.

GOLDEN & PATTERSON,

Leaders of Fashion.

53 CALHOUN STREET. - Opposite Court House.

Always ASK FOR GLOBE MILLS Cream and Gold Medal Flour And Get What You Want.

VITAE-ORE ELIXIR!

Purely a Mineral Water. Cures all Female Troubles, Catarrh and all Blood Diseases. Price $1.00 per package, or 3 for $2.60. The only place it can be obtained is at 170 West Main street.

Here also will be found a complete stock of Tinware and Notions. Remember the place—

170 West Main St.

SAY JOHN---

I'll tell you what will rub the dandruff off your coat—use Madame Cooper's Hair Preparation.

THE

People's Store.

Commencing "Lucky Friday."

The Most Sweeping Clearing Sale of

Ladies' Silk Waists

Fort Wayne has ever seen, commences here on "Lucky Friday," June 14th. Our entire stock of Ladies' Silk Waists will be thrown out in three big lots on special counters, at prices one-half their former value. This is the opportunity of a lifetime to buy this season's finest productions in Silk Waists at less than the price of the material.

WE DIVIDE THE STOCK LIKE THIS.

LOT No. 1.

Our entire stock of Silk Waists, made in this season's styles from
Fine Kai-Kai Wash Silks, in Checks, Stripes and Corded Effects.
Plain China and India Silks, Black & Colors,
Fancy Check Jap Silks, Etc,
which sold at $2 75, $3.48, $3 90 and $4 00,
Take Your Choice at $2 19 Each.

LOT No. 2.

Our entire stock of Silk Waists, the latest styles, Big Sleeves, Full Front, Pleated Back made from
Fancy Crepon Silk,
Stripe Taffeta Silk,
Surah and India Silk,
Plain, Colored and Black,
Fine Shepherd Check India Silks, Etc,
which sold at $6 00, $5 00 and $4 50;
Your Choice for $3.48 Each.

LOT No. 3.

Our entire stock of Silk Waists, the season's finest & newest novelties, big sleeves, Blouse Fronts, full back, etc, made from
Finest Broche and Stripe Taffeta Silk,
Brocade China Silk,
New Tartan Plaid Silks, Etc,
which sold at $3 50, $7 50 and $6 50;
Your Choice for $4 98 Each.

Come early on "Lucky Friday" and get one of these Silk Waists, made up in the newest style, perfect fitting, at less than the material would cost by the yard.

ONE PRICE TO ALL.

The People's Store.

BEADELL & CO.

Best Lighted Store in the City.

IT'S A SNAP!

A Genuine Ginger Snap of MOST EXCELLENT QUALITY, manufactured by the B. W. Skelton Co. and packed in our pound boxes, and sold by all grocers. 6-1m

ATTEND

Fort Wayne Normal and Review School.

All the Common Branches. Higher Branches Professional work.

- - Begins June 24th.

ROSES : :

4 Cents A Bunch.

All Colors, All Kinds, Greatest Value for the Money Ever Given.

4,000 New Untrimmed Straw Hats, All Colors, All Shapes,

10 Cents Each.

2,300 Yards wide Ribbon, all Silk, all Colors, at 15c per Yard. Laces, 15c per Yard. FLOWERS, all Kinds, Qualities and Colors, at 10c.

Our Man Milliner, Ora Seaney, sails for Europe, July 13 We will carry the largest line of English, French and Domestic pattern hats in Eastern Indiana for the coming fall season.

In order that our modistes and sales ladies may enjoy some rest during the hot weather, we will close our store at 6 o'clock, each evening except Saturdays during July and August.

FRENCH AND GERMAN SPOKEN. Sale commences Tuesday, June 18th. Come early to secure the good bargains.

ORA SEANEY.

MAN MILLINER,
158 and 160 Calhoun Street. Telephone 360.

FOR SALE.

Eight different makes of Pianos viz:
The Celebrated Chickering & Sons, The Finest Piano in the World.
The Beautiful Krell. Pleasing in Tone and Action.
The Old Reliable Hardman.
The Briggs.
The Starr.
The Ludwig.
The James & Holmstrom, with Transposing Keyboard Greatest Invention of the age.
The Nilson.

These Pianos will be sold at ROCK BOTTOM Prices, on terms to suit the customers, at

S. A. KARN'S,
No. 9 East Columbia Street.

Mr. Karn sells only first class instruments, which statement is proven by the fact that out of the many hundred instruments he has sold during his 21 years experience in the Piano business not one is giving dissatisfaction. The best is always the cheapest. A warrantee signed by Mr Karn accompanies each instrument.

S. W. HULL,

WALL PAPER.

Latest Designs, Most Select Coloring, All Grades. Plain and Decorative Paper Hanging, House and Sign Painting. Do not forget our initial or number.

27 CLINTON, 27.

TELEPHONE 250.

OFFICIAL REPORT.
George P. Rowell & Co., the leading authority on newspaper information, says: "The Fort Wayne Sentinel, published at Fort Wayne, has the largest circulation accorded to any daily in Indiana, outside of Indianapolis."

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Do not wait until Tomorrow. Read Latest News In the Sentinel Today.

ESTABLISHED 1833. SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1895. ——PART FIRST—— PRICE FIVE CENTS.

GEO. DeWALD & CO.

See Our Window —FOR— A SPECIAL BARGAIN —IN— Misses and Children's Fast Black Stockings. 20 cent goods for 11c a pair.

GEO. DeWALD & CO.

LADIES! We Have a Neat $3.00 Lace, Tan or Black Shoe. M. App 106 CALHOUN ST.

$48.50 ORGAN. New High Top First Class Organ, warranted five years.

$148.00 PIANO. New Upright Piano in use seven months at Ladies' Y. W. C. A.; will close it out for $148.00.

NEW PIANO. $198.50. Stands 4 ft. 8 in. high and warranted five years.

Arcade Music Store, I. H. CASE, Mgr.

DRINK— EGG PHOSPHATE, EGG CALISAGE, TABARIA CHOCOLATE, MEAD, GINGER ALE —AND— ICE CREAM SODA With Pure Fruit Juices at A. J. KELLER'S Popular Soda Fountain, Cor. Broadway and Washington Boulevard.

A. J. KELLER DRUGGIST. BRUDI'S NEW BLOCK.

J. G. THIEME & SON. TAILORS.

The most complete line of Imported and Domestic Woolen for Spring in the city. SUITS At $20, $22, $25. Worth $30. All Work Guaranteed. Call and examine our stock before you place your order. CORNER COLUMBIA and CLINTON.

TYPHOID FEVER.

Epidemic Which Threatened Evansville Is Checked.

One Hundred and Eight Cases Reported at One Time—Impure Water the Source of the Evil.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., June 15.—The epidemic of typhoid fever that has prevailed here with varying intensity for several weeks, has finally been checked by the efforts of the board of health and the city authorities aided by a citizen's committee of twenty-five appointed to work in conjunction with them in remedying the sanitary conditions of the city. The epidemic reached its highest point about four weeks ago, when for seven days 108 cases were reported to the health authorities. From that time the disease has gradually decreased until within the past three days, there have been no reports of new cases. It is believed the epidemic arose from the water supply which is drawn from an intake in the river several hundred feet below the output of a sewer and slough. The drainage from these has been diverted to a considerable distance below the intake, and since the disease began to disappear as quickly almost as it showed itself, the health officers now say that the disease is under control, that no new cases are being reported and that the city's health at this time is better than it has been during the summer for many years.

DISASTROUS FIRE.

Bridgeport the Scene of the Conflagration.

The Flames Start in the Basement of a Drug Store and Destroy $60,000 Worth of Property.

WHEELING, W. Va., July 15.—One of the most disastrous fires in the history of Bridgeport, Ohio, opposite this city, broke out in the Oglebay block at 3 o'clock this morning and the town being without fire apparatus was compelled to call on the Wheeling fire department. The fire started in the cellar of J. C. Dent & Co., wholesale and retail druggists, and from the inflammable nature of the contents the entire block was gutted and very little of the contents of the building were saved. Loss, $60,000; insurance, $40,000. The block is owned by E. W. Oglebay, of Cleveland, Ohio, and was but recently erected.

BLACK FLAGS OUT.

Threaten Annihilation to the Foreigners in Formosa.

The British Cruiser Spartan Lands a Number of Marines to Protect British Subjects.

HONG KONG, June 15.—News of a disquieting nature has been received here from the island of Formosa. It is stated that the black flags are threatening to cause serious trouble and that the foreigners on the island are in a critical condition. In view of this fact, the commander of the British cruiser Spartan has landed a detachment of marines and the British cruiser Rainbow has left here for the scene of trouble. A Japanese cruiser which was approaching Au Ping was fired upon without effect.

FIRE IN A HOTEL.

Several Inmates Narrowly Escape Cremation.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Fire broke out this morning about 9:30 o'clock in an European hotel on Pennsylvania avenue, next to Willard's hotel. The flames ran up the stairways almost immediately and burst from the windows of the third and fourth floors, cutting off all means of egress by the main stairway. Many of the guests were asleep at the time and four of them, including the daughter of the proprietor, J. R. Maylen, had their escape cut off from the stairs and fire escapes, but were finally rescued without injury by firemen. Most of the guests lost their effects. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss will not be large, being confined chiefly to damage to the hotel furnishings.

Price's Cream Baking Powder makes hot bread or pastry wholesome and enjoyable.

THE DALTON GANG

Infest Texas and Throw the Citizens Into Panic.

VICTORIA, Tex., June 15.—Excitement prevails over three counties, Victoria, Dewitt and Jackson, on account of the presence of supposed members of the Dalton gang who have been committing depredations on the borders of these counties for several weeks. Three sheriffs with posses are now hunting them down. One of Sheriff Steel's posse, from Dewitt county, has been shot by the outlaws.

To manufacturers like the Royal Baking Powder Company, the public is under a large debt of gratitude for the increased purity of articles of food sold at the present day. The reports of the official Government investigations of baking powders show the Royal to be stronger and purer than any other. It is quite evident that neither ingenuity, science nor expense can in any way improve upon the Royal Baking Powder as now before the public.

CARL BROWNE MARRIED.

The Goddess of Peace Becomes His Bride.

MASSILLON, Ohio, June 15.—Carl Browne and Miss Mamie Coxey, erstwhile Goddess of Peace of the commonweal, were secretly married last evening by Justice Folger. The bride and groom separated after the ceremony with the expectation of keeping the fact to themselves until the Fourth of July, when they will have another and a spectacular marriage in Washington. The groom is forty-five years of age and the bride eighteen.

NOT POSING FOR HONORS

Clark Objects to the Use of His Name as Vice President.

Will Not Run on a Ticket With President Cleveland Nor on One Which Has His Endorsement.

BUTTE, Mont., June 15.—In an interview today Hon. W. A. Clark, the wealthy mine owner and politician, states that association of his name with the vice presidency on a democratic ticket was news to him. "I am not posing for presidential honors, nor for any other political honor," said Mr. Clark. "In any event," he added, "I would not, as has been intimated, run on a ticket with President Cleveland or on one that had the indorsement or support of Cleveland." He also said he would not support the democratic ticket unless the party declared for free silver. Mr. Clark has always been declared as one of the administration democrats in this state, and his utterances create some surprise.

WHEAT SLUMPED.

July Options Drop Down Two and One-eighth Cents.

News From the Wheat Growing Countries is More Encouraging, Hence the Decline in Price.

CHICAGO, June 15—Wheat slumped today, the July option closing at 74⅛c, or 2⅛c lower than last night. The immediate cause for the decline was the more favorable weather and better crop reports. The crop reports, particularly those from west of the Mississippi river, have improved steadily in that line during the last week and were responsible for much of the liberal selling of the last few days. The decline in July wheat for the last week has been six cents.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, June 15.—Wheat, June, 74⅛c; July, 74⅛c; Sept., 75@65⅛c; Dec., 77⅞c.

Corn, June, 48c; July, 48⅛c; Sept., 49⅛c; May, 42c bid.

Oats, June, 28⅛c; July, 29c; Sept., 28⅛c; May, 32⅛c.

Pork, June, $12.35; July, $12.45; Sept., $12.75 asked.

Lard, June, $6.50; July, $6.60@6.62; Sept. $6.75@6.82.

Ribs, June, $6.25; July, $6.35; Sept., $6.55 bid.

NOTED SURGEON DEAD.

Dr. Henry Palmer's Lifeless Body Found in Bed.

JANESVILLE, Wis., June 15.—Dr. Henry Palmer was found dead in his bed today. The deceased was surgeon of the Iron Brigade during the civil war and at one time held the position of surgeon general of the National guards of Wisconsin. He was professor of surgery at the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Chicago and was surgeon of the Chicago and Northwestern road. The deceased served as surgeon in the Crimean war, he being in Europe at the time on a pleasure trip.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.

Henry S. Watson Fired Upon By Unknown Parties.

MOUNT STERLING, Ky., June 15.—An attempt was made here last night to assassinate Henry S. Watson, city councilman and owner of the city telephone. Mr. Watson says he started home about 11 o'clock, when someone stepped out of an alley and emptied a double barreled shot gun at him. He heard the clicks of the trigger in time to jump aside, and by this probably saved his life.

HIBBARD PROMOTED.

Made General Passenger Agent of the D. S. S. and A.

MARQUETTE, Mich., June 15.—George W. Hibbard, heretofore northern passenger agent of the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic road, has been promoted to the position of acting general passenger agent, vice B. H. Hibbard, who resigned to take the position of president of the Northern Adirondack road in New York. Mr. Hibbard's headquarters will be removed from Minneapolis to Marquette.

A HORRIBLE FALL.

An Arc Light Trimmer Instantly Killed.

AUSTIN, Tex., June 15.—Bert Searnight, an arc light trimmer, employed by the city, today fell from the top of a tower to the ground, a distance of one hundred and fifty feet. He was horribly mangled, dying instantly.

Health and economy demand the use of Dr. Price's Baking Powder, the purest and most wholesome made.

Dropped Dead in Office.

BALTIMORE, June 15.—H. H. Dalzlies, collector of the port at Crisfield, Md., dropped dead in his office this morning.

The true test of a baking powder is well known to every housekeeper. It is to try it in making bread, cake, etc., and we are of the opinion that it will be impossible to remove from the minds of our housewives the conviction long ago formed from the application of this practical test, that the Royal does make the best, the most, and the most wholesome.

John Granger, an inmate of the Indiana School for Feeble Minded Youth, died yesterday of spinal meningitis and will be buried tomorrow.

SUNDAY CYCLING.

If It Trends Towards Church Going, Is Approved.

Synod of the Reformed Church of America Favors That Method of Attending Divine Services.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., June 15.—During the recent synod of the Reformed Church of America, at Grand Rapids, Mich., a dispatch was sent out saying that "a resolution was submitted condemning Sunday bicycle riding, especially the practice of church members riding to church." Rev. N. D. Williamson, pastor of the Reformed church of this city, who presented the resolution, says the dispatch is not true. He says: "There was nothing in the resolution to give even the color of truth to the statement. The resolution was really in the opposite direction."

ROBERT J'S FAST MILE.

Makes the Circuit of the Denver Track in 2:05.

DENVER, June 15.—Fully 7,000 persons journeyed to Overland park yesterday afternoon and were well entertained. The day was perfect. Ed Geers was the most popular reinsman at the course. He won two of the three harness races and drove the pacing champion, Robert J., 2:01¼, a mile in 2:05, each half alike.

First race, 2:17 trot; purse, $800—Anthanio, first; Troublesome, second; Lizzie S., third. Time—2:18, 2:16, 2:15¼.

Second race, 2:28 pace; purse, $800—Keen Cutter, first; Athal Wilkes, second; Tom Johnson, third. Time—2:23, 2:21¼, 2:20, 2:20¼.

Third race, free-for-all pace; purse, $800—Hal Pointer, first; Flying Jib, second; W. W. P., third. Time—2:14¼, 2:10¼.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, June 15—Yesterday was the closing day at Nutwood Park. The summaries:

2:20 pace—Purse $500. Afrute, first; Carriebe, second; Frank Potts, third; Davy B. and Clear Grit distanced. Time—2:15¼, 2:18¼, 2:20¼.

2:35 trot—Purse $500. Purdell, first; Pattie Clark, second; Tilver Tip, third. Time—2:24, 2:23, 2:23, 2:21.

Free-for-all trot—Purse $500. Phoebe Wilkes, first; Maud C., second; Kentucky Union, third; Senator A., fourth. Time—2:10¼, 2:14¼, 2:12¼, 2:17¼.

PORT HURON, Mich., June 15.—The track and weather was in the best of condition yesterday for the last day of the races. The track record of 2:10 was cut to 2:16¾ by Bullmont in the 2:10 pacing race. The results:

2:24 pacing—Purse $300. Dixie Van won in three straight heats. Time—2:23¼, 2:24¼, 2:23¼. Billy Broncho, Clyto, Belle Chapman, Flora A., Lolah W., Tartar Chief and Fred W. also started.

2:10 trot or pace—Purse $300. Bullmont took three straight heats and the race. Time—2:18¼, 2:17¼, 2:16¾. Cleveland B., Proctor, Great Heart, Maggie J., Hallie Bronson and Watch Eye also started.

2:20 trotting—Purse $300. Lorella B. took first, second and fourth heats and race. Time—2:20¼, 2:24¼, 2:23¼, 2:21¼. Dick French took third heat in 2:20¼. King Forest also started.

FIVE BRUTES ARRESTED.

They Are Guilty of a Heinous Crime and Must Suffer.

CHADRON, Neb., June 15.—Deputy United States Marshal Robinson has arrested five Indians, charged with abducting a fourteen-year-old girl on her way from the mission school and keeping her in the brush all night. The Indian police court, recognized by the interior department, had tried them and fined them one horse apiece for the offense. This did not satisfy Robinson and he at once arrested them and will endeavor to have them punished. These occurrences are very common.

Price's Cream Baking Powder is the guide of young matrons. One teaspoonful equal in value to three of cheap stuff.

DEAD BODIES FOUND.

Three Negroes Lose Their Lives in the Cacti Desert.

MATIANI, Mex., June 15.—The bodies of three negroes have been found on the barren plains north of here. The remains are those of colonists who were brought here from Alabama several months ago. They escaped from the colony, and in their attempt to reach the United States became lost in the cacti desert and are supposed to have perished for lack of food and water.

As a matter of useful information it may be stated that whenever a cooking receipt calls for a baking powder the "Royal" should be used. The receipt will be found to work better and surer, and the bread, biscuit, rolls, cakes, dumplings, crusts, puddings, crullers or whatever made, will be sweeter, lighter, finer-flavored, more dainty, palatable and wholesome.

HELD FOR RANSOM.

Wealthy Miss Crichfield in the Hands of Unscrupulous Parties.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 15.—May Belle Crichfield, the fifteen-year-old daughter of Mrs. Mary J. Crichfield, of this city, and heiress to considerable property, has been missing from her home since Wednesday afternoon. Fears are entertained that she is being held for ransom or to secure some of her property.

FATAL EXPLOSION.

Six Men Killed and a Building Badly Wrecked.

LONDON, June 15.—A boiler explosion at the Red Car Iron works, near Guisborough, Yorkshire, today, resulted in the death of six persons and serious injuries to eighteen others. Three of the injured persons died later in the day making a total of nine killed.

THE BRIDGE FELL.

And Fifteen People Went Down With It.

Seven of Them More or Less Seriously Injured—List of the Unfortunates.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., June 15.—Today while a crowd of people and a number of railway employes were on the east end of the old Chicago and West Michigan railway bridge, which is now no longer used for regular railway traffic, the foot passenger part gave way, and fifteen or twenty people were precipitated to the rocks below, a distance of fifteen feet. No one was killed, but a number were injured, as follows:

Michael Devos, sixty-two years, cut over the right eye and injured internally.

John Devos, his son, right ankle sprained.

Frank White, right knee cap broken.

Henry Wylie, brakeman, right wrist broken and right hip sprained.

Henry Hunder, sixty-seven years, chest injured.

Jacob Quint, seven years, right foot broken.

E. L. Beekman, conductor, left wrist and right arm sprained and bruised.

The railway men were at work with pile driver which stood on the bridge, and the other people were watching the job. Ambulances took the injured to the hospitals or to their homes.

Price's Cream Baking Powder was fully honored by highest awards at the World's and Midwinter Fairs.

LOCAL LINES.

Gus S. Jones, of Cleveland, is at the Randall.

Mrs. P. C. Sneed, of Garrett, and Miss Zollars, of Huntington were in the city yesterday.

James Hamilton entertained a number of his friends with a tennis party yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Dr. Brock, of Columbus, Ohio, is the guest of her of her niece, Mrs. Rev. R. D. Spellman, of East Berry street.

Dr. and Mrs. J. D. Coyle will leave Monday for Detroit to attend the dental convention, and will remain until Friday.

The Young Men's society of the Zion Lutheran church will give an ice cream social in their school ground next Friday evening.

Mrs. G. W. Mudd and sons left for Springfield, Ill., this morning, after a few days sojourn, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. V. Shaver, 173 Superior street.

This morning Louis Schmidt, of No. 169 Ellsa street, badly mashed his finger. The pain caused him to faint and he fell into a pile of scrap iron and badly cut his face.

The health authorities of a number of states have recently made exhaustive examinations of the baking powders with the uniform result of finding the Royal superior to all others.

Tomorrow afternoon the City band will give a grand free concert at Centlivre park on account of the arrival of an excursion party over the Findlay road, which will reach this city tomorrow morning.

Because of the failing health of his wife Architect Ordway has made arrangements to return to Battle Creek, Mich., but will be in the city as occasion may require to attend to the completion of work in hand.

By sheer force of pluck and shrewdness the Japanese are driving the Chinese merchants out of the Hawaiian Islands and taking their places. These Japanese are not barbarians. They are more civilized than we are in some respects. If Japan secures that supremacy in the Hawaiian Islands which the United States so far does not seem to care to assume, it will mean, first, the transfer of a great trade from the United States to Japan. Next, with Japan looming up larger and larger among the world's great nations, nothing is more certain than that, when she thinks the time is ripe, she will reach out and take possession of Hawaii. At least she will try to.

When Chicago wanted to spread out, she spread out, and that was all there was to it. When she wanted the World's fair, she reached out and took it, and that was the end of it. When New York wanted the World's fair, she fussed around and lost her chance, perhaps because she didn't really know whether she wanted it or not. Now she has been trying for several years to spread out, but somehow little has been done except a lot of talking. Chicago is smokier than New York, but that is not all the difference between the two cities.

Some persons are occasionally puzzled to know the difference between gymnastics and athletics. Gymnastics consist of systematic physical exercise undertaken indoors or in a gymnasium, while athletics is a term applied only to such physical exercise as is taken out of doors, such as rowing, various games of physical skill, climbing, walking, running, etc.

Some years ago the manufacturing firm of Proctor & Gamble at Ivorydale, near Cincinnati, established the system of dividing with their employees a certain share of the profits of the business. During six months recently, in the midst of the depression all around them, the workmen received 6 per cent of their wages in dividends.

MISS GERTRUDE GREENE

Gives the Reasons Why She Was Not Graduated

With the '95 Class of the Fort Wayne High School—Claims She Was Entitled So to Do.

Editor SENTINEL:

In last night's issue I read there were thirty-four graduated from the High school at the Masonic Temple. Had there been justice done, it should have read thirty-five, for I have well earned the reward of graduation.

I was a member of the senior class all year and always prepared all lessons assigned the various classes to which I belonged, never missed an examination, and up to Christmas I had not been absent a day. Since then I have involuntarily broken my record of punctuality by a few short absences, but I have always made up the lessons missed by such absences.

I have never been given just credit in recitations, and had I not known all year that teachers are as apt to make mistakes as scholars and that there was nothing to hinder them from putting down against my name any per cent, from 1 up to 100, long ago would I have given up the work and counted myself and my work a failure.

I do not think there is a scholar in that graduating class who can truthfully say: "We all earned the right to have our names on the program, to occupy a seat on the stage at the Temple and to receive our diplomas, but she did not."

If there is any such scholar in the class I would like to hear from that scholar, but as far as I know all members of the class and everybody else were surprised not to see my name among the graduates.

My percents, in the ward schools will show that I had always been at or near the head of my class, so why should I not now receive even an almost just per cent.?

I have received a letter saying that I have not successfully passed and could not graduate, even if I stood 100 per cent. in this year's work, on account of deficiencies in the junior grade. Now, anybody knows that I could not have been put in the senior class last fall if not qualified.

It is evident that it has all been prearranged that I should not be acknowledged before the public as a graduate and the contrivers of this plan have been successful so far, but I now wish the public to understand that I have successfully finished the four grades of the Fort Wayne high school and that my name justly belongs among the graduates of the Latin course.

Yours Respectfully,
ELLEN GERTRUDE GREENE,
32 Home avenue.

Perfection and precision in work are characteristics of Dr. Price's Baking Powder. Also best results.

BUY A TICKET.

Send a Newsboy to Rome City for a Day's Outing.

The Newsboys' union held a big meeting last evening and each lad was given a ticket to sell for 50 cents. The trip proposed for the boys would ordinarily cost each one of them about $2 but through the courtesy of Mr. Hunter, of the Grand Rapids and Indiana, and the reduced rates obtained at the hotel in Rome City, the boys are enabled to get through on 50 cents each for the trip, including dinner, lunch and a steam boat ride.

The Gazette this morning says: "The citizens who remember the screaming, scrambling, wildly excited procession of barefooted, towseled headed little fellows that marched to the Grand Rapids train last spring, will smile good naturedly when they hear that the newsboys are going to Rome City again, probably Thursday of next week. The newspapers of the city have agreed to pay half the expense. Tickets will be sold to defray the rest. These tickets, costing 50 cents, are of a peculiar kind. They entitle the purchaser to stay at home and feel good for a week, because he has done somebody else a great deal of good, and entitles the newsboys who sell them to a trip to Rome City, a dinner, a boat ride and one whole, glorious day of unmolested fun. When these peculiar tickets are offered for sale no one should refuse a purchase."

These tickets can also be obtained at any of the daily newspaper offices.

The Royal Baking Powder maintains its vigorous hold on the public, and is active and aggressive against the impure and injurious baking powders palmed off on the people. In this task it is performing a good work for honest and unadulterated food products.

WAS FLAG DAY.

Sion S. Bass Post, No. 40, G. A. R. Observes the Occasion.

Sion S. Bass post, No. 40, G. A. R. celebrated the anniversary of the adoption of the American flag, at their hall last evening and were visited by Anthony Wayne post, No. 271, in a body. After the regular business of the evening, the ladies of the W. R. C. were invited to join them.

Short speeches were made by Comrades John Soliday, Medaker, McClellan, Ligget, Bashor, Newcomer, Peter Johnson, Crall and Moore, of Sion S. Bass post; Dougal, Lambard, Ogle, Dodge and McCurdy, of Anthony Wayne post, while the W. R. C. was well represented by Mrs. Kintz, Sawtell, Briggs and Hilton.

A beautiful twenty-five foot flag was drooped from the center of the east end of the hall, where hung a large picture of Col. Sion S. Bass, of the 30th Indiana Infantry, and two strands of colors, one on each side of the altar, represented "Old Glory," and no one was allowed to speak unless they stood between the flags. It was an evening pleasantly passed and enjoyed by all present.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS.

Those Who Have Been Called to Their Reward.

The Funeral of the Late Capt. I. C. Whiting, Postponed Until Monday Afternoon—Others.

Herman Smith died at 1 o'clock this morning at the home of this aunt, 88 West Washington street. He has made his home in Denver, Col., for some time past, but, his health failing, he returned here to be with his relatives. The funeral announcement will be made later.

MARTIN.

Miss Nina Martin, daughter of Diedrick Martin, janitor of the Emanuel Lutheran church, died at her home, 57 Wilt street, last night, of consumption. She was twenty-eight years of age. The funeral will be held Tuesday afternoon, Rev Gross officiating.

WOEHKE.

Florence, the five months'-old daughter of Henry Woehke, died of spasms at the residence, 81 West Lewis street, last night. The funeral will be held Monday afternoon, at 1:30, from the residence.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of the late Capt. I. C. Whiting will be held Monday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of Mrs. Rose Whiting, 544 East Wayne street, Rev. Dannecker conducting the services.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Bridget Quinn took place this morning at 9 o'clock, from the residence, 13 East Williams street, and at 9:30 from St. Patrick's Catholic church.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Julia A. Gridley occurred this afternoon from the Washington township home of Thomas Fleming. The interment will be at Lindenwood.

The funeral of the late Ida Nieman will be held at the home of her father, No. 23 Maumee avenue, at 1 o'clock tomorrow and 1:30 o'clock from the St. Mary's Catholic church.

THE WEEK'S DEATHS.

The following are the deaths for the week ending June 15, as reported by the city undertakers:

Lizzie Dondero, 1 day, exhaustion.
Ida Nieman, 16 years, consumption.
Edith Kruger, 1 year, convulsions.
R. W. Sharp, 6 years, drowning.
Florence Wiebke, 5 months, spasms.
Minnie Martin, 28 years, consumption.
William Carpenter, 4 years, diphtheria.
Child of Frank X. Brucker, 8 days, spasms.
Joseph B. Miller, 84 years, old age.
Charlotte M. Roger, 9 days, liver complaint.
Irene M. Ryan, 15 days, spasms.
Bridget Quinn, 80 years, old age.
Julia Gridley, 85 years, old age.
Herman Smith, 35 years, blood poison.

Higher than all others at the great Fairs ranked Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. First award at Chicago and San Francisco.

EPWORTH LEAGUES.

Large Numbers of Them Will Go to Angola.

The district convention of the Epworth League will be held at Angola on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week and a large number of leaguers from this city will attend, each of the societies of the five Methodist churches sending delegates, and many others going to hear and participate in the proceedings. To accommodate those who attend Rev. Stewart, the pastor of the St. Paul church, has chartered a special train, under the auspices of the Epworth League of his church, and the delegates from all the other societies have signified their intention of going in this train. It will leave over the Lake Shore railroad at 3 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, reaching Angola at 4:30, and the fare for the round trip will be $1.25. The ticket will be good on any regular train returning until and including the 20th.

The action of the San Francisco Board of Health is an unusual tribute to be paid even to an article of so high a character as the Royal Baking Powder. They say, in their judgment, "it is impossible to make a purer or stronger baking powder than the Royal."

DO NOT BE DECEIVED.

Ask For What You Want and Insist on Getting It.

There are a few dealers in this city who do not handle those popular favorites, "F. G." and "Frank's Choice," who, when their patrons call for these brands insist on giving them some other cigar, saying "it is just as good." Do not be deceived. This is done because "F. G." and "Frank's Choice" are high priced 5c goods, and by giving you some other brand a much larger profit goes into the pocket of the dealer. If you are merely smoking to enrich the merchant, take the other brand; if you are not, go to some first-class dealer, where you are always sure to find the favorites, "F. G." and "Frank's Choice."

Wash bowls and pitchers for 37c each; worth 60c, on sale at Lathrop & Co's, Wednesday morning, June 19, '95. 15 18

CAPTURE MORE HOBOS.

Sheriff and Police Officers Bring in Another Gang.

Jennie Bayles Sent to Jail for the Fourth Time This Spring—A Serious Charge.

There was a motely crew of hobos up before the mayor this morning. Yesterday afternoon Sheriff Clausmeier, Officers Phipps and Hines went out west of the city along the Pennsylvania railway and captured a gang of tramps who were annoying the residents of that locality. This morning they gave their names as Fred Thompson, James Wesley, Charles Goetz, Martin Frier, Thomas Hayes, Jno. Hin and Ed Jackson. The two latter were gentlemen from Boston, so they claimed, and had money to pay their way to Chicago. They were let go, as were three others of the gang, who told straightforward stories.

Jennie Bayles, a young girl who has already served three terms in the county jail this spring for prostitution, was up on trial again, having been arrested near the Lindenwood cemetery yesterday. The girl's parents live at Woodburn, Ind., and are said to be very respectable people. The girl, if cleaned up and dressed in stylish clothes, would be a handsome woman. The officers will endeavor to have her sent to her parents.

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

Frank Craig, of Allen county, was arrested at Roanoke yesterday and lodged in the Huntington county jail on a charge of criminally assaulting Melissa P. Hyser, the eleven-year-old daughter of Mrs. Phoebe Walters, of Huntington. Dora Ploughman, arrested in Fort Wayne a few days ago, testified against Craig.

BOARD OF WORKS.

They Met Last Night and Awarded a Number of Contracts.

The board of public works transacted considerable business last evening at their regular meeting.

Fred Oetting was awarded the contract for building a sidewalk on Fourth street, in Bloomingdale. The contract for a sidewalk on Herman street and for the grading of the street were let to George Wilhelm. The contract for the sewer on Pontiac street went to W. H. Oetting. Julius Remus was the lowest bidder for the sewer in Eckart's addition and was awarded the contract.

The following resolutions were approved: For a sidewalk on the south side of Allen street, from Calhoun to Clinton. For grading Allen street from Calhoun to Lafayette. For a sidewalk on the west side of Cass street, from First street to the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway tracks.

The question of the opening of Fifth street through the Lake Shore yards was laid over until the meeting on July 12.

The assessment roll for the sewer in the alley between Erie and Liberty streets was approved.

The board instructed the clerk to notify Joseph Fox to fulfill his contract for the building of a sidewalk on Fox street, under penalty of forfeiture of the contract.

The engineer was instructed to prepare plans and specifications for grading the alley between Butler and Williams streets, west of Calhoun.

WILL COME HERE.

Northern Indiana Editorial Association Chooses Fort Wayne.

Yesterday afternoon at its meeting, at Logansport, the Northern Indiana Editorial association decided to meet next year in Fort Wayne. W. D. Page and C. D. Tillo attended the meeting and extended an invitation on behalf of the Commercial club. The decision to come here was unanimous. The following officers were elected:

President—J. B. Stoll, South Bend.
Vice-President—F. H. Willis, of Waterloo.
Second Vice-President—Mrs. Daniel McDonald, of Plymouth.
Recording Secretary—Mrs. J. E. Sutton, of Logansport.
Corresponding Secretary—Miss Josie Page, of Fort Wayne.

Purity, strength, economy, are the provinces over which Price's Cream Baking Powder is regnant.

TO PATROL THE COAST.

Spain Will Purchase More Vessels for Cuban Service.

MADRID, June 15.—The royal assent was given today to the bill adopted by the senate on Wednesday last, authorizing the government to raise in case of need a loan of 600,000,000 pesos on account of Cuba. It is believed that vessels will be purchased abroad and sent to Cuba in order to more thoroughly patrol the coast of that island. A law has been gazetted suspending the redemption of the Cuban notes of 1890, in order to defray the expenses of the war.

The Royal Baking Powder is the greatest of the modern time helps to perfect cooking and every receipt requiring a raising ingredient should embody it.

NO SLUGGING ALLOWED.

Otherwise the Seaside Athletic Sports Will Go On.

BROOKLYN, June 15.—After a conference with John O'Rourke, president of the Seaside Athletic club, Corporation Counsel McDonald said today that if no decision was given today by Judge Gaynor on the application for a mandamus to compel the granting of a license to the Seaside Athletic club, the exhibition set down for tonight would go on, but that the police would be notified to take action and promptly arrest any one violating the law by slugging. Otherwise there will be no interference with the exhibition.

A NEW TRIAL

Given "The Sentinel" in Its Case With Harvey Tracey.

The Verdict of the Jury is Set Aside—New Indictments Returned by the Grand Jury.

In the superior court this morning, in the case in which Harvey Tracey received a judgment against THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL for $500 on account of an alleged libelous publication, Acting Judge T. E. Ellison, before whom the case was tried, set the verdict of the jury aside and granted the defendant a new trial. Henry Colerick, the attorney for THE SENTINEL, offered sixteen reasons why a new trial should be granted.

The most important ones were that the court had erred in giving instructions to the jury and that the court had erred in refusing to permit the defendant to prove that a retraction had been made, within a few days after, of the alleged libelous publication. The other grounds were merely technical.

The motion was not argued at length, although both counsel were present, Judge Ellison cutting the argument short by saying that he felt that under all the circumstances the case had not been properly tried and the verdict of the jury ought not to stand.

Thereupon he granted the motion for a new trial and set the verdict of the jury aside.

If the case is ever tried again, it will not be until late next fall.

GRAND JURY INDICTMENTS.

The grand jury this morning were discharged, after having returned the following indictments:

John Stone and John Duffy, assault and battery with intent to murder H. S. Harrod. These are the two tramps who were implicated in the shooting affair at the east yards, in which both Officer Harrod and the tramp, Walrath, were shot.

Harry White and Thomas Shreldo, assault and battery with intent to kill. These were the two tramps engaged in the shooting affair on the Pittsburg railroad some time ago.

Ned McKinnor, petit larceny, for stealing from Charles Evans.

Geo. W. Holmes and John Dunlap, for forgery.

The jury reported the county jail in a miserable sanitary condition and recommended better sewerage and improvement of the condition of the cells.

DAVIS STILL IN JAIL

Waiting for the Help Which Never Came.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15.—There are no new developments in regard to J. C. Davis, of Rochester, N. Y., who was arrested here for forgery two days ago. Davis is still in jail, expecting that his father-in-law will come to his relief and make good the amounts he collected on forged drafts, but so far as known no such assistance has reached him yet.

LAZZARONE WINS

In the Great Race at Sheepshead Bay.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY, June 15.—A better day for the suburban could not have been desired. Lazzarone won the race by one length.

KILLED IN A WRECK.

Mrs. Nelson Byers and Her Grandson, Nelson Allen.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., June 15.—Mrs. Nelson Byers, aged fifty-six years, wife of a well known lumberman, and her grandson, Nelson Allen, aged four years, the latter of Buffalo, were killed today in an accident on the Williamsport passenger railroad.

The Trades and Labor council met in regular session last night and commenced active preparations for the entertainment of the State Federation of Labor which convenes here next fall. The recent fair has provided a fund for this purpose. John L. Sessler, John Brunskill and Levi Bender were appointed committee for arrangements and given full charge of the preparations. The committee will meet next Sunday.

Samuel Hersey, who has been running an engine on the Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City for sixteen years, has been relieved on account of color blindness. In recognition of his long and faithful service he will be given a position in the shops. Several other engineers and firemen have been dropped as one of the results of the Toledo oculist's trip over the line.

Palatial homes and cozy cottages insist upon the purest and best—Price's Cream Baking Powder.

The city board of health is coming in for a good share of censure these days for general inactivity. The board has not had a meeting for so long they have almost forgotten each others faces. The bacteriological department, however, goes merrily on and Dr. Dreyer, within the past few weeks, has analyzed nearly 200 specimens of milk, to say nothing of well water.

Whenever the government wants the most trustworthy article and the best in quality it prefers the Royal, as this brand was found to be superior to all others in leavening power by the official chemical tests, made at the instance of the government, in the agricultural department, at Washington.

Try a package of Jamocha Blend Coffee. It is simply excellent. 15 6t

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

Do you DESIRE to make

MONEY?

Our Plans of Operation
ASSURE
ABSOLUTE SAFETY OF INVESTMENT.

Dividends Payable Monthly.

Principles of LIFE INSURANCE and BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS Superseded.

$10 to $5,000 } Can be invested with safety. Will convince any reasonable person that this is a truthful statement.

Business Boom. } The long looked for business revival is at hand. Every indication in the financial world signifies an advance in values. Prior to May 1 prices of everything were at or below the cost of production. Will you join the procession and reap the benefits of this boom.

Responsible. Safe. Conservative. } Will establish these facts by referring to some of the leading banks and Trust Companies of our city.

25 per cent per Month. } Our past success justifies us in stating that we feel assured of our ability to pay a monthly dividend of 25 per cent, or more on all investments.

INVESTIGATE. } If you want to make money, all we ask is for you to investigate our new and original methods. Will guarantee to convince the most skeptical.

Full particulars sent free on application. Representatives Wanted.

Co-operative Trading Ass'n,
215 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.

All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children will greatly favor, and assist the Fort Wayne Humane Society by telephoning or writing such information to Officer [illegible] Telephone [illegible]

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1895.

The cool wave of last night and today was most welcome. May it continue for awhile.

Hon. John B. Stoll says he will not be a candidate for lieutenant governor. His name has been frequently mentioned in connection with the nomination.

The Brookville Democrat flaunts a double-leaded editorial this week, booming Governor Matthews for the democratic nomination for president in 1896.

The next meeting of the Northern Indiana Editorial association will be held in this city, and our newspaper men will entertain the members of the association royally. They know how to do it.

No man or woman, by the humblest thought, can really be strong, gentle, pure and good without the world being better for it; without somebody being helped and comforted by the very existence of that goodness.

John Rekel, of Richmond, indicted for shooting Jacob Nimner with intent to kill, was acquitted upon the ground that he was insane. A commission was then called to pass upon his mental condition, and he was found to be sane. And now Rekel is probably trying to determine what his mental condition really is.

Real friendship should not be glass threads or fretwork, but the most solid thing we know. The friend the heart longs for is an honest, loyal, helpful soul that lives and feels and suffers; dares, yet does not change; steadfast amid good report and evil report; true in word, in deed; tender in weakness, generous in pain.

The Local Newspaper.

In his address before the Northern Indiana Editorial association, held at Logansport this week, Hon. John B. Stoll, editor of the South Bend Times, and president of the association, had the following to say about the local newspaper:

"Twenty-five years ago the newspaper was supposed to be published for the sole purpose of furthering the political ambitions of a certain class, and to abuse those opposed to them. Now such things are not tolerated. There should be a closer relationship between the press and the people. The local paper, which daily visits the household of citizens, should be pure in tone and intent. This end can only be accomplished by the encouragement of journalists of high character. Fathers and mothers should treat an unclean paper as they would a vicious person, seeking admission to their home to contaminate it. The metropolitan journals are degenerating from the standard to which they were elevated by such men as Greeley, Raymond and Forney. Now, instead of the policy of the paper being moulded in the sanctum and enthused with patriotic sentiment, the editor writes not as he thinks, but as a machine operated solely in the interest of the counting room. Not so with the editor of the local paper of whom the people know personally, and of whose integrity they may judge. 'We live under the best government ever formed,' declared Mr. Stoll, 'every educational interest, including the press, should be in the right hands so as to secure safety if danger arises. I have faith in the honesty and integrity of the American people, and believe they will prove equal to any emergency that may arise.'"

The Month of Roses.

June is the month of roses, the month of the sweet girl graduate, the month of weddings, the month so peculiarly asked about by Lowell:

"And what is so rare as a day in June?"

June, the first month of the summer season, was called by the Anglo-Saxons Weyde month, from weyde, a meadow, for toward its close the hay harvest began and the weyder or herdsman led the cattle into the fields after the new mown grass was gathered up.

The precious stone assigned to June is the agate—health and long life. Its cluster of flowers and fruit is a wreath of flowering grape twigs encompassing a bunch of ripe strawberries.

Of all the months of the year June is the most delightful. It is queen of the summer, because during its days the earth gives to us the sweetest and the best.

Longfellow, the poet, understood what he was about when he wrote:

"June is the month of roses! Yes, and it is
The month of marriages! All pleasant sights
And scents, the fragrance of the blossoming vine,
The foliage of the valleys and the heights;
June has the longest days, the loveliest nights;
The mower's scythe makes music to the ear;
She is the mother of all dear delights;
She is the fairest daughter of the year."

Robert Burns Wilson sang of the lovely June days as follows:

"No other days are like the days in June;
They stand upon the summit of the year,
Filled up with sweet remembrance of the tune
That wooed the fresh green fields.
Each perfect noon sustains the endless feast,
In which the wedded charms of life combine.
Sweet evening waits till golden day, released,
Shall lead her blushing down the world's decline."

Some beautiful things have been written of June in prose as well as in poetry. Miss Younge in "An Old Homestead Outlook," says: "The leafy month of June! Well, it is the crown of the year, and all the leaves are fully out, but they have lost their tender light color of growth, and the white petals of the blossoming trees come down like snow."

G. W. Curtis poetically writes in prose of the loveliness of June. Hear him: "There is no sweeter word than June. It is the type of ripe youth, of bloom and beauty. June is full of roses, and the mention of its name throws roses into the conversation. June is perfect summer. In July the dog days have bitten the trees and left them dry and sere. The freshness as of early morning, as of a washing in sweet dew disappears when June goes, and the woods in sultry August foreshow their own doom and rehearse their decay. But a June morning is the most beautiful moment of the year to the eye and the most exquisite image of life to the mind."

A vital question—what baking powder do you use? Dr. Price's is immeasurably the best.

History of the Income Tax.

It was first proposed to levy a tax on incomes derived from investments and to exempt those incomes that were derived from industry. But by a majority of one this proposition was lost in the house committee, and it was voted to levy the tax on all incomes. Then the supreme court held by a vote of 6 to 2 that the tax on investments was unconstitutional. The court was, however, evenly divided on the question of the constitutionality of the tax on industry. So for a time the tax remained on industry, but it was removed from wealth.

But later the court held that the entire tax was unconstitutional. Thus those who have not paid their income tax need not, those who paid under protest have a claim for their money, and those who paid without protest must wait for congress to take action for the refunding of the tax.

Concerning the justice or injustice of the income tax, this is neither the time nor place to speak. But one word as to taxes in general—namely, if there is to be any discrimination in the imposition of taxes, it should be in the direction of correcting inequalities, not in increasing them.

Wanting and Getting.

Is that feeling of independence for which we all aspire so productive of content and happiness, after all?

John Williams was a soldier and comparatively happy, except for the single fact that he was obliged to get up early in the morning. But, oh, how he did hate the sound of the morning drum call! By and by he married a rich widow, so he left the army and could then lie abed as late as he liked. John appreciated his improved condition and decided to make as much out of it as possible, so he hired a drummer to beat the reveille under his bedroom window early every morning, and each morning he got up, raised the window, and sticking his head out shouted, as he shook his fist at the drummer, "I'll lie abed as long as I choose." The moral of this little story is obvious. When we get what we want we don't always want what we get.

Preparations are making to construct a tunnel road under the East river between New York and Brooklyn. The road will be two miles long. If built as it should be, it will greatly facilitate travel between New York city and Brooklyn. At present it is considerably harder to go from the upper part of New York to the upper part of Brooklyn than from Jersey City to Philadelphia, and it takes nearly as long a time. If New York had been a live western city, her clumsy modes of transfer would have been replaced by modern facilities long ago.

WEDDED IN JUNE.

Marriage of Miss Maggie Miller and Mr. O. S. Keith.

The Bride a Former Fort Wayne Young Lady—Miss Maud Graham Entertains the Epworth League.

News has been received in this city of the marriage, at Racine, Wis., of Miss Margaret M. Miller, formerly of this city, but who for the last three years has been residing at Chicago, to Mr. Orlando S. Keith, a prominent official of the offices of the Illinois Central railroad at Chicago.

The marriage comes as a sort of surprise to the many friends of the bride, who, as Miss Maggie Miller, was very well known in this city. She is the sister of the Misses Flo and Hattie Miller, of this city, and previous to her going to Chicago was a stenographer in the office of Judge S. M. Hench. At Chicago she took a similar position with the Illinois Central railroad, entering the department of the company which was under the management of Mr. Keith, her husband, whom she had not met previous to that time.

An attachment sprung up between the young people as time passed, and this ripening into love resulted in their marriage, as above stated. The marriage seems to have some of the elopement features about it, as the parties left Chicago unbeknown to their friends and went to Racine, where the ceremony was quietly performed by Rev. J. Edwin Farmer, of that city.

Mr. and Mrs. Keith left Racine after the marriage ceremony on a bridal tour of a few weeks for Denver, Colo., Green Mountain Falls and Manitoba Springs. They will visit the bride's sisters in this city and then go to New York on a brief trip, afterwards returning to Chicago, which will be their future home.

Mrs. Keith is a charming young lady, handsome and accomplished, and was popular in the circles of society in this city in which she moved. She was the daughter of the late W. H. Miller, who for many years was one of the prominent grocery merchants of this city. The groom is one of the prominent and rising young railroad men of Chicago.

EPWORTH LEAGUERS ENTERTAINED.

Miss Mattie B. Graham, of 230 East Lewis street, entertained the Epworth league of the Berry Street M. E. church last evening. About seventy young people participated in the affair, which included a ride over the street car lines in the early evening. Ice cream and cake were served later at the home in a novel and pleasing manner. The seating capacity of the dining room was just fourteen and to avoid confusion, ribbons were provided and fourteen of each color were given to that many guests. White was served, then blue, red and so on through the various colors until all were served. Rev. Cissell was present and as it is customary on such occasions to seat the minister at the first table there was considerable good natured rivalry for seats at that table and much guessing as to what color would be called to the dining room first. Mr. Cissell's ribbons were of many hues, embracing the colors of all the others.

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

Mrs. T. W. Mather is visiting friends in La Crosse, Wis.

Miss Madge Williams has returned from a visit at Auburn.

Miss Merica Hoagland and Mrs. W. H. Fleming are in Toledo.

Mrs. James D. Brown, wife of the proprietor of the Rich hotel, is quite ill.

The Clay street school teachers enjoyed a picnic out to Swift's farm today.

Mrs. James Skidmore, of Charleston, Ill., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. W. Mitten.

Mrs. M. C. Hagan, of 45 Harrison street, left yesterday for a two weeks' visit in Chicago.

Mrs. Dr. Brock, of Columbus, Ohio, is the guest of her niece, Mrs. Rev. R. D. Spallman, of East Berry street.

Mesdames John Porter, J. F. Brice and Charles W. Zeigler will leave Monday for Louisville to visit friends.

Mr. J. W. Mitten has returned from Illinois. He reports good prospects for crops. He was out looking after his farm interests.

Mrs. G. A. Loney, of Fairfield avenue, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Ella, left this morning to visit friends and relatives in eastern Canada.

Last evening Miss Florence Barrett entertained a few friends in honor of Miss Louise Dorsey, of St. Paul, who is the guest of Miss Sadie Rockhill.

The Ladies' Aid society of the St. Paul M. E. church will give an ice cream social next Wednesday evening, at the home of Mrs. Beals, 403 East Wayne street.

The Huntington Herald says: "Miss Carrie Roth, of Fort Wayne, and Miss Grace Wallace, of Wabash, are visitors at the D. Marx home, and will attend the commencement."

Mrs. W. J. Kerr and daughter, Miss Mabel, of Warren, Ohio, are visiting Mr. Frank Bartholomew, of 111 Wallace street.

Miss Sue Thompson is entertaining Miss Irwin, of Louisville, Ky.

Mrs. R. T. McDonald and daughter, Esther, left last evening for New York city.

Miss Martha Stumpf left last evening for Chicago and St. Louis to spend the summer.

Mr. Henry Nahrwold, of Root & Co., will be the guest of friends in Indianapolis next week.

Miss Ahlgren, head trimmer at Mergenthiem's, is slightly indisposed at her rooms in the Wayne hotel.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. George Kierspe—a son. Mr. Kierspe is the popular bookkeeper for Root & Co.

Miss Rose Pressler, of East Washington street, will spend the summer with friends and relatives at Indianapolis.

Miss Jenetta Fulton, of Columbus, Ohio, is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. E. Collett, of No. 40 Brackenridge street.

Mrs. W. T. Loring, of East Creighton avenue, left this morning for Knox, Ind., where her mother is lying very ill.

Mrs. R. G. Thompson and son, Richard, will leave next Monday for Petoskey, to remain through the heated term.

Mrs. T. J. Dills, en route to Los Angeles, Cal., writes from Flagstaff, Arizona, that they are well and enjoying the trip very much.

Miss Edna Reuss has returned from St. Mary's, and Mr. Chas. Reuss from Notre Dame, where they have been attending school for the past winter.

Attorney E. F. France and his family went to Rome City this morning. Mr. France will return to the city Monday, but the family will remain at Rome City all summer.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Patterson, of No. 32 Baker street, are entertaining their daughter, Mrs. T. J. Tappenden, and children, of Coldwater, Mich., who arrived in the city last evening.

The Woman's Club league of Fort Wayne will tender a reception to Mrs. Cameron, of Wabash, next Wednesday afternoon, from 5 to 6 o'clock, in the parlors of the Fort Wayne club.

Miss Luella C. Boles, who is now visiting Miss Ida Strawbridge, at Chicago, will go from that city to Chattanooga, Tenn., to attend the International Epworth League convention, June 27.

Mrs. M. A. Hartman, the venerable mother of Mr. Samuel Wass, suffered another stroke of paralysis yesterday, which left her in an almost helpless condition. She is unable to speak or use her right arm.

The announcement is made of the approaching marriage of Miss Minnie Castle to Mr. Sunday, which will be solemnized at the Free Methodist church, on East Creighton avenue, Thursday morning, June 27.

A very pleasant surprise was tendered Mrs. C. O. Lepper, at her home, Thursday afternoon, the occasion being her birthday anniversary. The presents were numerous and handsome. At 6 o'clock an elaborate dinner was served.

Last evening at his suburban home, north of the city, Mr. Daniel Souder celebrated his forty-seventh birthday in a most enjoyable manner. The lawn was lighted with Chinese lanterns and a bountiful repast was served to the large number of guests.

Last evening, at her East Washington street home, Miss Margaret Goshorn pleasantly entertained a number of her friends in honor of Miss Traxler, of Upper Sandusky, Ohio. The evening was spent in playing games, and at a late hour the guests were served with ice cream and cake.

Next Wednesday morning, at Rev. Franke's church, six miles south of the city, Mr. Edward Koenemann and Miss Sophia Meyers will be married, and in the evening a reception will be given to the bride and groom and their friends at the home of the bride's parents, four miles south of the city. Mr. Koenemann conducts a general store at Hoagland, Ind.

At the missionary meeting at the First Presbyterian church yesterday, the foreign topic was "Africa" and the home topic was "Our Missionary." The subject of general discussion was "The Necessity of Missionary Literature." A paper on "The Development of Our Missionary Work in Africa" was read by Mrs. E. H. McDonald. "A Model Home Missionary" was the subject of the paper read by Mrs. C. L. Olds.

Last evening, at her home on West DeWald street, Miss Golda Beaber entertained friends in honor of the birthday anniversary of Mr. Harry Stopher. Those present were Misses Anna Racine, Maud Holsworth, Gertrude Gilbert, Anna Holsworth, and Messrs. Paul Mossman, B. M. Stopher, Charles Porter and Herbert Buck. A pleasant evening was passed with games and music, and at a late hour a delicious luncheon was served.

The reception to Mrs. S. S. McCrea, of Indianapolis, state president of the Young Women's Christian association, which was to have been held at the home of Miss Merica Hoagland, next Tuesday evening, will take place at the association rooms instead. The reception will be held at 8 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Bowser moved to Eagle Lake today, where they will occupy their cottage during the summer. Next Tuesday Mr. Bowser's Sunday school class will enjoy its annual picnic at Eagle Lake. This year it is expected there will be about 150 participants.

Miss Augusta Knight chaperoned a picnic at the "North Side Park," in honor of Mable Alleman, of Pierceton, Ind., yesterday afternoon. Those present were: Lucy Allegier, Mable Mensch, Dolly Jones, Pearl Parker, Clara Stockman, Pearl Phelps, Alda Fredrick, Nina Ransburg, Ida Meyer, Florence McMillan, Edith Mensch, Belle Jones, Gwinett Davis, Helen Stockman, Ruth Ransburg, Stephen Allegier, Claud Davis and Arthur Allegier.

Mr. Fred Currier and bride arrived from Toledo Thursday and last evening John Currier tendered them a reception at their home on the north side. Cards and music made the evening pass pleasantly and at 10:30 a delicious lunch was served. Those present were Messrs. and Mesdames Charles, Fred and August Currier, Homer Smith, Mrs. S. M. Albrecht, and Misses Leah Currier and Anna Fahling, Messrs. Harry Gibford and Harry Stirk.

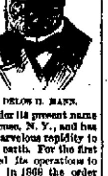
The Linden Literary and Debating society held their regular monthly meeting last night at the home of Miss Jennie McClelland, 15 Cass street. After a short, but well arranged program, the young people enjoyed a social hop, dispersing at a late hour to meet again July 12 at the home of Mr. Arlie Gooden, Third street. The members present were Misses Anna Alwar, Blanch Coombs, Carrie Doswell, Gretta Russell, Ellen and Stella Uran, Messrs Frank Briggs, Jesse Brady, Arlie Gooden, Herbert and Chas. Grosvenor, Chas Lyons, Geo. and Theodore Trier and C. Teedtman. The visitors were Misses Tillie Zollinger, Loyd, Muhlenbruck, Messrs. Bailey and Thomas.

It is the most perfect made, Price's Cream Baking Powder.

GOOD TEMPLARS TO MEET.

Delegates Representing 700,000 Will Soon Assemble at the Hub of the Universe.

A vast army of 700,000 persons pledged to temperance will be represented by delegates in Boston June 24, when the international supreme lodge of the Independent Order of Good Templars opens its great convention. The order came into existence in Oneida county, N. Y., in 1851, under the name of the Knights of Jericho. It became fully established under its present name a year later in Syracuse, N. Y., and has since spread with marvelous rapidity to the very ends of the earth. For the first 17 years it confined its operations to America alone, but in 1868 the order was introduced into England, and Scotland, Ireland, Wales, Africa, Asia, Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, the South American republics and various islands of the sea are now represented. Gavett Chambers was the pioneer Good Templar, and although he was very much fascinated with the idea he never dreamed that the order would speedily become the most powerful temperance organization in the world.



DELOS H. MANN.

The Juvenile Templars, a minor division of the Good Templars, will also meet in Boston at the same time. It is the kindergarten of the great temperance order, and its members not only pledge themselves to abstain from all intoxicating liquors as beverages, like the older Good Templars, but they further declare that they will abstain from swearing, gambling and the use of tobacco. The Good Templars were among the first to admit that women were entitled to equal rights with men in temperance work, and thousands of bright members of the gentler sex take a prominent part in the sessions.

Among the features of the coming convention in Boston will be a pleasure trip in Boston harbor at the invitation of Mayor Curtis, a grand banquet and a reception to members of the supreme lodge by Governor Greenhalge.

Delos H. Mann, the world's grand templar, who stands at the head of the great army of 700,000, was born in Delaware county, N. Y., and was educated at New York university and Albany university. He became a successful physician and was an early enthusiast in Good Templar work. He has held many high offices in the order and was chosen world's grand templar in 1893.

Siam's Educational System.

Every year a number of boys are sent from Siam by the king to England to learn different things. One learns upholstery, one learns typewriting, one learns languages, one learns science, and so on. When they return to Siam, each takes with him some different information to impart to others.

A New Verb.

The trolley doesn't do all of the killing in Brooklyn. Occasionally a victim is feudered to death.—Washington Post.

Finding a Use For It.

A new kind of gas has been discovered. It may be of value in the next campaign.—Chicago Post.

A BRACE OF BLOOMER COSTUMES.

Some Novel Ideas That Will Interest Fair Bicyclists.

The bloomer bicycle costume, which gives free play to the limbs and minimizes the danger of accidents, is no longer a pronounced novelty, but is often seen on thoroughfares much frequented by fair cyclists. In fact, bloomers are so common that many variations of the original style are observed. One unique and handsome costume consists of bloomers reaching to the boot tops, a full skirt somewhat shorter and a Russian blouse.

RUSSIAN BLOUSE BLOOMER COSTUME.

An enterprising New York woman has adopted a costume modeled after the vivandiere uniform of the French army. The hat and feather are black.

THE VIVANDIERE.

The vivandiere jacket is of black cloth trimmed with cord. The skirt is short, made of black cloth and worn over bloomers. Imitators of this costume will, of course, omit the little barrel worn at the side, which is a rather awkward encumbrance on the wheel, although it was a necessary accessory of the real vivandiere's outfit. The real vivandiere, by the way, has disappeared, and the French army has lost one of its most picturesque features.

"Cigarette" on a bicycle is an idea to startle admirers of Ouida's popular heroine, and when this up to date cantiniere of New York pedals through the park she is the cynosure of all eyes.

A Floral Curiosity.

Mrs. F. Arbour of Baton Rouge has sent to the New Orleans Times-Democrat a floral curiosity. It is a small white rose of an exceedingly fragrant variety, from the center of which is growing a perfectly formed twin bud, which stands almost an inch above the petals of the full blown flower. In other words, the twin bud seems to have sprung out of the main stem and pushed its way through the center of the larger bloom in its struggle for existence. Mrs. Armour says that she has cultivated many roses, but has never before seen such a peculiar floral freak, and that all of the florists to whom it has been shown pronounce it a great curiosity.

The MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF INDIANA.

This Company issues all of the improved forms of Life Insurance Policies, such as the Whole Life, 10, 15 and 20 payment life with annual cash dividends after two years; the 10, 15, 20, 25 and 30 year endowments, with cash dividends after two years; the Renewable Term and Policies with Cash Surrender Values.

—:o:—

This Company loans all of its money to its own policy holders, loaning it to them on the Building & Loan System. All loans are made on ten years time, and the borrower has a guarantee that his mortgage will be released when he has made 120 monthly payments. The investor has a guarantee of a 6 per cent. dividend, payable semi-annually, besides additional profits at the maturity of the policy.

If you want an investment or insurance you will benefit yourself by taking the time to study the many special features of the policies issued by this company.

The Building & Loan System

Of loaning money is used only by this company, that is, this company is the ONLY LIFE INSURANCE company loaning its money on the Building & Loan System, and thereby realizing a HIGHER RATE OF INTEREST than on any other.

The Terms, Rates and Dividends of the policies issued by the

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF INDIANA,

will prove to be a source of great satisfaction; two month's grace is allowed for the payment of premiums with insurance in full force during that time, extensions is given without asking on whole life or term policies, and all policies have very desirable features, options, etc.

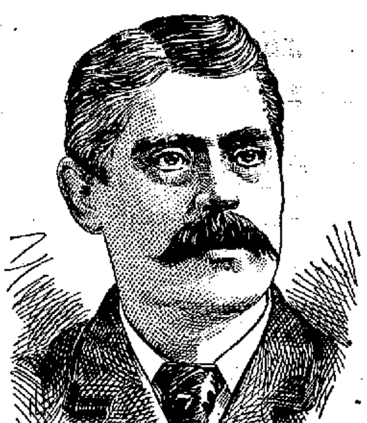
DEPARTMENT OFFICE,
Rooms 1, 2, 3 and 4, No. 12 W. Wayne St.

O. P. EVERSOLE, General Agent.

W. I. WORK,
J. H. YOUNG,
H. W. PYKE, } AGENTS.
J. W. HITTENHAMMER.

FOREMAN CHARLES ROLFE.

Superintendent of One of the Biggest Composing Rooms in America.



Up in the top story of The Globe building, where the typesetting and other machines do everything but talk, says the Boston Globe, there is a pleasant faced, clear skinned light complexioned man of 52, who has been with The Globe ever since the birthday of the great paper. He is the night foreman of the composing room, and looks fully 15 years younger than he really is. His name is Mr. Charles Rolfe.

Nervous headaches that well-nigh drove him to distraction first introduced him to Paine's celery compound. That was five years ago, and until that time he was one of the most pronounced opponents of prepared remedies to be found in the city.

Just how Paine's celery compound was first brought to his attention he does not remember, but it has done him so much good that the compound has no more enthusiastic champion living. He is as happy as any one in the enjoyment of good health could be, and for that happiness he gives full credit to Paine's celery compound. Read what he has to say about the medicine:

"I am always ready to recommend Paine's celery compound when I hear of a case similar to my own. Some five years ago I was suffering from headaches which were sometimes so severe during working hours of the night that I would clasp my hands over my head to 'hold the top on,' the pain being excruciating. These attacks would occur sometimes as often as three times a week. Sleep was out of the question, the pillow seeming but a block of wood.

"Just at the time I was suffering most I bought a bottle of Paine's celery compound, began at once to take it, and before a week had passed the headaches began to disappear. I felt almost a new man before the bottle was empty. I purchased more, and for two years kept it in the house for use whenever I felt a return of the old pains. It never failed in giving me relief. The other members of my family also began to take it—my wife for a feeling of general weakness, she being at that time much 'run down' and never feeling well enough to perform the work of the home. Within a week she was, as she expressed it, 'as well as ever in her life,' and similar reports came from all our friends to whom we had recommended it.

"I feel confident that in nervous headaches and a 'run down' system the compound will be beneficial every time, if not a perfect cure.

"In some instances we have not only recommended it, but furnished it to very aged friends, and the effect of one bottle has seemed marvelous, one particular old friend of mine telling me that before one bottle had been used he 'felt at least ten years younger, and certainly had not felt as good in 10 years.'

"During the last five years I have used a great many bottles of the compound—that is, in my home. I am positive that it is a sure cure for nervous headaches and a broken-down feeling, especially in the case of elderly persons.

"There is one case in particular I call to mind, in which Paine's celery compound asserted its good qualities. We had a young married lady friend, who was nursing her 4-months-old child, and found that she could not perform her household duties on account of the weak condition she seemed always to be in. On the recommendation of my wife and myself she took one bottle of the compound, and before two weeks had passed was able to do her own washing even, in addition to housework. About three bottles were used. I have yet to hear of any friend to whom I have recommended it other than the most favorable results."

Are You Going to Paint?

TRY OUR Family Paints.

MEYER BROS. & CO.,

DRUGGISTS.

Younge's Medical and Surgical Institute,

Corner Calhoun and Lewis Sts.

For the treatment of all Chronic Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Brain, Lungs, Liver, Heart, Kidneys, Bowels, Bladder, Catarrh, Nervous Diseases, Cancer, Consumption, Rheumatism, Gonorrhoea, Impotency, Seminal Emissions, Female Diseases, Deformities, etc., etc.

Office Days: Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, from 1 o'clock to 5 o'clock p. m.

J. W. Younge, A. M. M. D., Pres.

Dr. E. D. Smith,
General Manager.

EVERY CUSTOMER

A Living Advertisement of our business methods. You'll be astounded at the purchasing power of a dollar.

25 STYLES OF

MEN'S SUITS,

Light and Dark Shades, former $12, $14 and $15 values. We are selling this week at

$10.

Our Sacrifice of Values in

MEN'S TROUSERS

A phenomenal success. Hundreds sold but a fair assortment left. $3, $4 and $5 values until Saturday night,

$2.49.

Lehman's C.U.S.

Foellinger Block. 34 and 36 Calhoun St.

The Ohio State Food Commission's official test showed Royal Baking Powder absolutely pure. No other baking powder tested contained less than 10% of impurities, which impurities were mostly alum.

Cabinet Pudding No. 1.

Four English muffins or rolls, ½ pint milk, 1 pint cream, 4 eggs, and 4 yolks, 1 cupful sugar, ½ cupful almonds, blanched—by pouring boiling water on them until skins slip off easily—and cut into shreds, 1 cupful each dried cherries, apricots, greengages, or any other preserved, whole or canned fruits. Well butter a mould; make layer of muffins cut very thin, then of fruit, almonds and so on, until all the ingredients are used; beat milk, cream, sugar and eggs together, pour over contents of mould and let stand before baking at least ½ an hour, then set in saucepan with boiling water to reach two-thirds up mould; steam thus 1 hour; turn out on dish carefully and serve with cream sauce.

Custard Pudding.

One and one-half pints milk, 4 eggs, 1 cupful sugar, 2 teaspoonfuls Royal Extract Vanilla. Beat eggs and sugar together; dilute with milk, and extract; pour into buttered pudding dish, set in oven in dripping pan, two-thirds full of boiling water; bake until firm, about 40 minutes in moderate oven.

Chocolate Pudding.

One quart of milk, scalded; 1½ squares of chocolate, grated; wet with cold milk, and stir into scalded milk. When chocolate is dissolved, pour into pudding dish; add yolks of 5 eggs, well beaten, and 6 tablespoonfuls of sugar. Bake about ¾ of an hour. Beat whites of eggs to stiff froth; add 6 tablespoonfuls sugar. Spread the frosting over top; set again in oven until a light brown.

L. O. HULL, WALL PAPER

The Latest patterns in Cheap as well as Fine Goods. The lowest prices. (Whitewashed walls should be sized before papering. We furnish it to our patrons without charge.) Window Shades, Window Glass, Paints, Artists' Materials, House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, etc., etc. **We Decorate Walls and Ceilings in Every Style**, from the plainest paper hanging to the most elaborate and artistic work, and charge no more than others who are copying our old ideas while we are coining new ones. If a decorator ever did a handsome job that did not peel off he will be glad to show it to you, so when he declares his work "as good as L. O. Hull's" ask him to show his best work, then permit us to show ours and judge for yourself.

FRENCH APPLIQUE

Is the new decoration for walls and ceilings. It is elegant for offices, hotels, club houses and private residences. Kindly call and examine samples. We offer you the finest work with prompt service and lowest prices. Estimates furnished and work done in surrounding cities, towns and country. Telephone 255.

90 CALHOUN ST. Fort Wayne, Ind.

PART SECOND. | 8 PAGES, 72 COLUMNS.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

8 PAGES, 72 COLUMNS. | PART SECOND.

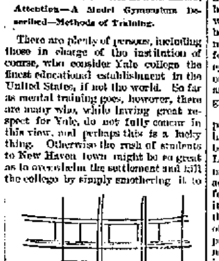
ESTABISHED 1833. SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1895. PRICE FIVE CENTS

TRAINING THE BODY.

YALE UNIVERSITY PARTICULARLY EXCELS IN PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT.

While the Intellect Is Not Neglected at New Haven the Muscles Receive Careful Attention—A Model Gymnasium Described—Methods of Training.

There are plenty of persons, including those in charge of the institution of course, who consider Yale college the finest educational establishment in the United States, if not the world. So far as mental training goes, however, there are many who, while having great respect for Yale, do not fully concur in this view, and perhaps this is a lucky thing. Otherwise the rush of students to New Haven town might be so great as to overwhelm the settlement and kill the college by simply smothering it to death, while Harvard and Cornell, Ann Arbor and Princeton, De Pauw and California and all the other universities, big and little, would be killed by inattention.

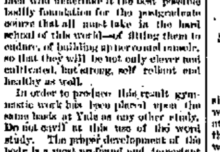


EXERCISING THE ABDOMINAL MUSCLES.

But in respect of physical training all who have examined Yale's plan and plant and talked with the accomplished men in charge agree that Yale is at the top. It does not follow if this be true that Yale students will win every trophy offered at every intercollegiate contest in athletics, that they will row the fastest at every boat race, that they will make most runs at baseball or pile up the biggest score at football. Indeed they might fall behind in all these things and the proposition still be true, for it is not asserted that the system of physical training at Yale makes sure game winners, nor was the scheme laid out with that for its only or chief object. The physical work of the students in Yale's gymnasium is performed for the sole purpose of giving to the young men who undertake it the best possible bodily foundation for the postgraduate course that all must take in the hard school of this world—of fitting them to endure, of building up [illegible] muscle, so that they will be not only clever and cultivated, but strong, self reliant and healthy as well.

In order to produce this result gymnastic work has been placed upon the same basis at Yale as any other study. Do not cavil at this use of the word study. The proper development of the body is a most profound and important study—one the more thorough mastering of which would do away with the necessity for more than half the doctoring that is now needed and reduce the number of hospitals at least one-third. No student is required, however, to take any part in the gymnasium work. Every one who does is first carefully examined and measured by J. W. Seaver, M. D. To every one who needs it Dr. Seaver gives a prescription card upon which is written a diagnosis of the student's physical condition and needs. If his heart is weak, his liver torpid or his digestion out of order, if his muscular development is in any degree defective for a person of his size, if there is incipient curvature of the spine, if his eyesight or hearing is below the standard, the facts are stated upon the card, together with the treatment that should be undergone for the rectification of the defect, the various entries on the card covering, in fact, the entire range of the perfect physical man.

When, after mastering the card, the student understands his weaknesses, he is next given a manual of instruction prepared by Dr. H. S. Anderson, to whom the actual training is intrusted, and then the student is put through such a course of exercise as experience shows is especially adapted to his case. For instance, the student suffering from indigestion and dyspepsia is caused to take measures to strengthen the muscles of the stomach, sides and abdomen. Among other things he is told to lie on his back stripped and raise his feet so that his legs shall be perpendicular without moving his head, body or arms in any way. Then he is told to lie on his back as before and raise his head and body without lifting his feet from the floor or using his arms. Many persons are greatly surprised on trying either of these for the first time to find it a well nigh impossible achievement. Of course when this is the case it is plainly evident that the abdominal muscles are abnormally weak. Such weakness of itself is sufficient cause for dyspepsia or indigestion, and vigorous practice at either of the exercises named will certainly and quickly improve the student's condition. If the reader is a sufferer in this direction and has any doubts of the efficacy of the prescription, let him try it and be convinced, for it is quite as beneficial to the nonstudent as to the young man in attendance at Yale.

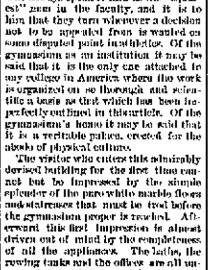


BROADENING THE CHEST.

These exercises are not the only ones prescribed for stomach troubles, but they are all as simple, though some of them are best performed with the aid of apparatus of one kind or another, and besides there are exercises for increasing the size of any muscle, for the relief of headache and nervousness due to continual mental application, for increasing or decreasing the weight, for developing the chest, etc., and all have been laid out and systematized, and all are practiced under thoroughly scientific conditions, since Dr. Seaver, already mentioned, who attends to the theory, and Dr. H. S. Anderson, who looks after its practical application, are both regular physicians who have all the advantages of careful training and long practice in their present positions. Dr. Seaver is especially expert at physical examination and measurements, and more than once has taken 50 measurements in five minutes. The examination does not stop at mere measurements, however, important though they may be. It includes everything, and students who have been found by Dr. Seaver to be of defective hearing have been permanently relieved by the removal of foreign substances from their ears. Poor eyesight has been found and improved or cured, rupture has been discovered and cured, or the suffering students greatly benefited, and so on.

Dr. H. S. Anderson is assisted in his practical work by Dr. W. G. Anderson, his brother, and over Dr. Seaver and both the Andersons is Professor Eugene Lamb Richards, the director of the gymnasium. Though he does none of the actual gymnasium work, its present perfection is largely due to his efforts, for it was Professor Richards who caused the raising of $250,000 for the erection of the gymnasium building, and he is perhaps the foremost authority on gymnastics and athletics in the country. He is extremely popular with the students, who always speak of him as the "squarest" man in the faculty, and it is to him that they turn whenever a decision not to be appealed from is wanted on some disputed point in athletics. Of the gymnasium as an institution it may be said that it is the only one attached to any college in America where the work is organized on so thorough and scientific a basis as that which has been imperfectly outlined in this article. Of the gymnasium's home it may be said that it is a veritable palace, erected for the abode of physical culture.

The visitor who enters this admirably devised building for the first time cannot but be impressed by the simple splendor of the pure white marble floors and staircases that must be trod before the gymnasium proper is reached. Afterward this first impression is almost driven out of mind by the completeness of all the appliances. The baths, the rowing tanks and the offices are all unexampled in their way, but the main floor with its apparatus of every conceivable sort for physical improvement has not its match anywhere. It is almost worth a special trip to New Haven to see the main floor of Yale's gymnasium at half past 4 in the afternoon, when hundreds of students are at work at once under the general direction of the two Andersons. Some of the boys will be busy building up the forearm, others broadening the chest, others strengthening the muscles of the back, others swinging in the rings, climbing ladders, etc. It is still more interesting to see the entire floor full at work at one exercise. Then the firm, white virile legs and arms move in unison in response to signals from the older Anderson, and the effect of uniformity is almost as pleasing as that of military evolutions by a particularly well drilled body of soldiers.



OFFICE OF DR. ANDERSON.

The style of the building's exterior may be termed a "Renaissance application of the Romanesque"—at least that's what I'm told. It is assuredly a handsome structure, though quiet and modest in tone and design. The swimming tanks are lined with glazed tiles, the rooms are constructed of Carrara marble and the Turkish baths adjoining the tanks are fitted up as perfectly as the gymnasium proper. The trophy room is to many persons the most attractive apartment in the place. There are flags, pictures, baseballs and all sorts of evidences of athletic victories. The bowling alleys are in the basement, and there is a big yard to the rear of the building and shielded from the street which is used for practice by the shot putters, the hammer throwers, etc. In the superb marble lined entrance hall before noticed a large canvas painted by a National academician hangs. This is the only adornment of these walls, and it was presented to the gymnasium by Chauncey M. Depew. It is entitled "The Old Yale 'Fence'" and is a real work of art, showing the elm shaded Yale campus and buildings and scores of figures as well as the fence. The figures are full length portraits in miniature, and one of these portraits is Dr. Depew himself.

M. I. DEXTER.

For the Protection of Pachyderms.

A number of friends of the African elephant in Berlin have banded themselves into a society for his defense. The fact that between 50,000 and 60,000 elephants are killed annually in Africa has moved them to do all that in them lies to prevent the animal's total extinction.

Divided Even In Death.

An old bachelor who has just died in Vienna, a man of great wealth, was a confirmed misogynist to the day of his death. In his will he directed his executors to bury him where no woman could be interred near him, and if necessary to purchase two extra graves, one on either side of his own, and leave them empty, so that in death he could escape proximity to the fair sex.—New York World.

Russia's Gift to France.

As a souvenir of naval civilities Russia will present France with a vase of jasper and bronze worth $20,000. If Japan could furnish the inscription, it would be to the effect that the friendship between two nations is often a plot against a third.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Wrote "Casey at the Bat."

To the Editor of the New York Evening Telegram:

In answer to your inquiry as to the name of the author of "Casey at the Bat," it was written by E. D. Thayer, class of '85 at Harvard, when he was on the San Francisco Examiner. He now lives in Worcester, Mass.

Filling Her Out.

Jane—If you please, ma'am, as it's my night out, would you mind lending me your bicycle?

Mistress—Oh, certainly, Jane. Take it by all means. And if you look in my wardrobe you'll find a pair of last season's knickerbockers, which you may have if you like.—Boston Home Journal.

A HALF CENTURY OLD

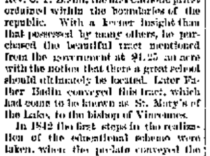
GOLDEN JUBILEE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME.

Brief Resume of the History of a Most Notable Roman Catholic Institution of the Higher Learning—Its Fiery New Birth In 1879.

It was only 50 years ago that the Roman Catholic University of Notre Dame du Lac—Our Lady of the Lake—was established by the Rev. Edwin S. Sorin on a 600 acre tract of woodland bordering the St. Joseph river, in the northern part of Indiana. It was at first but a small and struggling school, but now, at the half century mark, it is one of the most notable institutions of learning in the United States.

The first move in the direction of establishing Notre Dame, as by common consent it is now termed, was made in 1830 by the missionary father, Very Rev. S. T. Badin, the first Catholic priest ordained within the boundaries of the republic. With a keener insight than that possessed by many others, he purchased the beautiful tract mentioned from the government at $1.25 an acre with the notion that there a great school should ultimately be located. Later Father Badin conveyed this tract, which had come to be known as St. Mary's of the Lake, to the bishop of Vincennes.

In 1842 the first steps in the realization of the educational scheme were taken, when the prelate conveyed the property to Father Sorin, on condition that a college should be established there within a certain time. This important work could not have been placed in more competent hands. Father Sorin was a priest of the congregation of the Holy Cross, a missionary and educational society founded in France late in the eighteenth century, of which a station was established in the diocese of Vincennes in 1840 or thereabout. When Father Sorin and his associates, late in November, 1842, first looked upon the site of the future college, a headquarters for all the missions of what are now northern Indiana and southern Michigan had already been established at St. Mary's of the Lake.



MAIN BUILDING AT NOTRE DAME.

But despite this preliminary work the task before them was not an easy one. To establish an institution of the higher learning is not a lightsome labor even now, and then it was vastly more difficult.

The story of the slow upbuilding of the present splendid university is most absorbing, but here it can only be indicated, not told. The young college had no endowment, aside from the fee simple in the beautiful tract upon which it was situated, and as yet this yielded no income, so that the only money received was the tuition fees of the few students. The devoted priests and teachers that made up its faculty were obliged to put up with almost innumerable privations, and it was not until 1844 that it was possible to hold regular commencement exercises. It was in that year that the name was changed from St. Mary's of the Lake to the present title. It was in that year also the legislature of Indiana conferred upon it a regular charter as a university.

Since that year the University of Notre Dame has progressed steadily. In 1879 it suffered what was at the time believed to be a most serious reverse, for, on April 23 of that year, five of the university's chief buildings were wiped out by fire, and with them invaluable libraries and a great collection of scientific apparatus and relics. But this fire did for Notre Dame what the Chicago fire did for the wonderful city on Lake Michigan. It marked the beginning of a more vigorous growth and a wider development. It was almost like a new birth. By the following September, so rapidly had the recuperative powers of the institution worked, the magnificent central building which forms the nucleus of the present Notre Dame had arisen on the April ashes, and the usual entrance of students took place.

Every year during the 20 that have elapsed since then new buildings have been put up, and when it was decided to hold a golden jubilee of the institution on June 11 and the two days following it was seen that the guests of the university would be bidden to a celebration amid a cluster of handsome and magnificent structures, almost like a town in extent and far exceeding the promise given a half century ago by the few small buildings then standing.

Of the beauties of Notre Dame, both natural and man made, columns might be written without exhausting the subject. The university stands on an eminence in the midst of a wide expanse of landscape, brightened by the silver sheen of the St. Joseph river and the lake from which the institution took its first name and rendered additionally charming by sylvan stretches alternating with cultivated fields. The buildings are said to be the most valuable owned by any college west of the Appalachian chain. They include, besides the main building, a chapel, which is really a magnificent church of beautiful architectural design and rich in treasures of religious art, an academy of music, science hall, institute of technology, etc. The course of study is very comprehensive, the faculty is made up of exceptionally able men, and the scientific apparatus and library of 70,000 volumes are of the best. The library is now domiciled in the main building, but will soon have a home of its own. The university now has 60 instructors and 626 students.

AN ABLE JOURNALIST.

Career of Horatio W. Seymour, Publisher of the New Chicago Chronicle.

Horatio Winslow Seymour, the publisher of Chicago's new Democratic newspaper, The Chronicle, is a very successful journalist and enjoys the reputation of being the greatest writer of sensational headlines in America. Since The Times Herald changed hands and politics at the same time there has been an excellent field in Chicago for a Cleveland organ, and Mr. Seymour and Martin J. Russell will endeavor to fill the want.

Mr. Seymour was born July 29, 1854, in Cayuga county, N. Y. When he was 9 years old his father died and he was educated by his uncle, Hon. H. G. Winslow of Racine, Wis. Young Seymour began his newspaper career on the Racine Advocate, and on the Racine Journal acquired a thorough knowledge of the printer's trade. In 1873 he became city editor of the Milwaukee News and in 1875 became telegraph editor of the Chicago Times. In that capacity Seymour wrote sensational headlines that were soon the talk of the entire country. Some of them were poetical, some were humorous, not a few were next door to irreverent, and all fixed the attention and evoked the comment of every reader. He became night editor of The Times in 1879, and after eight years of hard work in that position he became an editorial writer on The Herald, then a young and struggling newspaper. Four years later he became managing editor, and under his expert guidance the paper speedily became one of the great journals of the west. Mr. Seymour is married and has three children.

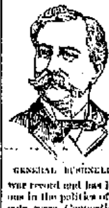
HORATIO WINSLOW SEYMOUR.

Martin J. Russell is collector of the port of Chicago and one of the best editorial writers in the United States. He was chief editorial writer on The Times and helped to found The Herald. Later he returned to The Times and remained until the paper's policy toward President Cleveland compelled him to withdraw. He is editor of the new Chronicle.

A PAIR OF ASAS.

Asa S. Bushnell and Asa W. Jones Head the Ohio Republican Ticket.

The Ohio Republicans stand pat on two Asas—Asa S. Bushnell for governor and Asa W. Jones for lieutenant governor. They are both generals, too—General Asa Bushnell of Springfield and General Asa Jones of Youngstown. General Bushnell is one of the millionaire manufacturers of Ohio, has an excellent war record and has long been conspicuous in the politics of the state. His parents were Connecticut people, but he was born in Rome, N. Y., Sept. 16, 1834. He was educated in Ohio schools, and at the age of 17 began his business career in Springfield as a clerk in a dry goods store. Several more years were spent as a bookkeeper, and then young Bushnell embarked in the drug business. He made some money, and ten years later became junior partner in the firm of Warder, Mitchell & Co., manufacturers of reapers and mowers.



GENERAL BUSHNELL.

At first the business was a small one, but good management speedily made the members of the firm millionaires. General Bushnell is now at the head of the concern, owns the finest business block in Springfield and the handsomest private residence in central Ohio, and is an enterprising and liberal citizen. His wife is a handsome matron, and the remainder of his family consists of two married daughters and a son just out of college. General Bushnell gave $10,000 to the new Masonic home in Springfield and has presented the city with a number of valuable public improvements, including a fountain and a complete patrol wagon outfit.

During the war General Bushnell recruited a company of the One Hundred and Fifty-second Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and served as its captain under General Hunter in the Martinsburg and Lynchburg campaign. When Foraker was chosen governor of Ohio, Bushnell was appointed quartermaster general of the state. In 1885 he was chairman of the Republican state committee and was a delegate at large to the last Republican national convention in Minneapolis. He is a strong personal and political friend of ex-Governor Foraker.

General Asa W. Jones, General Bushnell's running mate, is 58 years old and is a native of Ohio. He is a lawyer and has been president of the Ohio State Bar association. He gets his title of general from having been judge advocate general on Governor Foraker's staff. General Jones is a man of imposing presence and weighs 300 pounds. He is an excellent stump speaker and expects to make an active canvass.

THE WOMAN'S BIBLE.

Mrs. Stanton and her friends have engaged in a very foolish undertaking.—Indianapolis Journal.

The ladies, bless them! are entitled to almost anything, but this having a Bible of their own is straining the point.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Has the new woman got political matters so thoroughly to her liking that she is prepared to drop them while she rearranges the Bible?—Chicago Post.

After all, Elizabeth Cady Stanton must admit that it was the misfortune rather than the fault of the learned gentlemen of King James' commission that they lived before the days of the new woman.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Hon. Seth Low of Brooklyn is a gentleman, a scholar and a philanthropist. He writes in favor of civil service reform in Harper's Magazine for June. Very good. But if the people's representatives cannot be trusted to bestow the patronage of the government wisely, how about trust in the people themselves? It is to be hoped that in our zeal for the best possible public service we may not lose our faith in the people and consequently in self government.

YOUNG AND WEALTHY

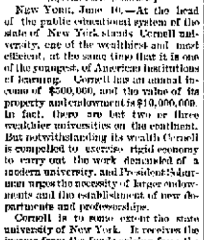
THE VALUE OF CORNELL UNIVERSITY IS $10,000,000.

It Has an Annual Income of $500,000 and Seventeen Hundred Students on Its Rolls—A Gigantic American Educational Institution.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, June 10.—At the head of the public educational system of the state of New York stands Cornell university, one of the wealthiest and most efficient, at the same time that it is one of the youngest, of American institutions of learning. Cornell has an annual income of $500,000, and the value of its property and endowment is $10,000,000. In fact, there are but two or three wealthier universities on the continent. But notwithstanding its wealth Cornell is compelled to exercise rigid economy to carry out the work demanded of a modern university, and President Schurman urges the necessity of larger endowments and the establishment of new departments and professorships.

Cornell is to some extent the state university of New York. It receives the income from the funds arising from the agricultural college land grant act, which gave to the state of New York 990,000 acres of public land to be devoted to agricultural and industrial education. The land was valued at $600,000, and the question in the legislature at Albany, as in other state legislatures, was how it could best be used for the promotion of state education. The natural way of disposing of the grant would have been to divide it among the score of eager claimants. That it was not so divided and frittered away was due to two senators, Hon. Ezra Cornell of Ithaca and Hon. Andrew D. White of Syracuse.



PRESIDENT SCHURMAN.

The Head of the Institution.

Dr. Charles Kendall Adams, a leading American historical scholar, was president of Cornell university from 1885 to 1892, and during his able administration the university grew with wonderful rapidity upon the foundations laid by Cornell, White and Sage. Upon his resignation the mantle fell upon Jacob Gould Schurman, LL. D., who had been dean of the Sage School of Philosophy at Cornell. President Schurman has the strong individuality and depth of character of ex-President White and possesses a magnetism and approachableness rarely found among literary men. In fact, he is as much a man of the world as student. He has had his own way to make in the world since he was a boy of 12, and so is never in danger of losing sympathy with boys, either in college or outside. It is therefore easy to see that, while President Schurman is one of the foremost scholars and teachers of philosophy in the United States, he is also one of the most practical men engaged in administration anywhere. He addresses with equal ease a gathering of philosophers or a meeting of business men. Last year at the annual dinner of the New York chamber of commerce his speech was the talk of the evening. A week later he was discussing ethics and religion at the banquet of the Liberal club in Buffalo. President Schurman is editor of The Philosophical Review, an American periodical which rivals the best philosophical journals of England and Germany. He is also editor of The School Review, and his annual reports are unsurpassed in their wise and suggestive treatment of college and secondary school studies. His firm grasp of educational principles is already seen in the revision of courses made at Cornell last year.

A Cosmopolitan University.

Cornell attracts students from all over the world. Not only does every county in New York state send one or more students, but every state in the republic, except three, and all the continents of the world are represented among Cornell students. New York state alone has more than 1,000 students at Cornell. Canada last year sent 40 of her sons and daughters to Cornell—more than to any other college in the United States. Africa, Asia, Europe, Central and South America all contribute to make Cornell one of the most cosmopolitan of American universities.

More than one-third of the students who go to Cornell enter Sibley college, the department of mechanical and electrical engineering, which is named after the late Hiram Sibley of Rochester in consideration of his large benefactions. The work begun by the father has been continued by the son, Hiram W. Sibley, Ph. D., whose latest benefaction is the erection of a new stone building, duplicating the main building. Sibley college has an international reputation, and doubtless stands at the head of American technical schools—at least that is the opinion of European critics. Professor Ritter of Germany, who spent several months in the United States last year as the representative of the German government, first at the World's fair, and later studying American technical schools, reported that, "as far as regards instruction in mechanical engineering, Cornell university stands at the head of American institutes." It is interesting to note Dr. Ritter's opinion that, while technical instruction in the United States is somewhat less solid and complete on the theoretical side than in Europe, it is much superior in its practical bearings. He praises "the truly grand achievements in engineering and machine construction in the United States." Dr. Thurston, the director of Sibley college, is known throughout the world as a leading authority on thermo dynamics, his works on the steam engine having been translated into many foreign languages. He was one of the organizers and the first president of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers.

A Unique Relic.

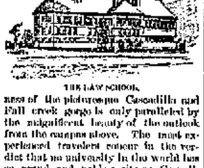
Visitors to Cornell university always observe a horseshoe that occupies a conspicuous place in one of the Sibley college buildings. It has an interesting history which teaches a practical and useful lesson. Rev. Robert Collyer, the Unitarian clergyman of New York, best known perhaps as the hero of the great Chicago fire, was once engaged to give a lecture at the university. After the lecture the trustees, who knew that Dr. Collyer had been a blacksmith in his early career, invited him to go into the university blacksmith shops and give an exhibition of his skill as a lesson to American youths, who, whatever their aspirations, did not disdain to learn the practical arts which might serve as a foundation to subsequent training.

In response to the invitation Dr. Collyer donned overalls and jacket and welded the horseshoe that is now guarded with so much care by the Sibley college authorities. A great American painter, when commissioned to paint Dr. Collyer's portrait, heard of this incident and seized upon it as the scene for his painting. It is said that Dr. Collyer received from the trustees of the university a check for $2,000 as the reward for making the horseshoe, or, more properly speaking, for the lesson which he thereby gave to American youth for all time.

The Great Library.

Of the 16 buildings, costing as many hundred thousand dollars, which Cornell uses for purposes of instruction, the one which arouses the most admiration among students and visitors is the library building, completed in 1891. This building, erected at an expense of $350,000, can accommodate more than 600,000 volumes and is regarded as the model college library building of the United States. The library now contains about 160,000 volumes and 30,000 pamphlets and is surpassed by only two or three college libraries in the country. One of these which outnumber it is really less useful because less carefully selected. The well lighted reading room of the library contains ample accommodations for 220 students, who have free access to the open bookcases around its walls. These provide shelf room for a judiciously selected reference library of 8,000 volumes, comprising encyclopedias, dictionaries, treatises and standard works in the various departments. The north wing of the library houses the White historical library, a collection of works in many respects unequaled in the United States. From the White library a visitor may obtain one of the best views of the beautiful Cayuga lake and surrounding scenery. The university is situated upon an elevated plateau, from which the outlook is grand and picturesque. At the two sides of the plateau streams descend, like water at Lodore, roaring and sparkling and foaming from cataract to cataract into the gulch that deepens through the soft rock nearly 500 feet.

It was the outburst of a Boston minister, on his first sight of Cascadilla gorge, "Nature itself marked out this place for a great university." The wildness of the picturesque Cascadilla and Fall creek gorge is only paralleled by the magnificent beauty of the outlook from the campus above. The most experienced travelers concur in the verdict that no university in the world has so grand and noble a site as Cornell. The magnificence and the glory of nature suggest greatness to the imagination, and both the plans and their present execution betray the influence of the location upon the founders and builders of the university.



THE LAW SCHOOL.

An Army of Students.

Turning back through the 26 years since the institution began as a university and looking at its history in the light and in the shadow, the ripeness of its plans, the absence of radical mistakes in the carrying out of its policy and the rapidity of its material and intellectual development are typical of American civilization in its best form. Today, with 1,700 students on its rolls, with an equipment of buildings that is unsurpassed in America, with a faculty that represents a large number of the best educators, with a variety of departments that recalls the many sided activity of the educational centers of the middle ages, with libraries, museums and laboratories that compare favorably with those of institutions established for two or three centuries, with a grip upon the best methods of education which is almost beyond the reach of an institution weighted down by tradition, and with a president who combines great executive ability with rare tact, oratorical power, scholarship and unbounded popularity, Cornell university stands on the vantage ground, if not at the head, of American educational institutions.

A. P. WEBER.

Horse radish as a medicine and condiment is mentioned in the Egyptian records 2000 years B. C. It is easily grown in almost any part of the world.

Work For It.

Earth is not all dark and grim
For the heart that jolly is;
Where the sunlight shineth dim
Showeth where the folly is;
Part the branches, lo a gleam
Of the noonday glory in—
Every little golden beam
Hath a rich life story in.

Ope the door; let the breeze
Bring a song of beauty rare;
Quick the godly impulse sees
Some rich line of duty there.
Laughing child and singing bird,
Plowman's call and lowing kine
Tell a tale of joy unheard
In the minstrel's glowing line.

Rake the meadow; turn a stone;
Stand upon the mountain's brow!
Nature sings her sweetest tone,
Springs her clearest fountains now.
Glean the harvest by the way;
Whatso'er it leaves to thee;
Thou shalt sing a merry lay
All its golden chances to see.

—J. R. Mackley in Cleveland Plain Dealer.

When Women Are Ahead.

This is the time of year when woman demonstrates her superiority to man by looking cool whether she is or not.—Washington Star.

A Present For Your Deaf Friend.

A curious present for a deaf person has been introduced in Germany—a fan deftly concealing a tiny ear trumpet in its stick.

THE LONDON POLICE.

THEY ARE COMPARED TO "THE FINEST" IN OUR LARGE CITIES.

Reason Versus Clubs—The Art of Conducting an Orderly Town—The Democracy of Monarchy—The London "Bobby" in a Fight.

[Special Correspondence.]

LONDON, June 3.—For the life of me I cannot avoid drawing a contrast between the police of London and the police at home in New York. In London they are a band of courteous public servants who are willing to oblige and give information to everybody. In New York they are a proved set of offensive blackguards and bullies. This is a hard and straight to the point way of putting it, but it is the truth, the proved truth. And, again, no man can say that I am going back on America or am an anglomaniac. I love America above all other places, and I have to have to listen in silence to the sarcastic allusions English newspaper men make to me concerning the mock liberty that exists at home in New York.

The average wage of a London policeman is about 24 shillings a week ($6), and even if he had the desire there is no show for him to levy blackmail. Contrast this with the salaries paid the patrolmen at home and their opportunities, and remember also that money goes pretty nearly as far in New York as it does in London.

I have lived in London now for three months and have discovered a strange fact. It is this: In London the individual has much more liberty than he has in New York. Think of it! Here in the great town of an old monarchy there is actually more freedom than there is in the great town of a new republic. It ought not to be true, but it is true. In Hyde park you will hear men and women saying things for which they would be arrested and given a year's imprisonment in New York, and still London is a most orderly town. Yes; the police of New York understand the art of levying blackmail, but they don't understand the art of conducting an orderly town, and why men should have more freedom under a monarchical form of government than under a republican form is a riddle the solving of which I leave to others. And people wonder at Americans becoming anglomaniacs. I'm beginning not to wonder at it at all.

The principle of the London policeman is to keep and preserve the peace, restore order and see that there is no breakage of the law. The principle of the New York policeman is to break the peace, aggravate disorder and have the law broken so that he may be able to levy blackmail. At least this is the principle he acts upon. The following will illustrate the attitude of the London policeman toward those that come within his supervision. At about 10 o'clock last Sunday night, as I was sauntering along Threadneedle street, I saw two men fighting in the entrance way of a public house. They were at it hammer and tongs, and I watched them for a short while, till suddenly up came a policeman. At once he rushed in between them, and after a great deal of difficulty, in which he was knocked about considerably himself, he managed to part them. I noticed that all through the scuffle he never attempted to strike either of them himself. Imagine a New York policeman doing this. After parting them he expostulated with them and advised them to go home. Then both began to tell him the story of their grievance. He listened patiently and judicially to them, and when they were through he advised them to go home again. They took his advice, and then he calmly resumed his beat. He had fulfilled his duty by restoring the peace.

Even in the lowest and most dangerous parts of London the policemen show a disposition to perform their duties in a fair and humane way. If the roughs are doing anything out of the way, they meet and talk to them as man to man, and only arrest them in a case of necessity. Often in Waterloo road and along New Cut, I see them in the act of arguing the point with unkempt looking, roughly clad men and boys.

I suppose if I were to speak to a bulldozing, blackmailing police captain at home of this way of handling the rough element of a city, he would tell me that it was all wrong, because it taught the people not to be afraid of the law. But he himself would be in the wrong. In the first place, he would show that he knew nothing at all of human nature, because the best way to get the best out of people is by appealing to their reason and sense of propriety and not by pistoling and clubbing them. And, again, why should people be made afraid of the law? Why shouldn't it be helpful and protectful to them?

The way that the London police handle a great crowd is magnificent. You never see a club raised or hear a hard word used. The police are courteous and civil, and the people pay attention to any request they may have to make. Apropos of this let me tell you of what I once saw in Chicago. It was during a big celebration, and the streets were thronged. The police had to clear a passage through a dense crowd of people. How did they do it? Why, simply by cursing at, shoving and pushing them, and when they were unable to get out of the way fast enough by murderously clubbing them. I saw the blood of free American citizens fall upon the stones because, like a lot of frightened rats, they were unable to obey a policeman's order fast enough.

This order of things exists in a greater or lesser degree in every big city in America. It is perhaps at its worst in New York, but policemanism is the same character all over the States. And I am sorry to say that the policemen are in the main men of my own race—Irishmen. As I see the way the police manage things here in London a keen sense of duty makes me write this letter as strongly and as much to the point as possible.

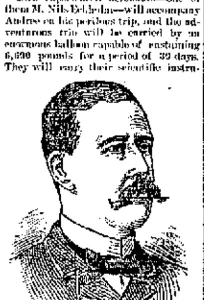
BART KENNEDY.

BY BALLOON TO THE POLE.

King Oscar to Back Andree's Attempt to Solve the Frozen North's Mystery.

As the queen of Spain backed the famous sea voyage of Columbus to the new world, so the king of Sweden will furnish a large sum of money to send Andree, the world renowned Swedish aeronaut, on an air voyage to the north pole. Andree is an engineer who has devoted many years of his life to aeronautics. He does not follow ballooning for pleasure or notoriety, but solely for the enrichment of science. He has narrowly escaped death on numerous occasions, but repeated perils only serve to increase his pluck. For some time past he has been ambitious to undertake an aerial voyage to the pole, and has at last succeeded in awakening such interest in his project in Sweden that King Oscar has decided to furnish $9,400 of the needed funds.

Two experienced aeronauts—one of them M. Nils Ekholm—will accompany Andree on his perilous trip, and the adventurous trio will be carried by an enormous balloon capable of sustaining 6,600 pounds for a period of 30 days. They will carry their scientific instruments, a sledge, a canvas boat, arms and ammunition, ballast and supplies for four months. The envelope of the balloon will be so carefully constructed that the escape of gas will be reduced to a minimum, and the car will be a two storied affair, containing a bed chamber, a photographic room and store cupboards.



PROFESSOR S. A. ANDREE.

Ballast ropes, designed to regulate the height of the balloon to 816 feet above the earth, will permit the aeronauts to pass along below the lowest strata of clouds, and the speed of the balloon will be regulated by cocoanut fiber baskets that may be dropped to the water by means of ropes and serve as drags.

The expedition will leave Spitzbergen about a year from the coming July. Awaiting a favorable wind, the balloon will fly northward toward the great unknown, and if expectations are realized the scientists believe they will reach the pole in from 6 to 40 hours. They will take as many photographs as possible, and having accomplished their mission will continue on to the northwestern shores of North America. If their balloon is lost, the daring aeronauts will probably perish.

WITH AND WITHOUT SKIRTS.

A Pair of Neat and Attractive Costumes For Fair Bicyclists.

Here are two new and attractive costumes for fair devotees of the wheel. The first is a dashing and rather daring design. It comprises knickerbockers and jacket of checked cheviot, a vest of pin dotted cloth, a collar, tie and alpine hat. Leggings of leather are worn with it.

The other costume is modest appearing and allows free use of the limbs. It is all in one piece—skirt, trousers and bodice. There are no strings, buttons or fastenings of any kind except down the front, where there is a single row of buttons. It is designed to be worn with no other undergarments than tights. A hose supporter is attached to the waist line. Any suitable material is suggested.

Nothing Else to Do.

It was a glorious morning.

Nevertheless she was filled with gloomy forebodings.

"I fear me," she mused, "that the full styles are about to go out."

Presently high resolve sat upon her brow.

"If they do"—

She spoke as one wont to rule.

"My husband will have to take the gold cure, that's all."

She could only wait and hope.

Almost a Hint.

A certain gentleman was in the habit of visiting very frequently a family where his company was not wanted. One evening he was met at the gate by one of the little boys of the family, who clapped his hands and said:

"You're too late! You're too late!"

"What do you mean, Tommy?"

"Mamma said, 'Let us have supper an hour earlier, so we can have one meal by ourselves.' You're too late!"

Extraordinarily Healthy.

"Who lives there?" the eastern capitalist wanted to know.

"One of our oldest citizens," the real estate agent made reply, "a remarkable man, 85 years old and never paid a dollar for doctors' bills in his life."

"But who are all those men standing round the gate?"

"Oh, those—er—those are the doctors, you know, trying to collect their bills."

THE ARIZONA KICKER

THE MANAGER OF "UNCLE TOM'S CABIN" WAS CAUTIONED.

Advised to Move On to the Next Town, but He Refused, and Naturally There Was Trouble—No One to Blame but the Manager.

The mayor of this town (who is ourself) had a long and fatherly talk with the manager of an "Uncle Tom's Cabin" troop billed to play at Modoc hall last Wednesday evening. When we understood from him that there was no Hamlet or grave digging or skull in the play, no high kicking, jig dancing or scrapping; that the hero was not swept over Niagara falls or the heroine carried off by Indians we advised him to go on to the next town and take no risks. He listened to us in a respectful way, but refused to believe that we knew the likings of the people better than he did. We issued his license with sorrow in our heart. At an early hour Wednesday evening the hall began to fill up. Some of the audience had two guns, some only one. As far as outward appearances went, everything was serene, and the goose hung high, but the smiling and urbane manager had a surprise in store for him. The crowd gave the play a fair show—that is, everybody sat quiet through half of the first act and let things develop. When it was realized that there was nothing in the play but Uncle Tom and Little Eva and a few negroes, and a couple of dogs, and a monkey, the shooting began. The kerosene lamps, the scenery, the ceiling, the actors—almost everything and everybody—were made targets of, and in five minutes the hall was empty and the actors flying for their lives through the sagebrush. Most of them spent the night outdoors, and they were a sad and disconsolate lot as they got together and left town next day. It has happened so before and probably will again. We are a people who want what we want, and are willing to pay for it, but will take no substitute. What will tickle a Boston audience may bring tears here, and what New Yorkers weep over won't catch on here for shucks. Every time a manager has consulted the likings of our people and given us a combination of "Hamlet," "Uncle Tom's Cabin," "The Old Homestead" and Primrose and West the audience has been enthusiastic, but every time a manager has descended upon the town with a determination to carry out his own ideas dire disaster has overtaken him.

Expediting the Mails.

Two or three months ago, when appointed postmaster of this town, we mentioned the fact that the triweekly mails from Lone Jack, Pine Hill and Dog Creek reached this postoffice in the most erratic manner and evidently at the convenience of the mail carrier. We promised to look into the matter as soon as we got things in hand, and last Tuesday afternoon, as the Lone Jack mail, due at 11 o'clock a. m., had not arrived at midafternoon, we mounted our mustang and set out to investigate. This route is carried on horseback, and the name of the carrier is Simms. We found Mr. Simms luxuriously reclining under a tree about four miles from town. He was luxuriously drunk and sound asleep, while his old horse had shaken the mailbag off his back and was standing on it with his hind feet. Mr. Simms is a very sober man just now, but few doubt if he has any clear remembrance of a tenth part of what happened to him during the ten minutes following our arrival. All he can remember is being struck by a cyclone, which lifted him up and tossed him around and kicked him and tried to drive him into the earth. He was a hard man to wake up, but when he got his eyes open and began to realize the situation he didn't waste much time getting on to his horse with his mailbag and heading for town. On his next trip he came in an hour ahead of time, and we understand he intends to do even better than that. Some day this week we shall look into the delay on other routes. For weeks past the Pine Hill mail has been from six to ten hours late on every occasion, and we shall make a great effort to discover the cause and remove it. It is our duty as postmaster to see that the mails arrive and depart on time, and we feel quite certain that our manner of "expediting" the service will meet with the approval of both our fellow townsmen and the postal authorities at Washington.

Made a Mistake.

Yesterday afternoon a man named Taylor, who is the driver of a mule team in Colonel Frazer's outfit, entered the private banking institution of Shortwell & White and wrote out a check for $60. As he had no money on deposit the cashier of course refused to cash. Taylor then rolled up the check, crowded it into the muzzle of a gun, and resting the weapon on the cashier's window he declared he would shoot the paper through Mr. White's body if not promptly honored. There was a time in this town when that sort of a game could be worked, but that was years ago. The mulewhacker had scarcely made his bluff when Mr. Shortwell had him in his grip, and he was disarmed, choked, kicked and licked and dragged out doors inside of three minutes. We arrived at the conclusion of the fracas and assisted Dr. Johnson to restore the man to consciousness and bandage and plaster him up so that we could hold an interview. The man hadn't much to say. He had come up here from the railroad wearing a big hat, two guns, long legged boots and a bowie knife, and some of his fellow drivers had told him that he was a genuine old fashioned terror and ought to demean himself accordingly. He decided to make a start by bluffing a bank, and when we told him that he had made a dismal failure of it and might get two or three years in prison on top of that he broke down and wept like a child. He will be under the doctor's care for the next two weeks, and at the end of that time will probably be allowed to limp out of town. He doesn't seem to be a bad man at heart, but simply made a mistake in thinking he was a good bluffer. He has relatives in New Mexico, and we take this method of informing them that he will probably survive his injuries, but will look and act altogether different when he again appears in public.—M. Quad in Detroit Free Press.

Beginning Business.

Some people can set up in business on a very small capital. One morning little Susie Green called at Mrs. Brown's door.

"Say, Mrs. Brown," she said, "ma wants to know if she could borrow a dozen eggs! She wants to set 'em under a hen."

"So you've got a hen that you're setting, have you?" said Mrs. Brown. "I didn't know you kept hens."

"No'm; we don't, but Mrs. Smith's going to lend us a hen that wants to set, and ma thought that if you'd lend us some eggs we'd find a nest ourselves!"—Youth's Companion.

How to See the Country.

Wheeling is the only way to see the country, and the time to see it is when one is young and full of vim. Besides if one travels at 25 and dies at 60 he has 35 years' benefit of the trip, whereas if he travels at 50 he has but 10 years. The two essentials to security and pleasure are a good and sufficient accident policy and the best wheel in the market.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Why Mexicans Get Mixed.

There are said to be 42 grammars of the ancient Mexican language and 26 dictionaries.

The Evening Sentinel.
SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1885

REMOVING A CANINE.

IT SHOULD HAVE BEEN EASY, BUT IT DIDN'T PROVE SO.

A Slight Disturbance in a Church Which Gained Such Headway That It Assumed Wonderful Proportions in a Short Time. The Minister's Sermon.

[Newright, 1876.]

"Will the sexton kindly remove that barking dog from the rear of the church?" said the Rev. Guy Pomsonby as he paused in the middle of his text was bright subjects morning.

Peter Pigeonson, sheepish, pressure by gray eyes, with stocking feet, rose from his accustomed seat near the chancel and entered on tiptoe in the direction from whence the sound came. Peter had been scented at this house of worship for four and twenty years and knew where to look for occasional dogs. They invariably took quarter in the closet under the stairs leading to the gallery.

"Come, my good fellow," he said in tones soft and low.

"Bow-wow-wow!" was the roaring response from the depth of the closet.

"Hush! remove the animal without noise," interrupted the pastor in tones that in the sexton's ordered ear betrayed anything but the temper of a saint. He added audibly, "I suppose he came in when nobody was watching."

This last little bluff Peter knew intended to reflect upon his diligence as a vigilant officer. With rising passion he seized the intruder by the collar, and by giving the animal a sharp twist cut off his vocal chord for the time being and carried him wriggling into the churchyard.

CARRIED HIM WRIGGLING.

"You miserable cur," he groaned as he placed the unfortunate in the graveyard and looked about for a club. "You ain't going to worry your jacket!"

In another instant the most grotesque pantomime that ever upset the ease of a congregation pervaded the church.

"Which, which, which!" rang the blows above the dog's kennel.

Strong women turned pale, and one or two men moved nervously in their seats.

"Will Elder Jerry kindly go out and cause that man to desist from beating that church animal?" asked the pastor gravely.

A blush surmounted the serene but determined face of the elder, and he hastened toward the door.

"Why, sir, we are not ashamed to disgrace the Sabbath in this wise!" he said, laying his hand firmly upon the arm of the sexton.

"Now, if you have come out here to take sides with the dog, I'll look you, too," replied the latter in high tones.

For a moment there was an intelligible clash of words and then the sounds of scuffling blows and a hand to hand struggle behind the church. A brief pause followed, when the elder could be heard the mutilated remnants of the dog. He was being dragged underfoot.

WHACK! WHACK! WHACK!

Rev. Mr. Pomsonby paused as a statue. Then suddenly his eyes left upon a man whose clean shaven face, coughing a round mouth and the cheek, was whitest then all the rest.

"Deacon Van Horn," he said, "will you go out and separate those two brothers?"

As the deacon opened the door a voice exclaimed in exclaiming:

"Take your hands off of my cur!"

Then the door closed, and for several seconds only the common rumbling of strife could be distinguished. Then Deacon Van Horn was heard to say out in tones louder than the others:

"Whose nose is that you're pounchin' on? Let me up! Help! Murder! Murder!"

With a single bound Rev. Mr. Pomsonby cleared the nave rail and rushed from the church. He was followed by like accorded flock. The sight that greeted them was perhaps the most tragic in the annals of the Claylick Corners congregation.

It took the combined strength of the ministry to separate the combatants and stand them on their sixth legs. Their sight cuts.

Down then that the mangled cur was exposed to view. At the sight of it the pastor swooned and fell upon the ground.

"Wind ahead, you! Speak!" cried every body in chorus.

"It was my dog!" he said, and then he went into a trance. BEE HIVE.

THE STREET CAR WOMAN.

She Acts in This Manner the Wide World Over.

"Two on the left."

It is rather a shock from a single individual nor a chorus of exclamations from the passengers, but a mental ejectation from each and every one in the woman appears in the car door about, and the conductor signals her. She is not the woman who occupies two seats, nor the woman who wants the front door left open for her sakes, nor the woman with the parcel. No, not She is the woman who invariably loses a penny out of her hand or purse as she goes for her fare.

"Now it will come!"

The conductor assumes an air of humility and enters mid stands before her with palm turned upward. Up to this point she has been satisfied with a dozen or a hundred girl with a bundle on her knees and a dejected looking man with a cane on the left eye. Shamefully mutilated that no one but an albumen sliced it. In a street car, and she comes herself and fumbles for her purse. She fumbles and fumbles and fumbles. A man could lose folk in every pocket of his 12 pockets while she was finding her one. Everybody looks at her. Will she find it? Is there a pocket to be found? Isn't it in the dress left hanging on its peg in the closet?

Ah! one makes a discovery! The shoulder pocket is found at last, and the conductor smiles a glad smile, and the girl with the bundle heaves a sigh of relief. From out of the dodging, twisting, deceptive receptacle is fished a snakeskin purse ingenuously. No one is mentally wonder over its existence—a silver ring, the purse, a deer lay, four recipes, a thimble and two or three sample fairy tales. With thumb and finger she dives for the pennies. One by one they are drawn forth into view and captured, and by and by she has them all in the palm of her right hand. She shows got her hand to drop them into the palm of the conductor and at the same instant crosses her feet, closes her portemonnaie and looks around the car in a defiant, triumphant way.

Something fails. Something rattles on the gratings. The conductor counts. "One, two, three, four!" The fifth cent is missing—just as everybody expected. Now the man with the cane's eye gains swiftness, clearly, the girl with the bundle is ashamed, the dude with the yellow gloves assumes a tired attitude and wishes he had move been born. Peter gazes around, and eyes pour up and down and under thousands. Feet are drawn up, skirts lifted off the floor, and learn almost none to look. The conductor gazes down on his knees to make a clever search. The old chap in the front end of the car sticks up a pin and holds it up to view to show that it isn't the lost cent. The gentleman in the middle up. Everybody hitches toward the front door and holds up his feet, and then toward the rear door and holds them still higher. Several men get down on their knees, and two would be passengers on different crossroads are left standing there to jaw and cuss and want to punch somebody's head.

Ah, ha, the lost is found! Snugged away in a nest of peanut shucks, trousers buttons and lodgings in the missing cent, and the conductor seizes it and holds it up in the fingers of his left hand and every passenger may be certain that it is neither a diamond ring nor yet a snow shovel. Then the grating is replaced, the people drop long breaths of relief, and the man who caused it all sits up stiffly and severely and with proper dignity, and the rolling car rolls on and on, and the world slowly revolves on its axis, and the conductor knocks down two fares and is at peace with earth again.

SCOTT LANSING.

DEFYING SOCIETY.

It Didn't Make Any Difference to Him What People Thought.

It was in the waiting room of a railroad line in the Hackeys State. Seated in the middle of a score of people was a man with an old man who held a bulging satchel on his lap and tried to restrain the enthusiasm of a paper collar which threatened to escape out of a buttonhole in the side of the bag. He had been dozing and nodding for 10 or 12 minutes, with his legs stretched out until they seemed to be 7 feet long, when he suddenly opened his eyes, drew back his legs, and a shade of anxiety was visible on his countenance.

Something had happened. Something was about to happen. He held up his left foot, which was encased in a book large enough to contain the unforeign crop of Rhode Island for two seasons and began to examine the heel thereof with the eye of his left. You've probably been there and know how utterly unsatisfactory such a proceeding is under the circumstances. After diligent search he seemed to be relieved to find the heel, but no smile of relief was visible on his face. As his stalwart neighbor to handle off his lap with a great thump just at this time general attention was attracted to the old man, and the passenger on his right inquired:

"Hurted a suspender, or swallowed a button, or anything of the kind?"

"I wish it wasn't anything usual" replied the satisfied man as he resumed the heel and for performance.

"Are you sick?"

"Its then internal chilblains on that air heel!" he exclaimed as he tried to get his foot within reading distance. "I'm ter kewed better than tooth in this warm room."

"There's a sensation, sir!"

"Above a dozen of 'em, and I've got to do something mighty quick, or I'll jer in jump and holler and get the police after me. Do you live here?"

"No."

"Know anything about the customs around here?"

"Not much. Why?"

"Wal, I wanted to know whether a feller with chilblains was allowed to pull off his boots in general society and ease the agitation, but I hain't time to go inquirin round. Off she's a-coming, sudsy or no sudsy, and there ain't no don't this it must mary now!"

He grabbed the foot in his big hands, pulled and twisted and run out his tongue, and it finally came off with a "s-s-s-p!" that was heard all over the room. After slipping the lacking heel with both hands in a lively manner for a minute he turned to the startled after a vial of wind-gum essence and poured the contents into the seat of his anxiety. It was hardly a minute before a sweet smile came to his wrinkled face, and he tugged and pulled and got his foot back into the boot and placidly continued:

"Might not look like just the thing before good society, but what's society compared to hole? no sense of the most contankerous chilblains ever heard of in Claylick Corners congregation."

MARTEL WHITE.

A GOOD TOWN FOR TITLES.

They All Were One, Even Into Colonel Jones.

I was riding around town with Colonel Willie, when we were halted from the steps of a store by a man, and the colonel stopped the horse and introduced me to Captain Bailey. After we had gone on he said:

"If you meet the captain again, he'll be sure to talk you, but he wasn't in it. He's simply a bloviator."

As we drove past the postoffice a man came out and viewed a newspaper at the colonel and called to him to hold up. We stopped, and the colonel introduced him to Ralph Taylor. After we left him the colonel said:

"He's another of the same sort. He'll fill you up with army adventures, but he never saw a battle or heard the sing of a bullet."

Down at the oil mills, as we were turning round, we encountered "Bullet" to the colonel, who introduced me to Major Tredwell as General Whitcomb. He had a decided military bearing, but when we had left him behind

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

Denunciation of Those Who Would Expurgate the Scriptures.

The Old Testament's Description of Wickedness Purposely and Righteously Plain—No Gilding of Iniquity in the Bible.

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage preached on "Expurgation of the Scriptures" in a recent sermon in the Academy of music, New York city, basing his discourse on the text:

Let God be true, but every man liar.—Romans iii., 4.

He said: The Bible needs reconstruction, according to some inside and outside the pulpit. It is no surprise that the world bombards the Scriptures, but it is amazing to find Christian ministers picking at this in the Bible, and denying that, until many good people are left in the fog about what parts of the Bible they ought to believe, and what parts reject. The heinousness of finding fault with the Bible at this time is most evident. In our day the Bible is assailed by scurrility, by misrepresentation, by infidel scientists, by all the vice of earth and all the venom of perdition, and at this particular time even preachers of the Gospel fall into line of criticism of the word of God. Why, it makes me think of a ship in a September equinox, the waves dashing to the top of the smokestack, and the hatches fastened down, and many prophesying the foundering of the steamer, and at that time some of the crew with axes and saws go down into the hold of the ship, and they try to saw off some of the planks and pry out some of the timbers because the timber did not come from the right forest! It does not seem to me a commendable business for the crew to be helping the winds and storms outside with their axes and saws inside. Now, this old Gospel ship, what with the roaring of earth and hell around the stem and stern, and mutiny on deck, is having a very rough voyage, but I have noticed that not one of the timbers has started, and the captain says he will see it through. And I have noticed that keelson and countertimber-knee are built out of Lebanon cedar, and she is going to weather the gale, but no credit to those who make mutiny on deck.

When I see professed Christians in this particular day finding fault with the Scriptures, it makes me think of a fortress terrifically bombarded, and the men on the ramparts, instead of swabbing out and loading the guns, and helping fetch up the ammunition from the magazine, are trying with crowbars to pry out from the wall certain blocks of stone, because they did not come from the right quarry. Oh, men on the ramparts, better fight back and fight down the common enemy, instead of trying to make breaches in the wall.

While I oppose this expurgation of the Scriptures, I shall give you my reasons for such opposition. "What!" say some of the theological evolutionists, whose brains have been addled by too long brooding over Darwin and Spencer, "you don't now really believe all the story of the Garden of Eden, do you?" Yes, as much as I believe there were roses in my garden last summer. "But," say they, "you don't really believe that the sun and moon stood still?" Yes, and if I had strength enough to create a sun and moon I could make them stand still, or cause the refraction of the sun's rays so it would appear to stand still. "But," they say, "you don't really believe that the whale swallowed Jonah?" Yes, and if I were strong enough to make a whale I could have made very easy ingress for the refractory prophet, leaving to evolution to eject him, if he were an unworthy tenant! "But," say they, "you don't really believe that the water was turned into wine?" Yes, but as easily as water now is often turned into wine with an admixture of strychnine and logwood! "But," say they, "you don't really believe that Samson slew a thousand with the jawbone of an ass?" Yes, and I think that the man who in this day assaults the Bible is wielding the same weapon!

There is nothing in the Bible that staggers me. There are many things I do not understand, I do not pretend to understand, never shall in this world understand. But that would be a very poor God who could be fully understood by the human. That would be a very small infinite that can be measured by the finite. You must not expect to weigh the thunderbolts of Omnipotence in an apothecary's balances. Starting with the idea that God can do anything, and that he was present at the beginning and that he is present now, there is nothing in the Holy Scriptures to arouse skepticism in my heart. Here I stand, a fossil of the ages, dug up from the tertiary formation, fallen off the shelf of an antiquarian, a man in the latter part of the glorious nineteenth century, believing in a whole Bible from lid to lid!

I am opposed to the expurgation of the Scriptures in the first place, because the Bible in its present shape has been so miraculously preserved. Fifteen hundred years after Herodotus wrote his history, there was only one manuscript copy of it. Twelve hundred years after Plato wrote his book, there was only one manuscript copy of it. God was so careful to have us have the Bible in just the right shape that we have fifty manuscript copies of the New Testament a thousand years old, and some of them fifteen hundred years old. This book handed down from the time of Christ, by the hand of such men as Origen in the second century, and Tertullian in the third century, and by men of different ages who died for their principles. The three best copies of the New Testament in manuscript in the possession of the three great churches—the Protestant church of England, the Greek church of St. Petersburg, and the Romish church of Italy.

It is a plain matter of history that Tischendorf went to a convent in the peninsula of Sinai and was by ropes lifted over the wall into the convent, that being the only mode of admission, and that he saw there in the waste basket for kindling for the fires, a manuscript of the Holy Scriptures. That night he copied many of the passages of that Bible, but it was not until fifteen years had passed of earnest entreaty and prayer and coaxing and purchase on his part that that copy of the Holy Scriptures was put into the hand of the emperor of Russia—that one copy so marvelously protected.

Do you not know that the catalogue of the books of the Old and New Testaments as we have it is the same catalogue that has been coming on down through the ages? Thirty-nine books of the Old Testament thousands of years ago. Thirty-nine now. Twenty-seven books of the New Testament now. Marcion, for wickedness, was turned out of the church in the second century, and in his assault on the Bible and Christianity he incidentally gives a catalogue of the books of the Bible—that catalogue corresponding exactly with ours—testimony given by the enemy of the Bible and the enemy of Christianity. The catalogue now just like the catalogue then. Assaulted and spit on and torn to pieces and burned, yet adhering. The book to-day, in three hundred languages, confronting four-fifths of the human race in their own tongue. Four hundred million copies of it in existence. Does not that look as if this book had been divinely protected, as if God had guarded it all through the centuries?

Is it not an argument plain enough to every honest man and every honest woman, that a book divinely protected in this shape is in the very shape that God wants it? It pleases God and ought to please us. The epidemics that have swept thousands of other books into the sepulcher of forgetfulness have only brightened the fame of this. There is not one book out of a thousand that lives five years. Any publisher will tell you that. There will not be more than one book out of twenty thousand that will live a century. Yet, here is a book, much of it sixteen hundred years old, and much of it four thousand years old, and with more rebound and strength in it than when the book was first put upon parchment or papyrus. This book saw the cradle of all other books, and it will see their graves. Would you not think that an old book like this, some of it forty centuries old, would come along hobbling with age and on crutches? Instead of that, more potent than any other book of the time. More copies of it printed than any other book—Walter Scott's Waverly novels, Macaulay's "History of England," Disraeli's "Endymion," the works of Tennyson and Longfellow, and all the popular books of our time having no such sale in the last ten years as this old worn-out book. Do you know what a struggle a book has in order to get through one century or two centuries? Some old books, during a fire in a seraglio of Constantinople, were thrown into the street. A man without any education picked up one of those books, read it, and did not see the value of it. A scholar looked over his shoulder and saw it was the first and second decades of Livy, and he offered the man a large reward if he would bring the books to his study; but in the excitement of the fire the two parted, and the first and second decades of Livy were forever lost. Pliny wrote twenty books of history; all lost. Of one hundred and thirty comedies of Plautus, all gone but twenty. Euripides wrote a hundred dramas, all gone but nineteen. Aeschylus wrote a hundred dramas, all gone but seven. Verro wrote the laborious biographs of seven hundred Romans, not a fragment left. Quintilian wrote his favorite book on the corruption of eloquence, all lost. Thirty books of Tacitus lost. Dion Cassius wrote eighty books; only twenty remain. Berosius' history all lost.

Nearly all the old books are mummified and are lying in the tombs of old libraries, and perhaps once in twenty years some man comes along and picks up one of them and blows the dust off, and opens it and finds it the book he does not want. But this old Book, much of it forty centuries old, stands to-day more discussed than any other book, and it challenges the admiration of all the good and the spite and the venom and the animosity and the hypercriticism of earth and hell. I appeal to your common sense, if a book so divinely guarded and protected in its present shape, must not be in just the way that God wants it to come to us, and if it pleases God, ought it not to please us?

Not only have all the attempts to detract from the book failed, but all the attempts to add to it. Many attempts were made to add the apochryphal books to the Old Testament. The Council of Trent, the Synod of Jerusalem, the bishops of Hippo, all decided that the apochryphal books must be added to the Old Testament. "They must stay in," said those learned men; but they stayed out. There is not an intelligent Christian man that to-day will put the Book of Maccabees or the Book of Judith beside the book of Isaiah or Romans. Then a great many said: "We must have books added to the New Testament," and there were epistles and gospels and apocalypses written and added to the New Testament, but they have all fallen out. You can not add anything. You can not subtract anything. Divinely protected book in the present shape. Let no man dare to lay his hands on it with the intention of detracting from the Book, or casting out any of these holy pages.

Beside that, I am opposed to this expurgation of the scriptures because, if the attempt was successful, it would be the annihilation of the Bible. Infidel geologists would say, "out with the Book of Genesis;" infidel astronomers would say, "out with the book of Joshua;" people who do not believe in the atoning sacrifice would say, "out with the Book of Leviticus;" people who do not believe in the miracles would say, "out with all those wonderful stories in the Old and New Testament;" and some would say, "out with the Book of Revelations;" and others would say, "out with the entire Pentateuch," and the work would go on until there would not be enough of the Bible left to be worth as much as last year's almanac. The expurgation of the scriptures means their annihilation.

I am also opposed to this expurgation of the scriptures for the fact that in proportion as people become self-sacrificing, and good, and holy, and consecrated, they like the Book as it is. I have yet to find a man or woman distinguished for self-sacrifice, for consecration to God, for holiness of life, who wants the Bible changed. Many of us have inherited family Bibles. Those Bibles were in use twenty, forty, fifty, perhaps a hundred years in the generations. To-day take down those family Bibles, and find out if there are any chapters which have been erased by lead-pencil or pen, and if in any margins you can find the words: "This chapter not fit to read." There has been plenty of opportunity during the last half century privately to expurgate the Bible. Do you know any case of such expurgation? Did not your grandfather give it to your father, and did not your father give it to you?

Beside that, I am opposed to the expurgation of the Scriptures, because the so-called indelicacies and cruelties of the Bible have demonstrated no evil result. A cruel book will produce cruelty—an unclean book will produce uncleanliness. Fetch me a victim. Out of all Christendom and out of all the ages, fetch me a victim whose heart has been hardened to cruelty, or whose life has been made impure by this book. Show me one. One of the best families I ever knew of, for thirty or forty years, morning and evening, had all the members gathered together, and the servants of the household, and the strangers that happened to be within the gates—twice a day, without leaving out a chapter or a verse, they read this holy Book, morning by morning, night by night. Not only the older children, but the little child who could just spell her way through the verse while her mother helped her. The father beginning and reading one verse, and then all the members of the family in turn reading a verse. The father maintained his integrity, the mother maintained her integrity, the sons grew up and entered professions and commercial life, adorning every sphere in the life in which they lived, and the daughters went into families where Christ was honored, and all that was good and pure and righteous reigned perpetually. For thirty years that family endured the Scriptures. Not one of them ruined by them.

Now, if you will tell me of a family where the Bible has been read twice a day for thirty years, and the children have been brought up in that habit, and the father went to ruin, and the mother went to ruin, and the sons and daughters were destroyed by it—if you will tell me of one such incident, I throw away my Bible, or I will doubt your veracity. I tell you, if a man is shocked with what he calls the indelicacies of the Word of God, he is prurient in his taste and imagination. If a man can not read Solomon's Song, without impure suggestion, he is either in his heart, or in his life, a libertine.

The Old Testament description of wickedness, uncleanness of all sorts, is purposely and righteously a disgusting account, instead of the Byronic and the Parisian vernacular, which makes sin attractive instead of appalling. When these old prophets point you to a lazaretto, you understand it is a lazaretto. When a man having begun to do right falls back into wickedness and gives up his integrity, the Bible does not say he was overcome by the fascinations of the festive board, or that he surrendered to conviviality, or that he became a little fast in his habits. I will tell you what the Bible says: "The dog is turned to his own vomit again, and the sow that was washed to her wallowing in the mire." No gilding of iniquity. No garlands on a death's head. No pounding away with a silver mallet at iniquity when it needs an iron sledge-hammer.

I can easily understand how people, brooding over the description of uncleanness in the Bible, may get morbid in mind until they are as full of it as the wings and the beak and the nostril and the claw of a buzzard is full of the odors of a carcass; but what is wanted is not that the Bible be disinfected, but that you, the critic have your mind and heart washed with carbolic acid.

I tell you at this point in my discourse that a man who does not like this Book, and who is critical as to its contents, and who is shocked and outraged with its descriptions, has never been soundly converted. The laying on of the hands of presbytery or episcopacy does not always change a man's heart, and men sometimes get into the pulpit as well as into the pew, never having been changed radically by the sovereign grace of God. Get your heart right and the Bible will be right. The trouble is man's natures are not brought into harmony with the word of God. Ah! my friends, expurgation of the heart is what is wanted.

You can not make me believe that the Scriptures, which this moment lie on the table of the purest and best men and women of the age, and which were the dying solace of your kindred passed into the skies, have in them a taint which the strongest microscope of honest criticism could make visible. If men are uncontrollable in their indignation when the integrity of wife or child is assailed, and judges and juors as far as possible excuse violence under such provocation, what ought to be the overwhelming and long-resounding thunders of condemnation for any man who will stand in a Christian pulpit and assail the more than virgin purity of inspiration, the well-beloved daughter of God?

Expurgate the Bible! You might as well go to the old picture galleries in Dresden and in Venice and in Rome and expurgate the old paintings. Perhaps you could find a foot of Michael Angelo's "Last Judgment" that might be improved. Perhaps you could throw more expression into Raphael's "Madonna." Perhaps you could put more pathos into Rubens' "Descent from the Cross." Perhaps you could change the crests of the waves in Turner's "Slave Ship." Perhaps you might go into the old galleries of sculpture and change the forms and the posture of the statues of Phidias and Praxiteles. Such an iconoclast would very soon find himself in the penitentiary. But it is worse vandalism when a man proposes to refashion these masterpieces of inspiration, and to remodel the moral giants of this gallery of God.

Now, let us divide off. Let those people who do not believe the Bible, and who are critical of this and that part of it, get clear over on the other side. Let them stand behind the devil's guns. There can be no compromise between infidelity and Christianity. Give us the out and out opposition of infidelity rather than the work of these hybrid theologians, these mongrel ecclesiastics, these half-evoluted people, who believe the Bible and who do not believe it, who accept the miracles and do not accept them, who believe in the inspiration of the Scriptures and do not believe in the inspiration of the Scriptures—trimming their belief on one side to suit the pride of their own heart, and feeling that in order to demonstrate their courage they must make the Bible a target and shoot at God.

There is one thing that encourages me very much, and that is that the Lord made out to manage the universe before they were born, and will probably be able to make out to manage the universe a little after they are dead. While I demand that the antagonists of the Bible and the critics of the Bible to go clear over where they belong, on the devil's side, I ask that all the friends of this good book come out openly and above board in behalf of it. That book, which was the best inheritance you ever received from ancestry, and which will be the best legacy you will leave to your children when you bid them good-by as you cross the ferry to the golden city.

Young man, do not be ashamed of your Bible. There is not a virtue but it commends, there is not a sorrow but it comforts, there is not a good law on the statute book of any country but it is founded on these Ten Commandments. There are no braver, grander people in all the earth than the heroes and the heroine which it biographizes.

Of all the works of Dore, the great artist, there was nothing so impressive as his illustrated Bible. What scene of Abrahamic faith, of Edenic beauty, of dominion Davidic, or Solomonic, or miracle, of parable, of nativity, or of crucifixion, or of last judgment but the thought leaped from the great brain to the skillful pencil, and from skillful pencil to canvas immortal. The Louvre, the Luxembourg, the National Gallery of London compressed within two volumes of Dore's illustrated Bible. But the Bible will come to better illustration than that, my friends, when all the deserts have become gardens, and all the armories have become academies, and all the lakes have become Gennesarets with Christ walking them, and all the cities have become Jerusalems with hovering Shekinah; and the two hemispheres shall be clapping cymbals of divine praise, and the round earth a foot-light to Emmanuel's throne—that, to all lands, and all ages, and all centuries, and all cycles will be the best specimen of Bible illustrated.

RELIGIOUS MATTERS.

GOD REIGNS.

One thought the pious soul sustains
Amid the changing scenes of life,
Calming the waves of grief and strife—
God reigns.

When the wreck ship in fury drives
Upon the rocks in its last lean,
Death beck'ning from seas' cavern steep—
God reigns.

When man, at war with all that's high
Above the little space he fills,
Strikes law and order, which he wills
Shall die.

One hand still holds a sceptered rod
Firmly 'mid devastation's groan—
No dynamite can reach the throne
Of God.

Above the clank of discord's chains,
The plots that shake the eastern world,
Is David's royal flag unfurled.
"God reigns."

—Mrs. M. A. W. Cooke, in Chicago Interior.

PERILS OF DISCOURAGEMENT.

Why the Christian Should Be Above This Hurtful Temptation.

Discouragement is full of danger. It is temptation. He who lets it enter his heart and settle there does not know to what sin and sorrow it may lead him. Many people find the way of life hard. There are scarcely any who do not come upon points of hardness, even amid the most prosperous years. There are things in people's condition and circumstances which in themselves are hard. Sometimes it is sickness, sometimes poverty, sometimes sorrow. The burdens are heavy. The toil is oppressive. The way is wearisome.

Then sometimes, much of the hardness is caused by unbrotherly conduct. There are brothers who make life harder for brothers. We all need to guard our conduct most sedulously, lest we become hinderers of others in their life. It is a sin to be a hinderer. We commit a grievous wrong against another when we make life harder for him—when we make it harder for him to be true, honest, pure-hearted, and worthy.

There should be nothing but condemnation for the discourager. He is an enemy of his fellows. He is a misantrope. It is a sore sin against humanity to make life harder for men. Our great Teacher spoke burning words against those who put stumbling-blocks in the paths of God's little ones. This censure falls upon all who in any way lay hindrances in the paths of others.

The Christian duty of everyone is to be an encourager, a helper of others in their life. There is a pleasant story of a poor woman in Glasgow, who, one summer day, was walking along a street in which some poorly-clad children were running barefooted at their play. A policeman saw this woman stoop down again and again as she went on, each time picking up something, which she put in her apron. The officer supposed she was finding and appropriating something she should not take away, and in a threatening manner demanded that she show him what she had in her apron. The trembling woman complied, and showed some pieces of broken glass, which she had gathered up out of the street. "I thought I would take them out of the way of the bairns' feet," she said. The act was a beautiful one. The poor woman was doing angels' work. She was making the street a safer place for the children to play.

It should be our aim not only to pick up bits of broken glass from the children's playgrounds to make them safer, but in all life's ways to gather out the stones and the stumbling-blocks, and whatever might hinder or hurt our fellow-pilgrim in his journey.

Whatever the cause, or whoever is responsible for its hardness, there is no doubt that in every life there are experiences which have a discouraging tendency. It may seem almost too much to say that whatever the hardness of the way may be, nevertheless a Christian should never be discouraged. Yet this is the lesson. It is never safe to give way to even the beginnings of discouragement, for, if we do, we can not know what the end will be. Discouragement cherished, leads to despondency and despair. Even if it does not grow to such sad ripeness, it works grievous harm in a life. It produces a noxious atmosphere in which all the lamps burn but dimly. It weakens one's moral purposes, and paralyzes one's energies. A discouraged man is only half himself. He takes hold of duty with only half his wonted earnestness. His feet drag heavily as he goes about his duties.

No one can afford to be discouraged, even for one hour, even in the smallest degree. We need all our strength if we would be equal to the burden and stress and responsibility of our common days. Life is not easy for any of us if we meet it worthily, and make of it what God expects us to make. It is necessary that our eye shall be clear, its light undimmed; that our heart shall beat with full pulsings; that our hand shall be strong and steady, and that all our powers shall be at their best. This can not be if we are the prey of discouragement, or if we yield in even the smallest degree to its influence.

"But how can we keep from being discouraged?" asks some one. "When the way is hard, when burdens are heavy, when the path is through hot deserts, when even brothers make life harder for us, how can we help being discouraged?"

The answer is that, if we are Christians, there never can be sufficient reason why we should be discouraged. "If God be for us, who can be against us?" We need only to abide in Christ, doing always faithfully our simple duty, and leaving all in His hands. What seem to us to be discouragements, become helps toward nobler life. A Christian physician, whose career has been full of faith and noble ministry, gives this experience: He was a poor boy and a cripple. One day he was watching some other boys on the ball-field. They were active, strong, and wealthy. As he looked on his heart grew bitter with envy. A young man who stood beside him noted the discontent on his face and said to him: "You wish you were in those boys' place, don't you?" "Yes, I do," was the answer. "I reckon God gave them money, education and health," continued the young man, "to help them to be of some account in the world. Did it ever strike you that he gave your lame leg for the same reason—to make a man of you?"

The boy gave no answer, and turned away; but he did not forget the words. They stayed in his heart until they kindled hope and courage there, helping him to arise above his deformity. He soon learned that what was true of his lame leg was true also of all the difficulties, hindrances, and hard conditions of his life—they were all God's gifts to him to help him to be of some account to the world—to make a man of him.

The lesson is for all of us. The deformity, the burden, the weight, of some other one's weakness or need, the inheritance of difficulty, which seems to be a hindrance to a worthy life, is but another chance to grow, to become stronger, richer-hearted, more a man, or a woman, to win a higher place in life, and a brighter crown in glory.

In any case, we should never give place to discouragement for a moment. If we are God's children, we have to keep ourselves in God's hands and keep our own hands off; then, out of the sorest difficulties and the hardest conditions, blessing will come. God lives, and is caring for us, and we can say:

God's in His Heaven—
All's right with the world.
—S. S. Times.

SONG OF PRAISE IN THE NIGHT.

Story of a Saintly Old Carpenter and His Funeral Text.

Once I sat at the deathbed of a man eighty years old. He was poor, aye, very poor. When well, he had earned his bread as a carpenter; now he was old and sick. As long as he could see, he had diligently searched the Scriptures, but now he was blind and could not read. As long as he could walk, despite his blindness, he would come to church, led by his grandson. Once, when climbing a mountain on his way to church, he fell, broke his leg, and could no longer leave his bed. I often sat at his bedside, but never heard one word of complaint pass his lips. Peace, deep peace, shone forth from the countenance of this venerable gentleman. His highest joy was to speak of the mysteries of God's love. Once he said to me: "In autumn, when wheat ripens and harvest time is near, the blades begin to die from below; they bleach, and finally the grains ripen. Thus it is with me. I am gradually dying from below; by-and-by my heart, too, when ripe, will die, and I shall be translated into the garden of God." When death really was approaching, I asked him what text I should choose for his funeral sermon. He sat up in bed, turned his eyes toward me, and said with a loud voice: "My funeral text you will find recorded in the prophet Micah, where it reads thus: 'When I sit in darkness, the Lord shall be a light unto me.'" This was a song praise in the night I have never forgotten.—E. Frommel.

"He Went About Doing Good."

People used to think that the holiest saints were those who secluded themselves for contemplation in the desert, or spent their days in fasting and prayer within monastic walls. But, in the better light of these modern days, we have learned that souls get close to God by doing His will, as well as by praying for His help. "There may be saints who have no higher mission than to sit still and wrap themselves in ecstatic dreams; but those who are closest to their Lord's heart know that His life, when it beats through theirs, moves their hands irresistibly toward acts of tender human sympathy like His 'who went about doing good.'"—Cumberland Presbyterian.

Life Work Made Up of Little Things.

Accurate and careful detail, the minding of the common occasions and small things, combined with general scope and vigor, is the secret of all the efficiency and success in the world. It is only thus that any disciple will become efficient in the service of his Master. He can not do up his works of usefulness by the prodigious stir and commotion of a few extraordinary occasions. Laying down great plans, he must accomplish them by great industry, by minute attention, by working out his way as God shall assist him.—Horace Bushnell.

Two Inspiring Thoughts.

There are two things which fill me with wonder—the starry heavens above me and the moral law within me. And as the starry heavens above me teach that my body is related to vast spheres of matter which roll beyond my ken, so the moral law within me teaches that my soul is related to a universe of goodness and beauty and truth, which needs another Heaven than the one above me and a higher world than our sun warms.—Kant.

Seeing God in Others.

Any man can see faults and flaws in another, but it takes ability and worth to recognize worth or ability in others. A man gives the measure of himself when he has only harsh or contemptuous words in comment on his fellowman. If he can not see anything worth commending, the trouble is with his mental eyesight.—S. S. Times.

Opposite Effects of God's Love.

"As the same sun which softens the wax hardens the clay, so the same benign influence of Divine love, which are so irresistible in their power for good over men of good-will, are productive of the opposite effect in men of bad-will.—United Presbyterian.

Power of Love of Goodness.

Let the soul be turned as strenuously toward good as it usually is toward evil, and you will find that simple love of goodness will give incredible resources to the spirit in the search after truth. Love with little intellect will perform miracles.—Fenelon.

What Christianity Is.

There are many, in the church as well as out of it, who need to learn that Christianity is neither a creed nor a ceremonial, but a life vitally connected with a living Christ.—Josiah Strong.

SHORT ERA-GRAPHS.

Truths in a New Dress for the Entertainment and Improvement of the Reader.

Fervent desires are forerunners of great blessings.

The fuller your purse the easier it will be to put your heart in it.

Our present duty is to attend to the duty we are most anxious to put off.

Love may be blind, but we have noticed that it is always the first to discover where help is needed.

A good mind may understand most books, but it takes a good heart to understand the Book of Books.

When Christ saw Zaccheus in the tree He did not stop to ask whether the little man had been entrenched.

As well try to satisfy your hunger by reading a bill of fare as to try to get good out of the Bible by reading about it.

No method of Bible study is worth anything that fails to inspire the student with the desire to make use of all he learns.

There is a religion that helps a man to say grace like an angel, and fails him the moment he is tempted to find fault with the fare.

Some people seem to think that religion is a spiritual vaccine lymph, a microscopic amount of which is sufficient to make the soul sin-proof for life.

There is something wrong about the young man whose code of honor lays more stress upon the cowardice of running from a temptation than the disgrace of yielding to it.—Young Men's Era.

—About the most picturesque building in New York is an ivy-covered church in Madison avenue now used as the office and depot of an express company. The secular occupants have had the wisdom to let the ivy grow and hide what was commonplace enough architecture for a church. The scenery, however, has softened the carpenter's gothic into churchly effects, and the building looked worthier of its original.

TEMPERANCE NOTES.

FRANCE AND RUM.

Terrible Results Arising From the Almost Universal Use of Crude Alcohol and Absinthe.

A bill has been submitted to the French chamber of deputies to curb the rapid transit of the liquor traffic in that country, by M. Jules Roche. This measure is the twenty-third one of similar tenor and purpose introduced in that body since 1880, and will probably meet the same fate as its twenty-two predecessors—be thrown aside without action. Yet the condition which it is intended to remedy is one which no patriotic Frenchman can investigate without alarm. The statistics of the enormous increase of drinking in France since the Franco-Prussian war, in 1870, are simply appalling.

There are to-day in France 55,000 more liquor shops than at that date—only twenty-five years ago. With the 32,000 open in Paris and the 425,000 in the departments, there is one place for selling alcohol to every thirty-five inhabitants. The actual consumption of alcohol in France, per capita, has more than tripled in the last forty years. In the workingmen's suburb of Rouen the average consumption, not of beer or wine, but of raw spirits of alcohol, is a half-liter, or eighty-eight one-hundredths of a pint, daily. Worst of all, the stuff is made of crude alcohol of the cheapest sort, served in highly-colored concoctions of various dyes, and filled out with water at the nearest hydrant. This is served at two cents a glass in the lower resorts, and the higher prices paid at the more respectable places do not insure anything better.

The darkest fact in connection with the increase in the use of liquors there is the fact that it curses both sexes, and not one alone. The habit of drinking, which has grown upon France so that now enormous quantities of absinthe are consumed before the noon lunch, as well as before the evening dinner, is almost as prevalent among the women as among the men. Dr. Lancereaux says that intoxication by the use of absinthe and bitters has been, "for some years back, as common among women as among men."

Dr. Rey, the chief physician of the Marseilles asylum for the insane, gives the story drawn from the past twenty years. Before that time the asylum was large enough for the insane of four detachments, including Corsica. It is now insufficient for the bare city of Marseilles. Moreover, in the city schools there are three hundred half-witted and epileptic children whose condition, like that of the inmates of the asylum, is due to alcoholism of their parents. Outside the schools are at least three hundred more whom it is useless even to try to teach.

And bad as the drink evil is, all its effects are aggravated by the drugs used in connection with the liquors consumed. Absinthe is, as mentioned above, enormously used. It contains the poisonous essence of wormwood, hyssop and fennel, which produce epilepsy and sterility. There is growing up in France a race of alcoholics which, as Dr. Lancereaux says, "is luckily wanting in the strength to perpetuate itself." Eminent physicians attribute the depopulation of France to the one chief cause of absinthe drinking. Certainly the question of the abuse of alcohol is one of the gravest now confronting French legislators. But with them the problem is even more difficult than with ourselves. The French people, from the highest to the lowest—the learned, the great, the statesmen and scientists, the priests, on down to the lowest workman, all indulge in some form of drink. Wine is universally seen upon the tables at dinner. In such a state of public feeling, it is impossible to array the better and more intelligent classes solidly in favor of an effort to pulverize the rum power.—Toledo Blade.

A YEAR OF SUCCESS.

Record of the London Temperance Hospital Proves It Beyond the Experimental Stage.

The London Temperance hospital held its twenty-first annual meeting recently, and by the reports we learn that in 1894 it treated 1,041 in-patients, 6,151 out-patients, and 5,985 casualty cases. The total expenses were $45,600. Hon. Lord Battersea, in taking the chair, among other things said:

If some people were to visit, as I had the honor of visiting this evening, and see ward after ward, and patient after patient, they would agree with me that among the many hospitals in London, there is not one which is better conducted, nor more economically conducted, nor is there one which has a larger number of patients recovering than the London Temperance hospital, for which I have the honor to-night to take the chair.

Canon Wilberforce made a most eloquent address, in which he said, that "the total abstinence movement has altered the whole opinion of the country." He referred to the great, good work of the Temperance hospital and to the fight against alcohol, and said: "The result has been that up and down this country, people are beginning to see that they can get better from their illnesses without having recourse to this dangerous drug." Sir Benjamin Ward Richardson, F.R.S., the senior of the hospital, among other things said:

They had treated all their cases in the institution without once having recourse to alcohol. In this respect the year had been memorable, and he would say that the results achieved had been as good as could have been expected from any institution of the kind in the world. He would not go so far as to say that they were better, but they were equal in all particulars. That in such an institution they should have treated over one thousand cases with various diseases, and in various stages of disease, without having administered a single drop of stimulant, was a fact of great importance, not only to this particular institution, but to the world at large. [Hear, hear.] Medical men who had stood aside for a long time, had now been brought to look at the matter without prejudice. They had seen how diseases were treated here, and they wished to treat their own patients in the same manner. [Cheers.] A few years ago those who treated disease in this way were blamed. It was said they were leaving people to die, and of this very hospital it was said that persons might possibly die, and did die, because they excluded a certain means of so-called cure. Now that they had proved the other way they pooh-poohed it, and said it was nothing at all—any child could do it. [Laughter.] No less than thirty-six letters had been sent to him (the speaker) from different parts of the world, from the staffs of hospitals and medical people, inquiring how they did it. Did they give alcohol in any other shape? His reply had always been, "Spirituous drinks are as little necessary in illness as in health." [Cheers.] They had, however, not got over all their difficulties. The rumor now about was that they had selected their cases, and that they admitted none but inebriates at this institution. His reply was that they made no distinction whatever. [Hear, hear.] If two cases came to the hospital, and one was more serious than the other, if they had not room for both, they would take the more serious one. He would say that should it so happen that a case of any kind was brought to the hospital and refused admission, and through such refusal the patient died, and a coroner's jury was held, he would be the first to go down to the court and say that they had made a mistake and he would no longer consent to be one of its physicians. [Cheers.] Let it, then, be clearly understood they took in the very worst cases. Out of the 1,041 cases treated during last year, the death-rate had only been between five and six per cent. There could be nothing better than that in the Kingdom, in Europe, or in America.

The superintendent of police of Brooklyn has ordered a strict enforcement of the law against selling cigarettes to any child under sixteen years of age.

A POSITIVE CONDEMNATION.

Work of Alcoholic Beverages Forcibly and Tersely Set Forth.

Rev. Dr. Arthur T. Pierson is a man of positive views and strong convictions, and when he speaks he speaks to the point as a rule. In witness of this we quote a recent utterance of Dr. Pierson on the temperance question. "I believe," he says, "that strong drink is abhorred by God, and the main curse of the earth on which we live; that pauperism and crime, and disease and insanity are its natural offspring; that it is an invention of the devil; that it is fostered by the depravity of man; that it leads to untold suffering, sorrow, want, and woe; that it deposes the reason; that it crushes noble affections; that it sears the conscience and perverts the judgment; that it leads to a quick descent into a drunkard's grave and a drunkard's hell. But when manhood once comes under its power, it seldom has any resurrection, or knows the powers of a better life; and that when Jesus Christ come in glory, He will judge and condemn the drink traffic and the drink habit. I believe that strong drink is the direct foe of the influence of the spirit of God; that it is a fruitful source of contention and strife in society, and even in the Church of God; that it promotes the most grievous sins; and that the drunkard shall never enter the kingdom of Heaven, but will be consigned to everlasting death."

TEACHING TEMPERANCE.

Time to Save People from Drinking Intoxicants Is Before They Begin.

Rev. Dr. Cuyler has a characteristic article in the April number of the National Temperance Advocate calling upon public school teachers to make the most of the law requiring that in the public schools the pupils shall be instructed in regard to the effects of alcoholic stimulants upon the human body. He says "the time to save people from drinking intoxicants is before they begin. The time to teach the simple A B C of abstinence from deadly drinks is in childhood and youth. A whole generation is coming on the stage who must be saved now, if they are ever saved at all. And you are the persons who can do this if you have the heart and the will to undertake the labor of love. Many boys in our public schools learn nothing about the nature or the danger of alcoholic beverages in their own homes." In this connection, it may be stated that a bill has passed the New York state legislature to secure the better and more strict enforcement of the law requiring scientific instruction in temperance in the public schools of this state.

A Judge's Strong Testimony.

Lord Justice Denman, of England, has recently given this evidence against the drink: "Intemperance is the greatest curse and the most potent cause of misery from which this nation suffers. Twenty years of judicial life, and forty-six years of constant attendance in the criminal courts as an advocate or judge, are enough to enable any man to form an opinion as to the extent of the mischief caused by drunkenness. Not a day passes in the criminal courts without some evidence of it. I suppose that between 1872 and 1893 I must have tried many thousands of cases of violence and cruelty—murders, manslaughters, murderous and savage wounding, kickings and assaults. Of these, I am sure, I speak well within the mark when I say that more than one half were directly connected with excessive drinking."

A Sure and Safe Position.

If you never drink the first glass of liquor, you will never become a drunkard. This is a sure and safe position. "Against such there is no law"—total abstinence from all intoxicating drinks the only position that is absolutely safe. The army of drunkards is recruited from the ranks of moderate drinkers, and not from the ranks of total abstainers. Where this principle lives, intoxicants have no power. Total abstinence reclaims the drunkard from his folly and the moderate drinker from his error. It appeals to the reason; convinces the judgment; overcomes prejudices; prompts to action; and sets the spirit free. Practice it, and you will never become a drunkard.—National Temperance Advocate.

Couldn't Live on Alcohol.

Two young physicians practicing in a hospital were much taken with Dr. Anstie's theory of the food value of alcohol. In good faith they set about a personal demonstration, taking the doctor's "safe dose" instead of their usual rations of eatables three times a day. By the end of three days they were hardly able to crawl up and down stairs, they had each lost six pounds of flesh, they were altogether so miserable that they were glad to return to their usual diet and discard alcohol.

Should Be Stamped Out.

Mayor Pothier, of Woonsocket, R. I., said in his last inaugural address: "The sale of liquors to children who are sent to the saloons by heartless or unnatural parents is one of the most crying evils—revolting to the finer sensibilities—and should be stamped out."

Students Must Not Smoke.

President Bashford of the Ohio Wesleyan university announces for the faculty: "We have decided to ask all our students to discontinue the use of tobacco, beginning next fall, and if any tobacco users come we will have to dissolve partnership necessarily."

Liquor vs. Crime.

In answer to letters of inquiry addressed to the wardens of the penitentiaries, these figures were received, showing the proportion of crimes caused by strong drink: Sing Sing, N. Y., 92 per cent.; Boston, Mass., 85 per cent.; Jackson, Mich., 78 per cent.

GENERAL GLEANINGS.

CANADA's annual liquor bill is $134,785,400.

GLASGOW has 160 prison cells for women, and drink most frequently puts occupants in them.

GOV. SHEAKLEY of Alaska refuses to issue the necessary permits for the establishment of breweries in that territory.

THE Belgian senate, convinced that free trade in intoxicants is a failure, has for some time been seeking a way of restricting the trade in alcohol.

SALOON-KEEPING is a leading industry. It leads its victims to the grave and to hell, and their wives and children to disgrace, poverty and misery. —The Midland, Chicago.

THE British Army Temperance association has within the past twelve months extended its operations to troops serving at home, with results as excellent as in the army in India.

A NEW law for the better observance of Sunday in Russia will probably close all the dram shops throughout the empire on that day. An effort is being made to have them kept open one hour of the day.

—"It is not necessary to be happy about everything. It is only necessary to do right, and to know that God is doing everything right with us. He will take care of our happiness."

THE PUZZLER

No. 508.—A Quotation Puzzle.

1.
"Columbia, Columbia, to glory arise,
The queen of the world and child of the skies!"

2.
"Grave men there are by broad Santee,
Grave men with hoary hairs,
Their hearts are all with Marion,
For Marion are their prayers."

3.
"When freedom from her mountain height
Unfurled her standard to the air,
She tore the azure robe of night
And set the stars of glory there!"

4.
"In their ragged regimentals
Stood the old continentals,
Yielding not,
When the grenadiers were lunging,
And like hail fell the plunging
Cannon shot."

5.
"Breathes there a man with soul so dead
Who never to himself hath said,
This is my own, my native land!"

6.
"Where shall that land, that spot of earth be found?
Art thou a man?—a patriot?—look around.
Oh, thou shalt find, howe'er thy footsteps roam,
That land thy country and that spot thy home!"

7.
"What constitutes a state?
Not high raised battlement or labored mound,
Thick wall or moated gate.
* * * * * * *
No; men—high minded men."

The answer is a patriotic poem by William C. Bryant. The first letter may be found in the first line of 1, where it occurs three times; the second in the third line of 2, once; the third in the fourth line of 3, four times; the fourth in the first line of 4, three times; the fifth in the first line of 5, once; the sixth in the fourth line of 6, once; the seventh in the first line of 7, three times.

No. 509.—Transposition.

He has a tent—large, bright and new—
Wherein he owns the ailing,
With nostrums, like the widow's cruse,
Incapable of failing.

His canvas walls are painted round
With folks of many a color;
Browns, chocolate and taupe abound,
With others somewhat duller.

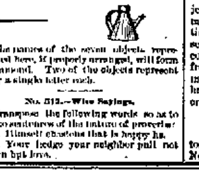
Dolirin is his native place,
And soon his native city.
All ills that ever our hapless race
He treats with skill and pity.

They call him something gruff and grim,
Our awe it well might kindle.
But when I went to school with him
His name was Simon Swindell.

No. 510.—Metagram.

I am an enemy. Change my head, and I am to dig; again, and I am a boy's name; again, and I am part of the foot; again, and I am sorrow; again, and I am a deer.

No. 511.—Illustrated Diamond.



The names of the seven objects represented here, if properly arranged, will form a diamond. Two of the objects represent only a single letter each.

No. 512.—Wise Sayings.

Transpose the following words so as to make sentences of the nature of proverbs:
1. Himself chastens that is happy he.
2. Your hedge your neighbor pull not down but love.

3. Much worth little cost but are words good.
4. Gift a wicked man's of his master a touch bath.
5. Always a fool sometimes one every none is.
6. Are found fish great great rivers in lest drowned you but heed take.
7. On work but even of think.
8. An oak fells not stroke one.
9. A fool that a service child's despatch is he.
10. Sweet the boastings the honey but is.
11. An ass you that throws a horse that carries than you better is.

In Reversal.

He—If you knew me better, you would like me more.
She—And if I liked you more I would know you better.—Detroit Free Press.

Key to the Puzzler.

No. 500.—Charade: Marina.
No. 501.—Triple Acrostic:

B	L	A	N	K	T
E	N	H	A	N	CE
S	I	X	T	E	EN
I	N	S	U	R	ED
D	E	P	R	I	VE
E	M	P	E	R	OR

No. 502.—Illustrated Numerical: Napoleon.
No. 503.—A Nursery Rhyme:

The queen of Hearts,
She made some tarts
All on a summer's day,
The knave of Hearts,
He stole those tarts
And carried them away.
The king of Hearts
Called for those tarts
And beat the knave full sore.
The knave of Hearts
Brought back those tarts
And swore he'd steal no more.

No. 504.—Arithmetical: 1. Sixty marbles. 2. One hundred and twenty nuts.
No. 505.—Geographical Acrostic: Boston. Raspberry. Irwell. Sydney. Bombay. Amazon. Nasturtium. Elephant. Infinite. Brisbane.
No. 506.—Rhymed Transpositions: Rested, tapers, paters, parest, prates, pratis, paster.
No. 507.—Anagrams: Popular Books: 1. "The Man Who Laughs." 2. "Their Wedding Journey." 3. "The Heart of Midlothian." 4. "The Scarlet Letter." 5. "Ten Times One Is Ten." 6. "The Quick or the Dead." 7. "Helen's Babies." 8. "The Leavenworth Case." 9. "The Count of Monte Christo." 10. "Nicholas Nickleby." 11. "Daniel Deronda." 12. "The Last of the Mohicans." 13. "The Marble Faun." 14. "Innocents Abroad." 15. "The Pilgrim's Progress." 16. "Little Lord Fauntleroy."

A GIANT COMBINE.

First Step to Centralize the Labor Unions of the Country.

The organization of the United Labor League of Western Pennsylvania is a move in the direction of the English labor organization which led to the formation of London county council and other political changes. It is proposed to make Pittsburg headquarters for the central organization of all trades unions of the county.

The purpose of such a league is to influence legislation and to control politics. Such an organization if perfected will be powerful for good or evil, according to the wisdom of its councils and leaders.

The power is a dangerous one, to be jealously guarded. Radical control might produce untold ill in a very short time, as conservative leadership might secure many reforms. The Dispatch has confidence in the workingmen of this free country that they will not be led into extreme measures. If they cannot have wise leaders, they can disband the organization.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Still at It.

Japan has begun a new series of victories over the Chinese in Formosa.—New York Telegram.

Fruit House Prices for 1895.

The unsettled condition of the financial question continues to disturb the trade of the country. Nothing is prospering but the Gold Bug and the bond holder. All other interests are languishing. Some ask how long will it last? Let them look back to twenty years ago and they will find it lasted then four long years. The same cause for the trouble then was as now—tinkering with the money question. Then they knocked out the Greenback. Now they have knocked out Silver. Let them restore silver to be as free as gold, then prosperity will return. These depressions have produced many changes in values, none more so than in the Sugar interests. The Louisiana planters are not getting enough for their sugar to pay for the labor in producing it. We now sell a most excellent New Orleans Sugar at 3c per lb. A few years ago, 5c was considered cheap for Sugar not nearly as good.

SUGAR QUOTATIONS:

Nice Yellow N. O., 3½c lb.	Standard Granulated, 4½c lb.
Choice Coffee C, 4 lb.	Standard A, 4¼c lb.

All hard Sugars Cut Loaf and Crushed, 5½c per lb. No one will miss it now laying in an extra 100 pounds of Sugar, or even a barrel at these prices will prove a good investment.

COFFEE IS ALSO ON THE DOWN GRADE.

We have just made a reduction of 2c per lb. The best No. 1 Rio we now sell at 18c. The best Roasted Rio at 22c. All packages in 1 lb papers at 22c. This includes Jersey, King Bee, Arm and Hammer, Leverings, Silver Spoon and our own Bulk Roasted. The Java and Mocha are unchanged. This makes little difference, as not much of them is used. Java, Green, 27c; Roasted, 32c. Mocha, Green, 30c; Roasted, 35c per lb. The Green Coffee at 18c is much the best. People in this case see what they are buying. Not so in the Package Goods, which is very often of an inferior grade and often poorly roasted.

TEAS.

Little change since last report. The Chinese and Japanese war has kept the market stiff, however, no advance in price. As the market is an extensive one that, notwithstanding the war, free shipments are arriving from both China and Japan. Teas at these prices are much more economical than Coffee. A 20c Tea will go twice as far as a 20c pound of Coffee. Our Tea trade has grown to large proportions. We continue to sell at low prices. We purchased direct of the importer and sell direct to our customers, in this way saving to our customers the profits of the jobber and wholesale merchants, which are at least 10 to 15c per pound each. This our customers receive the benefit of, hence the explanation of our ability to sell so cheap:

Young Hyson, extra good, 20c.	Uncolored Japan, 20c, 30; best, 50c.
Young Hyson, choice, 30c; best 50c.	English Breakfast, 30c; best, 50c.
Imperial, extra choice, 30c; best, 50c.	Oolong, extra Black Tea, 30c; best, 50c.
Gunpowder, extra, 30c; best, 50c.	Tea Dust, 15c lb.

SYRUPS ARE 10c A GALLON LOWER.

The Golden Drip, we formerly sold at 40c, is now 30c gallon; New Orleans Molasses, we sell the dark at 15c gallon; the light at 35c gallon. This is 5c gallon lower than we ever sold at. Sorghum 35c gallon.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

So in Wines for medical use we have reduced them 25c per gallon. California Wines, the best Angelica, Muscatel, Blackberry and Sherry down to $1.00 per gallon, our former price was $1.25 gallon; Port wine and Kelly Island Catawba, best quality, down to 80c per gallon; this is 20c lower: Alcohol, double strength and pure $3.00 gallon. Scotch Ale, Dublin and London Porter, 20c bottle. Whisky per gallon, $1.00, $1.25, $1.40, $1.75, the Old 76, $2.50 per gallon. Brandy, Gin and Kuemmel, $1.00, $1.50 and $1.75 gallon.

Castor Oil, Neatsfoot Oil, Linseed Oil.

Castor Oil put down to 80c gallon. This is a reduction of 20c; Fish Oil, 60c gallon; Neatsfoot Oil, 70c gallon; Machine Oil, dark, 20c gallon; yellow, 30c gallon; Linseed Oil, Raw, 70c gallon; Boiled, 70c gallon; No. 1 Lard Oil, 70c gallon.

Tobacco, Smoking and Chewing—Cigars, Etc.

Horse Shoe, per lb, 43c; A. B. C. Plug, 25c; J. T. Plug, 35 lb; Tinn Plug, 23c Plug. Smoking, Sweet Briar, 35c lb; Sweet Conqueror, 18c lb; Mail Pouch, 35c lb; Cigars, Royal Seal, 65c box; Artistics 65c box; C. C. $1.15 box; New Idea 50c box; Good Cigars 50c box.

Canned Goods—Domestic and California.

Home-Packed Tomatoes, the very best, 3-pound Cans, only 7c Can; Corn, Home-Packed in 2-pound Cans, 7c Can; Mistletoe Corn, New York packing, extra Selected Sweet Corn, 12c can; String Beans, 7c can; Boston Baked Beans in 3-pound cans, 10c; Pumpkins, Home-Pack, nice 3-pound, Yellow Goods, 8c can; Pie-Peaches, 8c can.

CALIFORNIA CANNED GOODS.

California 3-pound Peaches, the nicest we ever had, most excellent goods, only 15c can; four years ago 25c was considered cheap. Also California Apricots, can 14c; Green Gages, can 12c; Egg-Plums, can 12c; Cherries, can 16c.

CALIFORNIA DRIED FRUITS.

The trade in them of late years have driven out all other goods. They are so much richer than all other Dried Fruits. Best California Dried Peaches, 10c lb; California Apricots, 10c per lb; California Pears, 10c lb; California Prunes, 12c lb; California Plums, 7c lb; California Raisins, 5c lb; extra large, 7c lb; Layers, 8c lb.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.

We have devoted the corner room especially to Oil Cloths and Carpets. We carry an immense stock and can suit all classes of wants from a 12c carpet to $1. Our All Wool at 48c is well worth 65c. Floor Oil Cloth from 20c yard up to the linoleum at $1 yard. Rugs and Mats. Also Chinese Matting from 9c yard to 30c yard. On all these goods, just like the groceries, we guarantee to save our customers at least 20c on the dollar. Please call and see for yourself.

FORT WAYNE FRUIT HOUSE.

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1895.

ALPACA AND MOHAIR.

GOODS THAT ARE HANDSOME, SERVICEABLE AND ECONOMICAL.

Some New Patterns—One Will Be Worn by a Saratoga Belle—Other Handsome Dress Goods For Autumn Wear—An Attractive Dress at a Low Price.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, June 10.—Among the very prettiest materials produced during the last few years are the alpacas and mohairs, with their variations. They do not crinkle, crease nor lose their rich luster or their firm solidity. In black there is nothing that can approach them for usefulness when of good quality. They make serviceable house dresses, to which nothing will stick, and they are almost as dressy as silk. The alpaca is silk warp and mohair filling. This quality is 40 to 44 inches wide, and no matter how old it always looks like new. That with cotton warp grows rusty after a year or so. The new varieties, chief among which is the sicili-

FOR THE RACES.

CHALLIS GOWN AND ALPACA CLOAK.

OLIVE HARPER.

QUANTRELL RECALLED.

THE QUANTRELL MASSACRE SARCOPHAGUS.

F. R. COCHRAN.

OUR OWN LITTLE JOKERS.

No Use.

The elements mingled with the perfume of flowers. Gay colors everywhere greeted the eye. Music swelled grandly upon the ear.

It was an occasion of sensuous enjoyment.

"Madam, your hat is illegal."

The pale girl who sat near the orchestra shivered, but spoke not.

"Your hat is illegal. Come."

The clanging of the patrol wagon gong seemed to awaken her to a sense of her peril.

"No," she answered, "not on your life, Gonzy. I'm hypnotized by a man in Paris. Arrest him."

Under recent decisions of the court the minion of the law had no alternative. With a cold, distant bow and a snort of baffled rage he departed.

Averted.

It was not one of those communities wherein the curfew regulations prevail, and accordingly the bells merely struck 8 o'clock and let it go at that.

"Can you," asked the father anxiously, "support her in the style to which she has been accustomed?"

The youth shook his head.

"Oh, no!" he faltered.

"Neither can I," sighed the old man, "unless the price of beef comes down pretty soon."

Then he related, with pride, how since infancy his daughter had never once been denied her full porterhouse steak every morning.

He Was Paid for It.

At a ford on the Kentucky river, in Lesley county, there is a small boat for foot passengers a few rods up the stream where the water is deep enough for drowning purposes. One day as I came by this point in my jolt-wagon the ferry skiff capsized within 50 feet of me, dumping a man and two women into the river. I hurried to their assistance and reached the men first, struggling in the water, apparently much

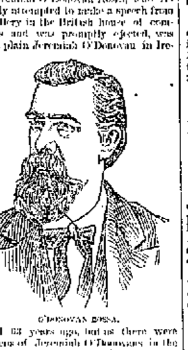
A Resource.

Not to Be Fooled This Time.

Bound to Be Wealthy.

She Could.

JEREMIAH O'DONOVAN ROSSA.



O'DONOVAN ROSSA.

BRIGADIER GENERAL BLISS.

GENERAL BLISS.

The Sitting Hen In the Buggy.

Marvelous Results.

Four Big Successes.

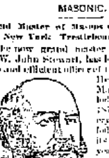
Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

SECRET SOCIETIES

MASONIC.

Grand Master of Masons of the State of New York. Trestleboard Designs.

The new grand master of New York, M. W. John Stewart, has long been an active and efficient officer of the grand lodge. He was made a Mason in Albion lodge, No. 26, in 1851 and filled every office in the lodge, serving as its master six years. In 1881 he was appointed district deputy of the Seventh district. Bro. Stewart was



JOHN STEWART.

The order is to be congratulated on the success and progress made by the Rebekah branch, due to the enthusiasm which the women have shown in their devotion to its interests.

Our order proclaims to its members in trumpet tones, "We command you to visit the sick, relieve the distressed, bury the dead and educate the orphan."

A New York lecturer designates the brother who bristles with points of order as a "perilous stray porcupine."

The dedication of the Odd Fellows' home at Liberty was one of the biggest events in the history of the order in Missouri. Thousands of Missouri Odd Fellows were present, and also a large attendance of members of the order in Kansas.

There are 1,086 lodges in Pennsylvania, with a membership of 107,708.

The grand encampment only represents about 15 per cent of the entire order.

There are 30,086 Odd Fellows in California; average membership of lodges, 86.

RED MEN.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

ROYAL ARCANUM.

UNITED WORKMEN.

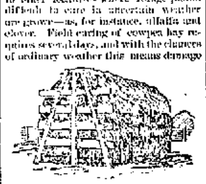
ODD FELLOWS.

FARM AND GARDEN

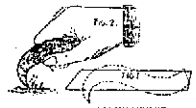
CURING HAY.

A Device For Stacking Hay That Is Difficult to Cure.

The Arkansas station, among other bulletins of value sent out, has issued one on the curing and storing of cowpea hay, which offers valuable suggestions to other localities where forage plants difficult to cure in uncertain weather are grown—as, for instance, alfalfa and clover. Field curing of cowpea hay requires several days, and with the chances of ordinary weather this means damage



STACK FRAME FOR CURING AND STORING HAY.



A HAND WEEDING IMPLEMENT.

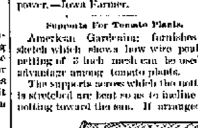
A Good Weeder.

Improved Corn Culture.

Crop Rotations.

Improvements In Haymaking.

Supports For Tomato Plants.



WIRE NETTING SUPPORTS.

ENSILAGE CROPS.

Why Lawyers Get Rich.

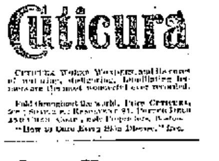
THE BUSINESS MAN'S LUNCH.

Hard Work and Indigestion go Hand in Hand.

Have YOU Tried Cuticura the great SKIN CURE? there is INSTANT RELIEF for all afflicted with TORTURING SKIN DISEASES in a single application of Cuticura

Sold throughout the world. "How to Cure Every Skin Disease," free.

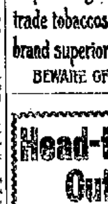
PIPER HEIDSIECK PLUG TOBACCO CHAMPAGNE FLAVOR



Consumers of chewing tobacco who are willing to pay a little more than the price charged for the ordinary trade tobaccos, will find this brand superior to all others

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Head-to-Foot Outfits



For Boys From 5 to 15 Years Old.

THE HUB,

A SPECIAL BARGAIN IN MEN'S CLOTHING

Men's single breasted sack and cutaway frock suits made of strictly all wool black, blue and brown serges, black clay worsteds, brown and gray mixed cheviots and finest indigo dye blue flannel suitings, regular price $15.00.

Special Mail Order Price for 30 Days.

$9.75

Samples sent free of charge. Money refunded whenever you think you can do better elsewhere.

THE HUB,
N. W. Corner State and Jackson St., CHICAGO.

YOU HAVE SEEN POZZONI'S POWDER

advertised for many years, but have you ever tried it?—If not,—you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER IS.

POZZONI'S

It is sold everywhere.

NEW LIFE

Fort Wayne, Ind.

SCROFULA

Miss Della Stevens, of Boston, Mass., writes: I have always suffered from hereditary Scrofula, for which I tried various remedies, and many reliable physicians, but none relieved me. After taking 6 bottles of SSS I am now well. I am very grateful to you, as I feel that it saved me from a life of untold agony, and shall take pleasure in speaking only words of praise for the wonderful medicine, and in recommending it to all. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address.

SSS CURED

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED.

WANTED—Boarders by the day or week, or with room, at 21 W. Wayne St. 9-tf

WANTED—A home for a girl seven years old. Corner Rockhill and Prichard streets. tf

WANTED—A position by a very competent young lady as stenographer. Apply at Sentinel office. 10-10t

WANTED—A girl for second work. References required. Apply Mrs. A. D. Cressler, 141 West Berry. tf

WANTED—Permanent room or rooms and board, by single lady. West of Calhoun. Address room, care Sentinel.

WANTED—Position as salesman in the city or on the road. Ten years experience. First-class references. Address E. D., this office. 7-tf

WANTED—A Kitchen and dining room girl at the Franklin Hotel. Good wages paid. Call at once, Franklin Hotel, 30 Harrison street.

WANTED—Reliable man to open a small office and handle my goods. Position permanent. Stamp and reference. A. T. Morris, care this paper.

WANTED—Hustling agents in Fort Wayne. Easiest selling article on earth. Everybody wants it. Big money. Call at once, room 15 Schmitz block, Ft. Wayne. 11-6t

WANTED—Position as stenographer and typewriter; have had practical experience and can furnish best of references. Speak German and English. Address H. L., this office. 11-6t

WANTED—A man or lady to manage distributing samples, soaps, specialties, books; do corresponding. Send Fylian Co., 737 Woodward, Detroit, Mich., 10c for set of samples, receive offer to rest. 12-2w

WANTED—All to know that everybody troubled with a cough or cold on the lungs, or throat trouble, or night sweats, call and try our Lung Syrup. It never fails to cure. No. 14 Murray street. 28tf

WANTED—Agents to sell or use our practical Gold, Silver, Nickle and Copper electro platers, plates all metal goods. Price from $5 upwards. Salary and expenses paid, outfit free. Address with 2 cent stamp. Michigan Mfg. Co., Chicago. 16-13w

WANTED—10 MEN

To solicit orders for hardy nursery stock, ornamental trees and shrubs, both city and country work. The pay steady work; good territory near home. L. L. May & Co., St. Paul, Minn. 16-1m

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Cheapest rents in the city in the Arcade, central, only 80 feet from Calhoun St. on W. Berry. 5-tf

FOR RENT—One of the most convenient office rooms in the city. Good steel and well arranged. Call at Sentinel office. 25-tf

FOR RENT—With board; one large well furnished front room, two closets, suitable for two gentlemen. 23 W. Lewis St. 15-7

FOR RENT—One of the most convenient lodge rooms in the city, at 10 and 12 West Wayne street. Good size and well arranged. Call at Sentinel office. tf

FOR RENT—A furnished house for the summer to a family without children, terms moderate. Apply 97 Douglas ave., between 9 and 10 a. m. 13-6tdtu

FOR RENT—Office, ground floor, roll top desk, use of telephone. Splendid place for real estate or insurance. Inquire at the Pantlorium, 16 Arcade. 29-tf

FOR RENT—Two houses, 8 rooms and bath room, electrical fixtures in all rooms and gas, good barn, all in good shape; rent reasonable to desirable parties. Inquire at 276 Calhoun St. 1-tf

FOR RENT—House No. 180 West Main street, six rooms, water, natural gas. Also house No. 31 Garden street, seven rooms, water, natural gas and good barn. Hoffman Bros., 200 West Main street. 14-13

FOR RENT—Nine-room brick house on the corner of Lafayette and Main streets; contains natural and artificial gas, bath room, hot and cold water and fitted with all modern improvements. Call at No. 13 Lafayette street. 24-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A nice five room house, 32x47, with cellar, cistern, gas and water works. 85 Elm street.

FOR SALE—A Crane elevator as good as new. Suitable for a five story building. Inquire this office.

FOR SALE—New No. 79 National Cash register, cost $90, will sell for $20 on time, or $175 cash. Address "M," this office. 14-8

FOR SALE—Shelving, counters, gasoline stoves, cook stoves, screen doors and many other articles at very low price; also a good barber outfit. 246 Calhoun St. tf

FOR SALE—Nearly new No. 3 National Cash register cost $200; will sell for $175 on time or $150 cash. Reason for selling not suited to my business. Address "F," this office. 14-6

FOR SALE—First-class millinery store on Calhoun street, doing a good business. Stock and fixtures will be sold cheap. Reason for selling, ill health. Address, E. A. H., this office. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Birds, good singers, Hartz mountain Canaries, Blue Mexican Canaries, Southern Red Birds, Grossbeaks, Bobolinks, and birds of all kinds. Call or address, 97 LaSelle street. 12-1m

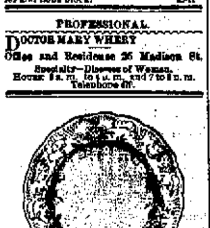
FOR SALE OR TRADE—Desirable farms, city lots and improved property at bargains; a desirable lot on Indiana avenue, South Wayne, on which I will build a house and sell on monthly payments, $100 cash down; also a nine-room house near Williams street, at a bargain; also, money to loan at a low rate of interest. Agent for Fire Insurance. Louis Durlea, rooms 4 and 4 Pixley and Long block. a5-tf

PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR MARY WHERY

Office and Residence 26 Madison St.

Specialty—Diseases of Women.
Hours: 8 a. m. to 9 a. m., and 7 to 8 p. m.
Telephone 417.



The Cheapest Place in the City

--TO BUY--

China and Glass.
Chamber Sets.
1847 Roger Bro. Plated Knives and Spoons.
Lamps, Silk Shades and all kinds of cheap Crockery.

Ward's China Store,

No. 8 W. Columbia St.
Sign Big Iron Dog.

IT MADE A DIFFERENCE.

The Butler—Mr. Boredom presents his compliments and asks if the Misses Smythe are engaged.
The Girls—The stupid creature!
Must we go down?
Why does he come here anyway?
He will talk us to death, the bore!
The Butler—He has come to take you to ride in the park.
The Girls—Oh! The sweet thing! Tell him we will be down in a second!

RAILWAYS AND SHOPS.

S. F. Bowser Will Enlarge His Factory.

The Bass Works Receive Two Orders for Machinery—Local and Personal Gossip.

S. F. Bowser & Co. will put an addition to their works, the new building to be 150x50 feet. The company's business was never as heavy as at present and indications point to a still greater business in the near future, hence the necessity for greater shop facilities.

PAYMASTER PLACE WILL RETIRE.

After an active service covering a period of about thirty years, Clark A. Place, the veteran paymaster of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway company, will retire July 1 next. He will be succeeded by G. G. Scott, for several years past assistant paymaster and who has been in the office for the past ten or twelve years. W. H. Hayden, who has for some time past been a traveling auditor for the St. Paul company, will be assistant to Paymaster Scott, with the title of cashier.

VETERAN IRON MASTER DROPS DEAD.

John Pattison, a veteran iron master, who was foreman of what is now the Illinois Steel company's works at Chicago twenty years ago and took charge of their puddle in the mill at Milwaukee in 1879, dropped dead at his home in Bay View last evening from apoplexy. Deceased was seventy-two years of age.

WIRE NAIL PLANT CHANGES HANDS.

The Baackes Wire Nail company of Cleveland, has transferred its plant to the Consolidated Steel and Wire company, an Illinois corporation. The Baackes Wire Nail company is the largest concern of its kind in this country. The price was $800,000. The plant has been in the hands of a receiver for the past year or more.

MR. DAVIS RE-ELECTED.

W. E. Davis, general yard master of the Pennsylvania railroad at this point, has been re-elected a member of the advisory board of the Pennsylvania Voluntary Relief association. Other members of the board are: Joseph Ashworth, Toledo and Eastern division; Patrick Duffy, Erie and Ashtabula and Cleveland and Pittsburg divisions; Horace Whitcomb, Pittsburg division; B. C. Logan, Indianapolis, Richmond and Cincinnati divisions, and Robert Green, Chicago, Louisville and Indianapolis and Vincennes divisions, all to serve one year from July 1, or until their successors are duly chosen.

BRIEF MENTION.

Engineer Cooper and Fireman Van Tilburg, of the Nickel Plate, are taking a few days' rest.

One hundred people composed the Alabama club's excursion party to Rome City today.

Ferdinand Noll went to the Peru hospital this morning. He is an employe of the shops in this city.

Mike Kennelley, of East Creighton avenue, has gone to Leipsic, Ohio, to spend two weeks with friends.

Engineer D. McFee, who was taking a two weeks' vacation, resumed his run on the Nickel Plate this morning.

The Wabash earned in the first week of June $227,667, an increase over the corresponding week of 1894 of $34,420.

George Loney, a carpenter, employed at the Bass works, has gone to Canada to spend a few weeks visiting friends.

Machinist James Olive, jr., who has been sick some days, will resume his duties in the Wabash shops next Monday.

Theodore M. Ely, chief of motive power of the Pennsylvania lines, with his family, sailed for Europe Wednesday.

Joseph Deahl, day caller at the Nickel Plate yard offices, was taken sick yesterday and has since been unable to work.

Private car No. 25, with President Calloway in it, passed east on the Nickel Plate last night, attached to No. 6.

Brakemen William Wills and F. G. Reese have resumed work on the Nickel Plate. The latter was injured some time ago.

The electric works shipped a 1,200-light machine to Colinsville, Ill., today. It is an addition to a plant already in operation.

Pittsburg engine 271, class O pattern, is on the drop pit today for an overhauling. Engine 331 is also in for slight repairs.

The Wabash is booking a great many people for the official train to Boston on the occasion of the Christian Endeavor convention.

Blacksmith Charles Rodenbeck, of the Pittsburg shops, and his wife have gone to Indianapolis to be the guests of relatives until next Tuesday.

John A. Aubrey, the Barr street grocer, and T. D. Pattee, brakeman on the Pittsburg, were made members of Fort Wayne lodge No. 19, A. O. U. W., last night.

The new wheat crop of southern Indiana will begin to move in the next ten days, and already arrangements for cars to handle it are being made.

Tomorrow morning the turntable at the Pittsburg roundhouse will be raised and the broken center plate replaced by a new and more substantial one.

S. G. Wormer, who resigned as flagman of Conductor Rogers' crew on the Pittsburg, has taken a position in the works of the Western Gas Construction company.

Brakeman Chrisholm, of the east local freight on the Nickel Plate, was called in off his run yesterday, on account of the sudden and violent illness of his wife.

Frank Cairnes, Ambrose Benedict, Patrick Bresnihan, Thomas O'Connell, William Connors and William Blake, machinists at the Pittsburg shops, are spending the day at Rome City.

The City band had a rehearsal of some new music which it will play at the Centlivre park tomorrow afternoon. Some of the pieces are magnificent productions and those who attend the concert are promised a rare treat.

F. A. Palmer, assistant general passenger agent of the Wabash, stationed at Chicago, and his daughter, were in the city a few hours yesterday. They were en route to Indianapolis, where Miss Palmer will remain some time.

T. J. Rodabaugh, foreman of the paint department of the Pittsburg shops, will leave on No. 8 tomorrow evening for Altoona, Pa., where he expects to remain about a week. His mission is one of business for the company.

G. H. Wilson, painter in the Pittsburg shops, has taken a vacation, which he will spend on his wheel. He expects to make a tour of the surrounding cities, including Kendallville, Warsaw, Huntington, Bluffton, Decatur, Van Wert and Bicknellle.

Brakeman Van Meter, formerly of Conductor Shea's crew, and James Kay, of Conductor Anderson's crew, have exchanged places until Brakeman Kinzie, who was so seriously injured a week ago, is able to resume his train duties. All are working on the Nickel Plate.

Parties in Warsaw have arranged a series of entertainments, including a bicycle race, for next Saturday, in compliment to the Pittsburg shopmen who have their annual excursion on that day. Bills announcing the races were posted in the shops and about the depot this morning.

The Cincinnati, Jackson and Van Wert company will next week let the contracts for new shops at Van Wert, work to begin immediately. The improvement will consist of a six-stall modern roundhouse, a brick machine shop, 140 by 70 feet, and a blacksmith shop, 65 by 85 feet.

The New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio division of the Erie and the Pittsburg and Lake Erie, in connection with the Lake Shore, are so pressed with coal traffic that they have leased one thousand coal cars from the Ohio Southern and five hundred from the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus.

The Bass Foundry and Machine works will build a 175-horse power Bass Improved Corliss engine for the electric light station of the city of Branford, Conn. The contract for the machinery was signed yesterday. The Bass works yesterday also contracted to build two large boilers for the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad company.

Arthur H. Dougall, clerk in the main office at the electric works, reported for duty this morning with his head swathed in arnica-soaked cloths. Art refused to explain how he came to be so badly used up, but it is understood that his head was "cracked" in the effort to imbibe mathematical knowledge in great chunks. Prof. John Dallon was the teacher.

About a week ago John Steagerwalt, an employe of Rhinesmith & Simonson, injured one of his feet painfully, but not sufficient, as he thought, to cause alarm or require the attention of a surgeon and he continued at work. Yesterday, however, the wound became very painful and the foot swelled alarmingly. A physician was called and pronounced the case one of blood poison. Mr. Steagerwalt will not be able to work for some time.

Intelligent housewives will have the best. That's why they all use Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

It was rumored about the city last evening that the new owners of the Hathaway homestead are going to convert the property into a knitting plant and that the machinery for its equipment has already been ordered. The property lies on the hill north of the Nickel Plate round house. The reporter could not find anybody this morning who could talk authoritatively upon the matter, but was informed that the owners of the property are Germans, who recently came to this city.

SHORT SERMONS

Will be the Rule With Our Pastors for Hot Sundays.

An Earnest Welcome Given All to the Services in the Different Churches for Tomorrow.

Welcome to the Tabernacle.—Pastor Northrop.

Services at St. Andrew's Mission, on Shawnee avenue, at 3 p. m.

There will be a meeting at the Y. W. C. A. Sunday at 4 p. m. All are cordially invited.

Railroad department Y. M. C. A.—Bible study at 3:30 p. m.; Men's meeting at 4 p. m. Address by Dr. Caldwell. All men are welcome.

St. Paul M. E. church—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; preaching by the pastor, at 10:30 a. m.; Children's Day services at 7:30 p. m. Welcome.

First Presbyterian church, Rev. D. W. Moffat, pastor.—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

Services at the Grace Reformed church tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Topic for the evening sermon, "Boaz, the Christian Man and Husband."

Third Presbyterian church—Preaching and communion at 10:30 a. m. Short sermon at 7:45 p. m. Sunday school at 12 o'clock. Y. P. S. C. E. at 7 p. m.

The City Department Y. M. C. A. will hold a "pleasant hour" at the building Sunday, at 3:30 p. m., to which all men, especially strangers, are invited.

Services at the A. M. E. church, East Wayne street, 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 2:30 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. All are welcomed. G. W. Brown, pastor.

Rev. G. E. Ireland, former pastor of the Church of Christ, will preach at the church tomorrow evening. A service of special importance to members in the morning. P. J. Rice, pastor.

English Lutheran Church of the Redeemer, West Washington and Fulton streets—Sunday service at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Strangers welcome. Sunday school at 9 a. m. during the summer.

Church of the Evangelical Association, corner Clinton and Holman streets—German preaching, 10:30 a. m.; English preaching, 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. S. H. Baumgartner, pastor.

Christs' Evangelical Lutheran church every Sabbath at the City Y. M. C. A. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; Preaching at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Rev. A. A. Hundley, pastor.

Calvary U. B. church, corner Lewis and Harmer streets, A. W. Ballinger, pastor. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 7 p. m. All are cordially invited.

North Side Mission—Preaching at 2:30 p. m., by Rev. T. E. Covington, of Indian territory. Sunday school at 3 o'clock. Everybody made welcome. St. Mary's avenue, one squre north of Hoffman street.

Welcome to services in Plymouth church at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Morning theme: "An All Around Christian." People's service in the evening. James S. Ainslie, minister.

Trinity Episcopal church, corner of West Berry and Fulton streets, Rev. A. W. Seabrease, rector.—Holy communion, 8 a. m.; morning prayer and sermon, 10:45 a. m.; evening prayer, 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

The Friends (Quakers) will hold meeting at the Y. M. C. A. building, corner Calhoun and Holman streets, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. tomorow. Preaching by Ira C. Johnson, of Lynn, Ind. Everybody cordially invited.

At Westminster—Preaching at 10:30 a. m., "Hard Questions and Divine Answers;" at 8 p. m., "Bible Manners and Customs," illustrated by the sterioptican. Sunday school at 12 noon; Jr. Endeavor at 5 p. m., and Sr. Endeavor at 7 p. m.

Trinity M. E. church—Preaching at 10:30 a. m. Subject: "The Perfect Church." Temperance meeting at 7:45 p. m. consisting of papers, recitations and music. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Epworth league, 7 p. m. H. M. Johnson, pastor. Welcome.

Bethany Presbyterian church, Rev. Geo. E. Davis, pastor. Morning service at 10:30 a. m. Subject of discourse: "The Law of Liberation. Sunday school at 3 p. m., and Y. P. S. C. E. immediately following. Evening service at 7:15 p. m. The Clarion quartet will sing. Welcome.

Rev. John Rettig, son of Rev. Rettig, the superintendent of the Reformed Orphan's home, will preach at the morning service of the Third German Reformed church which is held in the hall of J. B. White's building, corner of Calhoun and Wayne streets. Sunday school at 9 a. m.; preaching at 10 a. m.

The Rev. W. H. Blease, of Ashtabula, Ohio, will preach in the South Congregational church tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Mr. Blease is an eloquent and forcible preacher, and as he preaches as a candidate a full attendance of the members is earnestly requested. Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Everybody welcome.

Wayne Street M. E. church, corner of Broadway, John H. Bickford, pastor. Class meeting at 9:30 a. m. Preaching by the pastor at 10:30 a. m. Subject: "The Purpose of Service," and at 8 p. m. Subject: "Talents." Sunday school, 2:15 p. m. Epworth league, 7 p. m. Boy's meeting Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Lesson, 1 Timothy 5th chapter. The public cordially invited to all services.

Berry street M. E. church, general class meeting at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. by the pastor, C. C. Cissell. Subject, "Personal Love for a Personal Christ." Sunday school at 2:15 p. m.; Junior League at 3:45 p. m.; Epworth League devotional service at 7:00 p. m.; preaching at 8 p. m. by the Rev. F. A. Graham, of Greencastle, Ind. A class of probationers will be received into full connection at the morning service and baptism will be administered. The public most cordially invited to attend. Strangers are always welcome.

Cracker and Jam Pudding.

Three eggs, ½ cup cracker crumbs, ½ cup sugar, 1 tablespoonful butter, 1 cup milk, ½ lemon—juice and grated peel, 3 tablespoonfuls of jam. Heat milk and crumbs together until scalding. Turn out to cool, while you rub butter and sugar to a cream, adding the lemon. Stir in beaten yelks, soaked cracker and milk, at last the whites. Butter bake-dish, put jam at the bottom, fill up with the mixture and bake, covered, ½ hour, then brown. Eat cold, with sifted sugar on top, or, if you like, put a meringue over it before taking from oven.

Charlotte Russe.

One pint of cream, kept on ice 5 or 6 hours until perfectly cool, beat until stiff. Then take a large teaspoonful of gelatine, dissolved over the fire in a little milk. When cold mix with cream. Add ½ pound of powdered sugar, 2 teaspoonfuls of Royal Extract Vanilla. Put in moulds lined with sponge cake and set on ice till perfectly cold.

THE latest investigations by the United States and Canadian Governments show the ROYAL BAKING POWDER superior to all others in purity and leavening strength.

Statements by other manufacturers to the contrary have been declared by the official authorities falsifications of the official reports.

Hodcarriers Lose the Battle.

MUNCIE, Ind., June 15.—The places of the striking hodcarriers are being filled with other men, several contractors having resumed work today, after four days' idleness. The contractors say they will not pay the 2½ cents per hour raise and the men will likely return to work at the old wages, as the bricklayers are not with them.

Fatally Crushed.

ANDERSON, Ind., June 15.—W. C. Jones is dying at the hospital. Yesterday he tried to mount a moving Big Four freight train and fell under the wheels. One arm was cut off, and his skull was fractured. He is a stranger here, but he carries a card from a bricklayers' union, showing that his home is Palmyra, N. Y.

Coxey Is a Candidate.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 15.—The populists' state convention has been called to meet here August 1 and 2. There will be about 700 delegates in it. J. S. Coxey, of the commonweal army fame, will probably be the candidate for governor.

Failure.

LANCASTER, Pa., June 15.—H. S. Shirk & Sons, proprietors of the Stevens cotton mill and manufacturers of cigars, against whom executions aggregating nearly $50,000 were issued last week, made an assignment today.

She Knows Her Mother Now.

Wheeling has brought about a glad spirit of unconventionality, not only among the sexes, but between parents and children. A sweet girl of about 13 years said to another a little older than herself: "Do you know, I think bicycle riding is just grand. Why, I feel as if I had never known my mother until we came here together for lessons." Here is not the only case of a parent becoming better acquainted with her children through cycling.—New York Sun.

Timid Women a Terror.

"These timid women bicycle riders are becoming a terror to drivers," said a horseman recently. "Women become nervous when a wagon approaches and generally stop and dismount. Now, horsemen invariably pull up for them and go round, and if women will just understand this and keep on their way there will be fewer accidents and less wear and tear upon their nervous system."—New York Tribune.

Du Maurier and Columbus.

A single purchaser in this country has secured all the original Du Maurier drawings in "Trilby" and "Peter Ibbetson," paying $7,500 for them. This is as much money as it cost Queen Isabella to fit out Columbus on his first voyage, with all his incidentals and et ceteras.

FOUND

FOUND—A strayed bay horse. Owner can have same by calling and paying for this advertisement. No. 30 W. Main St. 10-tf

FOUND—An order book of agent for Carbolineum Avenarius Wood Preserving Paint; black cover, partly torn. Owner can have same by calling at this office and paying charges. 16-tf

P. G. KUTTNER,

Maker of any and all styles of Shirts to order.

MADE TO ORDER

Satisfaction Guaranteed

144 Calhoun St.

ANCHOR LINE MAIL STEAMSHIPS

The Largest, Fastest and Finest in the World. Passenger Accommodation Unexcelled.

SALOON, SECOND CABIN AND STEERAGE passengers booked to and from GLASGOW, LONDONDERRY, BELFAST, LIVERPOOL, LONDON, AND ALL CONTINENTAL AND SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Drafts issued for any amount at lowest rates. Sailings from New York every Saturday as follows: Circassia, June 22. Ethiopia, July 6. City of Rome, " 29. Furnessia, July 13.

For further information apply to local agent or Gen'l Agents HENDERSON BROS., 176 Jackson Street, CHICAGO.

Sexine Pills RESTORE LOST VIGOR

[illegible]

SOLD BY GROSS & PELLENS, 94 CALHOUN STREET.

LISTEN MOTHERS!

Tomorrow we begin a very important sale of Boys' Clothing. Important to you because it gives you the choice of all the Boys' LONG PANTS SUITS, SHORT PANTS UITS in stock, at prices from which every penny of profit has been vanished. Worse than that—every sale will mean a loss to us. We are bound to clear the tables before the end of the season—and we'd rather face the music now and have it over with. So determined are we that we haven't made a single reservation—not even the Blues and Black are exempt—but all the Long Pants Suits and Two and Three Piece Short Pants Suits—Blouse—Junior—Reefer—Combination Suits—and all of 'em—just as they lie on the tables—are included. They are Suits you know all about. Qualities are guaranteed.

LONG PANTS SUITS (Sizes 13 to 19 years.)		SHORT PANTS SUITS (Sizes 4 to 15 years.)	
All the Boy's $5.00 and $6.00 Long Pants Suits—go at	$3.75	All the Boys' $2.50 and $3.00 Short Pants Suits—go at	$1.98
All the Boys' $7.50 and $8 and $9 Long Pants Suits—go at	$5.75	All the Boys' $3.50 and $3.75 Short Pants Suits—go at	$2.25
All the Boys' $10, $12.50 and $13.50 Long Pants Suits—go at	$7.75	All the Boys' $4.00 and $4.50 Short Pants Suits—go at	$3.00
All the Boys' $15.00 and $16.50 Long Pants Suits—go at	$10.00	All the Boys' $5.00 and $6.00 Short Pants Suits—go	$3.75
All the Boys' $18.00 and $20 Long Pants Suits—go at	$12.50	All the Boys' $7.00 and $8.00 Short Pants Suits—go at	$5.00

Tomorrow You'll Have First Pick.

Globe

Clothing, Furnishings, Hats.

Cor. Calhoun and Main St.

JUST LOOK - -

At our display of elegant and seasonable suits going at figures as scrawny as a dried-up centenarian. Now's the time to deal tenderly with your pocket-book. We are furnishing the opportunity because our ready-made suits for dress or business wear are matchless surprises for close buyers. These outfits are

Worth About 50 per ct. more.

Looking at it in the cheerfullest buyers'-side way, the value of these suits to you is all of that. It's a question of so much wool, weaving and cost of manufacture into clothing---where the seller gets less than cost and the buyer more than his dollar's worth. These suits are hard to wear out, made beautifully, perfect fitting, the very stuff a man wants for feeling comfortable and easy every day in body and purse.

PIXLEY & CO.

YOU CAN GET A

Marriage License For One Dollar.

BUT That isn't the question; what we want to talk to you about is your FURNITURE, CARPETS and HOUSE FURNISHINGS. You got to have them—that's as sure as fate. You are the one person in the world that is to decide where they shall be purchased and how. If you prefer to pick from the largest collection of best qualities; if you choose to buy them of the only First Class Furniture House in Fort Wayne; if you want to buy them from the largest and most complete stock in Northern Indiana—then you will come to us.

INDIANA'S LARGEST MOST ACCOMMODATING HOUSE FURNISHERS.

Indiana Furniture Co.

Fort Wayne, Indiana.

166 Calhoun Street. Opp. Cathedral.

New-York Life Insurance Company.

Assets Over 162 Million Dollars. Surplus Over 20 Million Dollars.

GIVES— One month's grace in payment of premiums during grace insurance in force.
ALLOWS— Reinstatement in case of lapse, under easy conditions.
PERMITS— Perfect freedom as to residence and travel.
DOES NOT— Offer any barrier as to occupation.
HAS NO— Restrictions as to methods of life or manner of death.
IS INCONTESTABLE— For any cause after one year.
GRANTS— Extended Insurance, whether applied for or not.
OFFERS LOANS— On the simplest terms at 5 per cent. interest.
GIVES— Seven distinct options for settlement.
CREATES— A trust fund income with interest—which no other policy does.

WM. P. COOPER, - Special Agent.
22 East Berry St. Telephone 106.

ROSE POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, Terre Haute, Ind. A School of Engineering. Mechanical, Electrical, Civil Engineering, Chemical courses. Well endowed. Extensive Shops and Foundry. Modernly equipped Laboratories in all departments. Expenses low. Address C. L. MEES, President. aml-1t

Special Sale of Folding Beds.

$12 Folding Bed $7.
$16 Folding Bed $10.
$25 Folding Bed $15.
$40 Folding Bed $25.
$50 Folding Bed $30.

The Fort Wayne Furniture Co. has given up the manufacture of Folding Beds, to engage in the making of other articles of Furniture, and has closed out its stock of Folding Beds to us at a tremendous sacrifice. At this special sale you can purchase a Fine Folding Bed at the ordinary price of a lounge.

FOSTER'S.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

Cash paid for used Furniture, Carpets and Stoves. Entire Furniture of hotels and private residences a specialty.

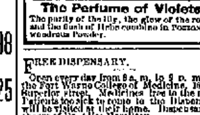
BARGAIN STORE,
23 West Main Street.

F. J. ZIMMERLY & CO.
PRACTICAL PLUMBERS.
Gas and Steam Fitters.
132 CALHOUN STREET.

To the Ladies of Fort Wayne:—
We wish to announce that the large salesrooms of the new Domestic and White Sewings Machines are still at Mohr's building, No. 19 W. Wayne St. in spite of rumors to contrary.
T. H. McQUILLAN, Agent.
Terms to suit customers.

The Perfume of Violets
The purity of the lily, the glow of the rose, and the flush of Hebe combine in Pozzoni's wondrous Powder.

FREE DISPENSARY.
Open every day from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m., at the Fort Wayne College of Medicine, 160 W. Superior street. Medicines free to the poor. Patients too sick to come to the Dispensary will be visited at their home. Dispensary in charge of Dr. Alice Hamilton.



PALACE STEAMERS. LOW RATES.

TO MACKINAC PETOSKEY CHICAGO..

FOUR TRIPS PER WEEK BETWEEN
Toledo, Detroit & Mackinac
PETOSKEY, THE "SOO," MARQUETTE AND DULUTH.

EVERY EVENING BETWEEN
Detroit and Cleveland
Connecting with Earliest Trains at Cleveland for all points East, South and Southwest.
Sunday Trips June, July, August and September Only.

2 New Steel Passenger Steamers
Have just been Built for our Upper Lake Route costing $300,000 each. Send for Illustrated pamphlet. Address
A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., DETROIT, MICH.
The Detroit & Cleveland Steam Nav. Co.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

INSURANCE.

JAMES E. GRAHAM,
Attorney at Law.
Abstractor of Titles,
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans, Collection Rental Agent.
Room 11 Bank Block.--- Fort Wayne, Ind.

S. C. LUMBARD,
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.
Aveline House Block.

D. C. FISHER,
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans
No. 10 East Berry Street. Fort Wayne, Indiana.

D. L. HARDING.
Insurance of all kinds and Loans.
Room 28 BANK BLOCK.
Office Telephone 84. House Telephone 86.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.
[illegible]

White National Bank
Capital & Surplus, $225,000.
Pays 3 per cent interest on amounts on time deposits.
Safe deposit boxes for rent at $5 per annum.

PHYSICIANS.

G. W. BOWEN, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office hours for consultation, from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 10. Office, No. 21 West Main Street, Fort Wayne, Ind. Special attention paid to chronic diseases.

DR. B. G [illegible]

DR. G. W. MILLER, EYE and EAR.
Office Hours: 8-10 a.m., 2-4 and 6-8 p.m. Spectacles fitted. Office 13 E. Washington St.

DRUGGIST.

GROSS & PELLENS,
DRUGGISTS.
Corner Calhoun and Wayne Sts. Phone 115

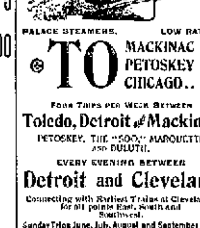
UNDERTAKERS & EMBALMERS.

KEELIN & BLOOM.
Undertakers and Embalmers.
Telephone No. 66. 121 Calhoun Street.

THE YOUNG WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION of Fort Wayne invites the employers and employees of this city to make use of our employment bureau. We endeavor to make this a means whereby women who give good reference can promptly find employment, and whereby employers can be sure of trustworthy helpers. Office hours for applicants, each day from 9 to 11 a. m., at the Y. W. C. A. rooms, 16 West Wayne street.

This Paper is Furnished by
FISHER BROS.,
Manufactures and Dealers in
Print, Wrapping Papers, Stationery, Twines, Etc., Etc.
125 Calhoun St.

ESTABLISHED 1844.



J. C. PELTIER,
17 W. Wayne St.
Office Telephone No. 83. Residence Telephone, No. 8.

Artistic BOOK BINDING,

In Vellum, Levant, Morrocco, Calf and Russia.

BLANK BOOKS

Of all kinds, with Perfect Flat Opener.

The Binding of Rare and Extra Illustrated Books one of our specialties.

+ THE +
FT. WAYNE SENTINEL BINDERY,
107 Calhoun St., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

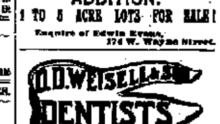
HOTEL EMERY,
Cor. Cass and Wells Sts.,
Is now open to the public. It has been newly painted, papered and furnished throughout. Best equipped dollar-a-day house in the city. Special rates by the week. Patronage solicited.

Stop Paying Rent.

Get a home in beautiful Lakeside. If you have $100 to pay down you can purchase of me lot H. Sgr 105 on Edgewater ave., or lot 226 Rivermet ave.; and I will secure you the money to finish paying for lot and erecting your house, to be paid back, principal and interest, at the rate of $1 per hundred per mo. on the amount you borrow. Apply to D. N. Foster. 6-tm

RIVERSIDE FARM ADDITION.
1 TO 5 ACRE LOTS FOR SALE!
Enquire of Edwin Evans, 174 W. Wayne Street.

D. D. WEISELL & SON DENTISTS
34 & 36 Calhoun St.



SCHUMAN & KLAEHN, Funeral Directors and Embalmers.
No. 82 W. Main St., Fort Wayne, Ind.
TELEPHONE—For night call, Nos. 75 and 188; for office, No. 230

J. M. E. RIEDEL,
ARCHITECT.
SCHMITZ BLOCK, 3d FLOOR.

A. HATTERSLEY & SON
PLUMBERS,
Steam and Gas Fitters.
148 East Main St.,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

SPECIAL SURPLUS SALE!

Surplus merchandise from all parts of the store will be sold at lowest figures. If you have a single purchase to make, come to the store.

SKIRTS.

We are now selling off our surplus stock separate skirts—just the thing to wear with short waists; the style, material and workmanship the very best.

Remnants.

There'll be some great selling on the Wash Dress Goods counters—Dimities, Lawns, Organdies, Batistes, White Goods, Waists and Skirt lengths, or enough for a miss.

CAPES

For summer resorts. This is a splendid opportunity for Ladies to get a Cape—the very latest styles at a very small cost. We sell every Cape

AT HALF PRICE.

MUSLINS.

Another lot of those fine Unbleached Muslins at 4c.
Choice Light Prints 3½c.
Fine Red Prints 3½c.
Good Dark Prints 3½c.

Underwear

For Ladies—Jersey Ribbed Egyptian Cotton, Sleeves and Sleeveless,
5c, 8c, 10c, 15c, 20c and 25c.

Underwear

For Children—Gauze and Ribbed,
5c and up to 25c.

Misses Muslin Drawers.

We have one of the neatest line of Drawers at 25 cents each ever put into the store. Ladies look at these.

CORSETS.

The Corsets fall into line with good values. We are going to give in this sale an extra one

At 50 Cents,

The best Summer Corset at that price produced.
Summer Nursing Corset.
Summer Health Corset.

RIBBONS.

An elegant new job, just from the looms—a 10 cent Plaid Ribbon in lovely design.

At 25 Cents.

NECKWEAR

For Ladies—the choicest bargain of the store. A new line of elegant Lace Collars, Collarettes, Jabots, bought at half-price and sold at half-price. Nothing in the store is going at such a lively manner as these charming Lace Bargains.

Sheets and Pillow Cases

Ready made, well made, full sizes, Plain and Hemstitched. You will find at the Muslin Counter full lines of these goods, all ready for use.

Muslin Undewear.

The greatest things at the prices shown are these three fine gowns—all come in these sizes—56, 58 and 60 inches long, extra full widths, and the prices,

50c, 85c and 98c.

They are made for a good, neat trade, and are ahead of anything in the line.

ROOT & COMPANY.

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1895

Branch offices for the sale of THE SENTINEL and where orders for THE SENTINEL and Wants, For Sale or For Rent ads. will be received, have been established at the following stores:
W. F. Beneke, 443 Broadway.
J. F. Miller, 327 Lafayette.
W. L. Walteman, 232 East Lewis.
J. B. Lewis, 434 Calhoun.
H. H. Wetel, 312 Hanna.
J. J. Brinit, 41 Wells.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office..........No. 173.
Editorial Rooms.........No. 650.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—For Indiana: Fair in northern portion and thunder showers in southern portion tonight; Sunday probably fair and slightly warmer; northeast winds shifting to southeast Sunday.

NEWS NOTES.

H. A. Scott, the Angola banker, was in the city yesterday.

Rev. Leeper will deliver a finely illustrated discourse on "Bible Manners and Customs," Sabbath evening.

Dr. C. E. Ruhl and son, of Findlay, Ohio, will be the guest of Dr. Ruhl, of West DeWald street, over Sunday.

J. A. Houghton, of Grand Rapids, is a guest of the Wayne. His daughter is a pupil at the Westminster seminary.

Mrs. Frances Malloy leaves tomorrow evening over the Nickel Plate for New York and will sail for Europe on Wednesday.

The Broadway Stars defeated the Chestnut Browns by a score of 41 to 17. The batteries were O'Neil and Bitler and Gaffney and Monahan.

The Westminster Presbyterian church will run their annual excursion to Rome City on Monday next. They always have an enjoyable time.

Miss Mary K. M. Roham, of Plymouth, who is a sister of Mrs. George Loesch, of this city, was valedictorian of the graduating class at Plymouth.

The selections from the "King in Zion," announced to be given by the Church of Christ chorus choir tomorrow night, will not be given until next week.

The scarlet fever card has been taken down from the residence at No. 184 Griffith street. The diphtheria card has been taken down from No. 31 Julien street.

The Fort Wayne lodge of Elks will give an excursion to Rome City July 18, and will have a grand reunion of northern Indiana Elks. There will be open air minstrels.

Mumps have almost become epidemic at the school for feeble minded youth. This noon Superintendent Johnson reported twenty cases already, but stated that all the patients were doing well.

Mrs. Anna Orvis will answer questions, give inspirational poems or lecture, and Mrs. Blake will give tests as usual both morning and evening tomorrow, at the hall of the Occult Science society, on Court street.

The following are the scores made yesterday by the regular league base ball teams: Washington 2, Cincinnati 6; Baltimore 11, Pittsburg 0; Brooklyn 12, St. Louis 7; New York 0, Cleveland 1; Boston 4, Chicago 7; Philadelphia 17, Louisville 6; second game, Philadelphia 14, Louisville 6.

The Huntington Herald says: "J. A. Sarpler arrived from Fort Wayne this afternoon and tomorrow will take charge of the Exchange hotel. He has arrangements prefected for an auspicious beginning. The Siegmund family will shortly move to a residence on North Jefferson street."

The National School of Electricity class will meet as usual at their rooms, in the City Y. M. C. A., on Tuesday evening, when every member is earnestly requested to be present to take part in business of unusual importance. Remember that no one will be excused as this is of considerable moment.

The mercy and help department of the Epworth League of Auburn, have instituted a baby nursery and all mothers who have babies from the age of three months to two years, can bring them to the basement of the M. E. church where competent nurses will take care of them while the mother attends the morning services.

Fred Myers, the well known liveryman, will shortly move to more commodious quarters. He has leased the Ryan, late City Trucking company's, barn, on West Washington street, and expects to be ready for business by the first of July. Fred has many friends in this city, who are pleased to see him prosper and hope that increased business will be the result of the change.

The salaries of the Warsaw city officials are as follows: Mayor, $300 per annum; clerk, $300 and fees; treasurer, $150; marshal, $300; street commissioner, $300; councilmen, $100 per annum and no additional pay; city attorney, $50; city engineer, $200; chief of fire department, $50; the members of the board of health each receive $12 50 per annum, and its secretary $10 additional.

Capt. J. F. Hathaway and H. H. Bowers, who left this city Tuesday morning for a trip to Chicago on their bicycles, returned at noon yesterday. They report a very pleasant trip and but one accident, although they found a "few" hills and "some" sand between here and the windy city. While resting in the park at Warsaw, they had the pleasure of catching sixty two fine fish from Eagle lake.

Meats, Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

Best Hams, 11c; Shoulders, 7c.
English Breakfast Bacon, 9c.
Best Country Butter, 14c lb.
Good Tub Butter, 10c lb.
Fresh Country Eggs, 12c dozen.
Best Ohio Cream Cheese, 8c lb.
Wisconsin Limburg Cheese, 9c lb.
Wisconsin Brick Cheese, 10c lb.
Fair House.

Lieut. Henry Lapp is home from his vacation to Logansport.

F. L. Randall and G. B. Dyerman, of Payne, Ohio, were in the city yesterday.

Dr. Murgen will attend the Tri-State Dental association meeting at Detroit next week.

Miss Dunlap, of Columbus, Ohio, and Miss Brumback, of Van Wert, were in the city yesterday.

Thad Monahan will be the valedictorian at the Brothers' school commencement on June 25.

R. B. Wheeler has taken out a permit to erect a two story frame house on lot 37 Old Orchard addition. It will cost $1,000.

A live sea turtle, weighing 450 pounds, is attracting a great deal of attention at the New Daily Fish Market, 17 West Main street.

Mrs. Wm. Wingent, residing nine miles out on the Illinois road, is much better this morning. She has been very sick for some days. Dr. Ruhl attends.

Fort Wayne Hive No. 6, L. O. T. M., will give their entertainment and ice cream social at Odd Fellows hall, corner of Calhoun and Wayne streets, Friday evening, June 21.

Humane Agent Schloudroff complains of young men and boys who shoot robins and other song birds. This is strictly against the law. The only bird which can be lawfully shot is the English sparrow.

Mad Anthony tent, K. O. T. M., met in regular session last night in K. P. hall, on East Berry street. A. J. Stephens, F. I. Stump and H. E. Taylor were initiated into the mysteries of the order and three applications for membership were received.

Messrs. Ernest & Hollowpeter have purchased the stock of groceries of Jos. F. Barry, at Leo, and will carry on the business. The young men are both wide awake and energetic and will succeed in their venture. Mr. Ernest was formerly clerk at the Aldine hotel and later at the Aveline and is well known in Fort Wayne.

The Fort Wayne bicycle riders make a great "kick" against the employes of the Central Union Telephone company who are now at work repairing the lines. Wheelmen accuse the workmen of maliciously throwing pieces of broken glass insulators into the streets. Dozens of tires have been cut to pieces within the past few weeks. Whether the workmen do this intentionally or are merely careless THE SENTINEL does not know, but at any rate the bosses of the repair gangs should caution their men against the practice.

A Logansport man is the inventor of a new fangled bicycle, made more especially for racing. It has both hand and foot power and both can be used at the same time. The hand power is attached to the handles, which are worked straight up and down. The machine is a fine looker, weighs but a trifle more than an ordinary racing wheel, and gets over the ground at a lively gait. The inventor will have the machine in some of the biggest bicycle races of the country this season, and he hopes to break the track record with it.

Every official test proves Dr. Price's the foremost baking powder in all the World.

Mrs. Frances Malloy will leave for New York this evening, from which port she will sail on the steamship, City of Paris, for London and Paris. She wishes to announce to her many friends and patrons that her millinery store will be open and the business continued as usual in charge of her sales ladies. Low prices will be given in order to reduce the stock to make room for the London and Parasian novelties.

Special train on the Lake Shore next Tuesday at 3 o'clock for the convention Angola.

NO. 92

Broadway Is Now Open for Business,

With a Complete Stock of New Goods—Low Prices and Attentive Clerks.

The new Gents' Furnishing and General Store of J. G. Zuber, No. 92 Broadway (new Brudi block), has just received and placed on sale the balance of its large stock of goods. These goods have all been selected with the greatest of care and are up to date in every particular. Here is found one of the finest stock of Shoes ever displayed in the city; all the late style narrow lasts in both ladies' and gentlemen's footwear at prices that are within the reach of all.

This store was a much needed enterprise, being the only place west of Calhoun street where goods of this character may be obtained.

Special attention is called to the elegant line of ladies' goods in the new store, sold at prices that will compare favorably with any other place in the city.

Do not forget the place, No. 92 Broadway, as here will be found a full stock, low prices and the most attentive of clerks.

WHO IS IN WANT OF A SNAP

If you want a bargain, I have an eight room house, all modern improvements, on full lot, in Williams' addition. Must be sold within the next ten days.

L. P. CURDES,
3 and 4 Pixley Block.

The Epworth League special train for Angola will leave Lake Shore depot at 3 p. m., Tuesday, June 18. The St. Paul leaguers have made special arrangements. Rate, $1.25 from Fort Wayne, and one fare for round trip from New Era, Auburn junction, Auburn, Waterloo and Summit; tickets to return on regular trains until June 21.

A decorated wash bowl for 37c, worth 60c. Pitcher to match at same price, Wednesday morning, June 19. Lathrop & Co. 15 18

READS LIKE FICTION.

An Interesting Hoosier Love Romance.

Weds Her First Love, Who Served a Prison Term for the Murder of Her Husband.

In January, 1879, Lebanon, Ind., was thrown into the wildest excitement, occasioned by the killing of George T. Galt, one of its wealthiest residents. Three years previous to the tragedy John G. Davis was cashier of the First National bank of Lebanon and a highly respected citizen. He was the father of three girls, and upon them he bestowed all his affections, his wife having died a few years before. His greatest desire was that his daughters might each wed a man who was well supplied with this world's goods and with irreproachable character. When May, his eldest, began receiving the attentions of William Jackson, a young law student, with apparent favor, the father entered strenuous objections, and forbade the would-be lover to call upon his daughter. He accepted the inevitable and desisted. With the possible exception of a painful smile and a friendly salutation when they chanced to meet, nothing further passed between them at that time, and about a year afterwards May was married to George T. Galt, a widower, who, besides being one of the wealthiest men in Lebanon, was known to a few to be quite a sport. He lived high, drank to excess and made a specialty of trifling with the affections of lewd women. All this was unknown to Mr. Davis. Happiness did not reign supreme in the Galt home, and, as the husband grew more reckless, Mrs. Galt left him in December, 1878, and began suit for a divorce, choosing as her attorney young Jackson, who had in the meantime been admitted to the practice of law. Crazed by jealousy and liquor, Galt accosted Jackson on the street, and, in the presence of several persons, accused him of being intimate with his wife and the destroyer of his home. Without a word Jackson drew his revolver and fired four shots in rapid succession. Galt fell to the sidewalk and died within a few moments. Jackson was immediately arrested and charged with murder. Mrs. Galt came to his rescue and spent a large sum of money, left her by her husband, in securing counsel and otherwise assisting Jackson in his defense against the charge, but the family of the murdered man vigorously prosecuted him. He was convicted and given a sentence of twenty-one years in the penitentiary. Efforts to obtain a new trial and subsequent petitions for a pardon were unavailing, and Jackson was doomed to serve out his sentence. Immediately after the conviction Mrs. Galt opened a dressmaking establishment in that city and began to live a quiet life, never attending social events. Here she lived and worked until last week, when Jackson was released from prison. He telegraphed her of his coming, and for the first time in nineteen years a smile of gladness lit up her face and she appeared to have undergone a great change in her personal appearance. Jackson arrived on Wednesday, and Friday evening was married to Mrs. Galt at the home of the Rev. John Garrett, who performed the ceremony which united Mrs. Galt with her first husband over twenty years ago.

Insist on having Price's Cream Baking Powder, its purity and goodness have never been questioned.

HERE AT LAST!

An Article Which Every Housekeeper Will Want.

"Jamocha Blend," a Coffee Which Everybody Who Desires the Best Should Try.

The question, "What brand of Coffee do you use?" is probably asked more than any other one you hear, and it is our opinion that from now on the answer will be "JAMOCHA BLEND." This brand of high grade coffee has just been put upon the market by McDonald & Watt, of this city, and will unquestionably suit the tastes of all coffee drinkers who want the best coffee they can buy. Jamocha Blend is a combination of the finest coffees grown. It is put up in very handsome cartoons containing one pound. Give this coffee a trial and you will never drink any other. Sold by all retail grocers.

Good music all day long at Rome City June 24th—C. K. of A., Branch 715, excursion.

The ladies of the Church of Christ are arranging to give a "Baby Banquet" entertainment at the church next Thursday evening. About forty babies will be arranged around the table, attended by their little girl nurses. Regular courses will be served, and between each one the little folks will entertain the audience with toasts on various subjects. After the banquet ice cream and cake will be served to the audience.

Epworth League excursion to Angola Tuesday, June 18th.

Slop jars worth $1.25 will be sold for 29c at Lathrop & Co's, Wednesday morning, June 19 '95. 15 18

Laporte, Ind.---Its Lakes.

A place for the Summer Vacation. A book containing 32 pages of reading matter and illustrations about this charming Summer Resort will be sent by A. J. Smith, G. P. A., L. S. & M. S. Ry., Cleveland, Ohio, on receipt of 4 cents in postage. 15 22

Jamocha Blend.

Best high grade coffee sold. Try it. 15 6t

We will sell a large slop jar worth $1.25 for 29c, Wednesday, June 19, at Lathrop & Co.'s 15 18

Spiritualism

At hall, over Karns' Music store, 93 East Columbia street, tomorrow evening. Go in and take elevator. Good ventilation. Exercises will consist of short readings, followed with tests given by Karl Dellcard. Everyone cordially invited. Admission, 10 cents.

MUNYON'S HOMOEOPATHIC REMEDIES

MUNYON'S Rheumatism Cure never fails to relieve in three hours and cure in three days.
MUNYON'S Dyspepsia Cure is guaranteed to correct constipation and cure all forms of indigestion and stomach trouble.
MUNYON'S Catarrh Cure soothes and heals the afflicted parts and restores them to health. No failure; a cure guaranteed.
MUNYON'S Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease.
MUNYON'S Nerve Cure cures nervousness and builds up the system.
MUNYON'S Vitalizer imparts new life, restores lost powers to weak and debilitated men. Price $1.00.
No matter what the disease is or how many doctors have failed to cure you, ask your druggist for a 25-cent vial of one of Munyon's Cures, and if you are not benefited your money will be refunded.

If you are in need of screen doors or screen windows, you will show your regard for economy by coming here. Pfeiffer & Schlatter. tf

Excursion to Hawbecee Park Sunday, June 23rd. 15 22

Don't Look Shabby

When you can get your Bicycles reenameled at Randall's for $3.00. We have just purchased a large enameling oven and are prepared to do all kinds of enameling at low figures and work guaranteed as good as any factory.
14 3t RANDALL CYCLE CO.

For Rent, the Trentman Block, northeast corner Calhoun and Washington Sts., Fort Wayne, Ind. This is one of the most desirable locations in the city, and is one of the very best buildings. Call on or address, Everett & Doud, Second floor Old National Bank Block, Fort Wayne, Ind.

BICYCLE HOSPITAL.
54 E. COLUMBIA ST.

Ask your grocer for Jamocha Blend, the new high grade coffee. 15 6t

We have a complete stock of door bells, push buttons, batteries, etc. Any one desiring anything in this line, we would be pleased to show you our stock. We repair door bells on a moment's notice.
EDMUNDS & LAW,
4, Schmitz Block.
Telephone 262. 12-4t

Edmunds & Law will sell you electric or gas fixtures cheaper than anyone else. Room 4, Schmitz Block. Telephone 262. 11 4t

Any one wishing their residence, office or store wired for electric lights, get Edmunds & Law's estimate, room 4, Schmitz block. Telephone 262. 12 1t

Have you an electric fan in your office? If not, call on Edmunds & Law and find how cheap you can buy them and keep cool. Telephone 262 12 4t

BICYCLE HOSPITAL.
54 E. COLUMBIA ST.

Edmunds & Law, electric workers, room 4, Schmitz Block. Telephone 262.

Lady Cyclists.

We are showing the only line of Ladies' Sweaters in the city, full sleeves, the very latest from New York; also a complete line of Gents' and Boys' Sweaters. In a few days we will have a complete line of ladies' Leggins in stock in Cloth, Jersey, Corduroy and Leather.
14 3t RANDALL CYCLE CO.

Edmunds & Law, electric workers, room 4 Schmitz Block. Telephone 262.

MEATS VERY LOW.

Boiling Meat, 4c per lb.
Beef Roast, 7c per lb
Round Steak, 8c per lb
Cincinnati Hams, 8c per lb.
Smoked Shoulders, 7c per lb.
E. Bien & Son,
91 Barr Street,
254 Calhoun Street,
14 2t 22 Harrison Street.

DOWN TO BED ROCK.

Take Belt Line car and get off at No. 222 West Creighton Avenue, and see what "Down to Bed Rock" means. A beautiful lot, seventy by one hundred and thirty-six, north side of street, fine brick house on west side of lot, good barn, well, cistern, plenty of fruit, room for another house, price $3,150. $1,000 cash, balance reasonable terms, June 22. Don't all come at once.

For sale by only Everett & Doud, Second Floor, Old National Bank Block. 8tf

Never in the history of electricity have electric fans been so cheap and so prominent in every office. You will see them. Call on us for prices.
EDMUNDS & LAW.
Telephone 262 12 4t

$50 to $50,000 to loan on farm and city property or personal security.
J. F. SCHELL & CO.,
8tf 22-23 Pixley Block.
Fort Wayne, Ind.

Your inspection respectfully solicited and your patronage practically appreciated in screen doors and windows. Pfeiffer & Schlatter. tf

For Chronic Rheumatism, all forms of nervous ailments, skin diseases or indigestion, you will be greatly benefited by taking baths at the Mineral Magnetic Well Sanitorium. Experts in attendance at all times. 30-tuds-tf

We manufacture Ice Cream and fancy Ices every day all winter.
10 stf W. F. GELLER.

FOR 14 YEARS

We Have Sold

The New

PERFECTION REFRIGERATOR!

This Year Cheaper and Better Than Ever.

WHITE MOUNTAIN ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
RUBBER HOSE,
SCREEN DOORS.

Call and Inspect our Line.

F. M. SMITH & CO.,
22 CALHOUN STREET.

THE People's Store.

Commencing "Lucky Friday."

The Most Sweeping Clearing Sale of

Ladies' Silk Waists

Fort Wayne has ever seen, commences here on "Lucky Friday," June 14th. Our entire stock of Ladies' Silk Waists will be thrown out in three big lots on special counters, at prices one-half their former value. This is the opportunity of a lifetime to buy this season's finest productions in Silk Waists at less than the price of the material.

WE DIVIDE THE STOCK LIKE THIS:

LOT No. 1.

Our entire stock of Silk Waists, made in this season's styles from
Fine Kai-Kai Wash Silks, in Checks, Stripes and Corded Effects.
Plain China and India Silks, Black & Colors,
Fancy Check Jap Silks, Etc.,
which sold at $2.75, $3.48, $3.90 and $4.00;
Take Your Choice at $2.19 Each.

LOT No. 2.

Our entire stock of Silk Waists, the latest styles, Big Sleeves, Full Front, Pleated Back, made from
Fancy Crepon Silk,
Stripe Taffeta Silk,
Surah and India Silk,
Plain, Colored and Black,
Fine Shepherd Check India Silks, Etc.,
which sold at $6.00, $5.00 and $4.50;
Your Choice for $3.48 Each.

LOT No. 3.

Our entire stock of Silk Waists, the season's finest & newest novelties, big sleeves, Blouse Fronts, full back, etc., made from
Finest Broche and Stripe Taffeta Silk,
Brocade China Silk,
New Tartan Plaid Silks, Etc.,
which sold at $8.00, $7.50 and $6.50;
Your Choice for $4.98 Each.

Come early on "Lucky Friday" and get one of these Silk Waists, made up in the newest style, perfect fitting, at less than the material would cost by the yard.

ONE PRICE TO ALL.

The People's Store.

BEADELL & CO.

Best Lighted Store in the City.

IT'S A SNAP!

A Genuine Ginger Snap of MOST EXCELLENT QUALITY, manufactured by the B. W. Skelton Co. and packed in our pound boxes, and sold by all grocers. 6-1m

ATTEND

Fort Wayne Normal and Review School.

All the Common Branches, Higher Branches, Professional work.

Begins June 24th.

ROSES : :

4 Cents A Bunch.

All Colors, All Kinds, Greatest Value for the Money Ever Given.

4,000 New Untrimmed Straw Hats, All Colors, All Shapes,

10 Cents Each.

2,300 Yards wide Ribbon, all Silk, all Colors, at 15c per Yard. Laces, 15c per Yard. FLOWERS, all Kinds, Qualities and Colors, at 10c.

Our Man Milliner, Ora Seaney, sails for Europe, July 13. We will carry the largest line of English, French and Domestic pattern hats in Eastern Indiana for the coming fall season.

In order that our modistes and sales ladies may enjoy some rest during the hot weather, we will close our store at 6 o'clock, each evening except Saturdays during July and August.

FRENCH AND GERMAN SPOKEN. Sale commences Tuesday, June 18th. Come early to secure the good bargains.

ORA SEANEY.

MAN MILLINER,
158 and 160 Calhoun Street. Telephone 560.

We are prepared to put in electric fans on a moment's notice. Any one desiring any call us up by telephone 262 and we will send representative to call upon you immediately.
12 4t EDMUNDS & LAW.

BICYCLE HOSPITAL.
54 E. COLUMBIA ST.

The Postal Telegraph company will occupy the room now in use by the Western Union in the Aveline block as soon as the latter company moves.

MONEY TO LOAN

On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 6 and 7 Bass Block. 2tf

Edmunds & Law, electric workers, room 4, Schmitz Block. Telephone 262.

On Monday evening the Caledonian society will hold one of their regular meetings at their hall, 76 Calhoun street, when every member is expected to attend to participate in business of importance.

++ OUR GREAT ++

Money Raising Sale

Is the talk of the town. Such LOW PRICES for NEW, STYLISH, SEASONABLE CLOTHING, HATS and FURNISHING GOODS were never named before by any clothing house at this season of the year.

WE MUST RAISE MONEY

On our surplus stock and have used the knife liberally throughout our entire store to induce you to buy. Step into our store and see the difference between the low prices put in practice by Sam, Pete & Max and the low prices put in print by their competitors

$1.98 For Children's Reefer, Junior or Double Breasted Suits, in Light or Dark Colors, that have been reduced from - - - - - - $3.00.

$2.98 For Children's Reefer, Junior or Double Breasted Suits, in Light and Dark Colors, that have been reduced from - - - - - - $4.00.

$3.98 For Children's Reefer, Junior or Double Breasted Suits, in Light or Dark Colors, that have been reduced from - - - - $5 and $6.

ALL WOOL SUITS For Men

$6.88

Light and Dark Cheviots and Cassimeres, Finely Made and Trimmed and all of the Stylish Long Cut Sack Coat. Try and match them for less than $10 at other stores.

$8.88.

For Fine Dress Suits, including Clay Worsteds, Cheviots, Cassimeres, Unfinished Worsteds, Etc., Light and Dark Colors, in Sack or Frock Styles and Every Suit strictly All Wool and worth from $12 00 to $15.00.

Hot Weather Comforts.

We show complete line including Serges, Alpacas, Mohairs, Linens, China Silks, Etc—All at lowest prices.

SAM, PETE & MAX.

A BAD BREAK

Is to break one's suspenders at the wrong time. Another bad break is to put good money into old, out of style Clothing when we are selling only new stylish, well tailored Clothing for less money than other dealers are getting for old goods and old styles.

Our store closed on Sundays.

GOLDEN & PATTERSON,
Leaders of Fashion.

53 CALHOUN STREET. - Opposite Court House.

Always
ASK FOR
GLOBE MILLS
Cream and Gold Medal
Flour
And
Get
What
You
Want.

VITAR--ORE ELIXIR!

Purely a Mineral Water. Cures all Female Troubles, Catarrh and all Blood Diseases. Price $1.00 per package, or 3 for $2.50. The only place it can be obtained is at 170 West Main street.

Here also will be found a complete stock of Tinware and Notions. Remember the place—

170 West Main St.

SAY JOHN---

I'll tell you what will rub the dandruff off your coat—use Madame Cosper's Hair Preparation.

FOR SALE.

Eight different makes of Pianos viz:
The Celebrated Chickering & Sons, The Finest Piano in the World.
The Beautiful Krell, Pleasing in Tone and Action.
The Old Reliable Hardman.
The Briggs.
The Sterr.
The Ludwig.
The James & Holmstrom, with Transposing Keyboard, Greatest Invention of the age.
The Nilson,
These Pianos will be sold at ROCK BOTTOM Prices, on terms to suit the customers, at

S. A. KARN'S,
No. 9 East Columbia Street.

Mr. Karn sells only first class instruments, which statement is proven by the fact that out of the many hundred instruments he has sold during his 21 years experience in the Piano business not one is giving dissatisfaction. The best is always the cheapest. A warrantee signed by Mr. Karn accompanies each instrument.

S. W. HULL,
WALL PAPER.

Latest Designs, Most Select Coloring, All Grades, Plain and Decorative Paper Hanging, House and Sign Painting. Do not forget our initial or number.

27 CLINTON, 27.

TELEPHONE 250.